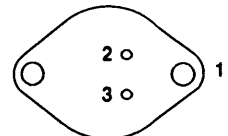
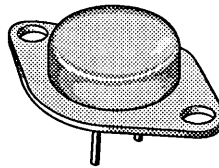


### PRODUCT SUMMARY

PART NUMBER	$V_{(BR)DSS}$ (VOLTS)	$r_{DS(on)}$ (OHMS)	$I_D$ (AMPS)
2N6804	100	0.30	11.0

### BOTTOM VIEW


**TO-204AA (TO-3)**

- 1 DRAIN (CASE)
- 2 GATE
- 3 SOURCE

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	2N6804	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	100	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	
Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	A
		$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>1</sup>	$I_{DM}$	50	
Avalanche Current	$I_A$	3.1	
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	W
		$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	
Operating Junction & Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature (1/16" from case for 10 secs.)	$T_L$	300	

**4**

### THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS

THERMAL RESISTANCE	Symbol	Typ.	Max.	Units
Junction-to-Case	$R_{thJC}$	-	1.67	K/W
Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{thJA}$	-	30	
Case-to-Sink	$R_{thCS}$	0.1	-	

<sup>1</sup>Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)  
<sup>2</sup>Negative signs for current and voltage values have been omitted for the sake of clarity

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted) **P-Channel Device**  
 Negative signs have been omitted for clarity

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage $V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	100	-	-	V	
Gate Threshold Voltage $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{GS(th)}$	2.0	-	4.0		
Gate-Body Leakage $V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$	$I_{GSS}$	-	-	100	nA	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0$	$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250	$\mu\text{A}$	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 0.8 \times V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250		
On-State Drain Current <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 4.0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	$I_{D(on)}$	11	-	-	A	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 7.0 \text{ A}$	$r_{DS(on)}$	-	0.25	0.30	$\Omega$	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 7.0 \text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$r_{DS(on)}$	-	0.40	0.55		
Forward Transconductance <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 7 \text{ A}$	$g_{fs}$	3.0	3.5	9.0	$\text{S}(\Omega)$	
Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0$ $V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$C_{iss}$	-	625	pF	
Output Capacitance		$C_{oss}$	-	250		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance		$C_{rss}$	-	105		
Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 0.5 \times V_{(BR)DSS},$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 11 \text{ A}$ (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$Q_g$	13	24	29	nC
Gate-Source Charge		$Q_{gs}$	2.9	3.4	5.8	
Gate-Drain Charge		$Q_{gd}$	6.7	13.5	15	
Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 35 \text{ V}, R_L = 4.5 \Omega$ $I_D = 7 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10 \text{ V}$ $R_G = 7.5 \Omega$ (Switching time is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$t_{d(on)}$	-	9	60	ns
Rise Time		$t_r$	-	50	140	
Turn-Off Delay Time		$t_{d(off)}$	-	32	140	
Fall Time		$t_f$	-	38	140	

**SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS & CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Continuous Current	$I_S$	-	-	11	A
Pulsed Current <sup>1</sup>	$I_{SM}$	-	-	50	
Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup> $I_F = I_S, V_{GS} = 0$	$V_{SD}$	0.8	-	2.0	V
Reverse Recovery Time $I_F = I_S, dI_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$t_{rr}$	-	110	250	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge $I_F = I_S, dI_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$Q_{rr}$	-	0.4	-	$\mu\text{C}$

<sup>1</sup> Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)

<sup>2</sup> Pulse test: Pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$

PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C Unless otherwise noted)

FIGURE 1: Typical Output Characteristics

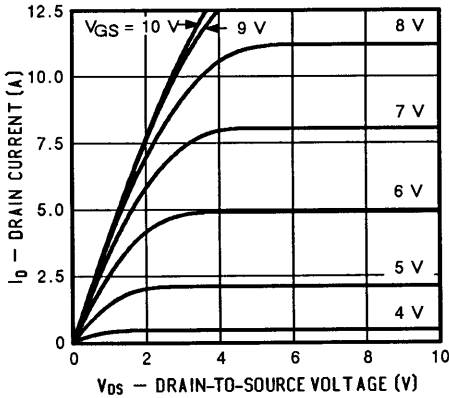


FIGURE 2: Typical Transfer Characteristics

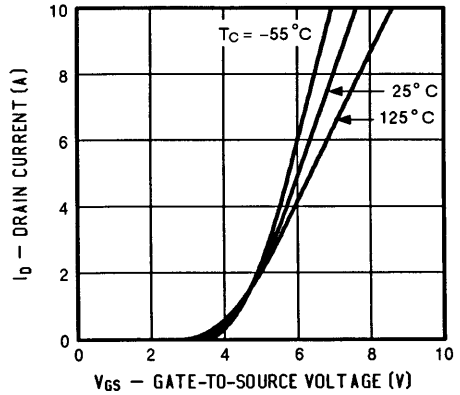


FIGURE 3: Typical Transconductance

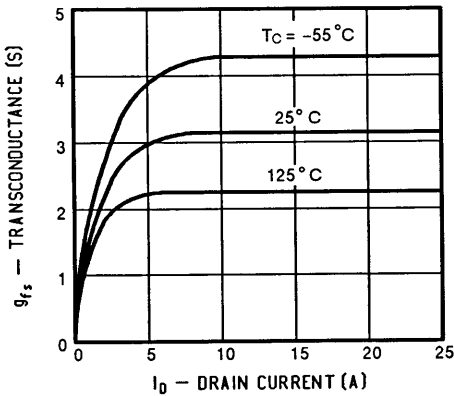


FIGURE 4: Typical On-Resistance

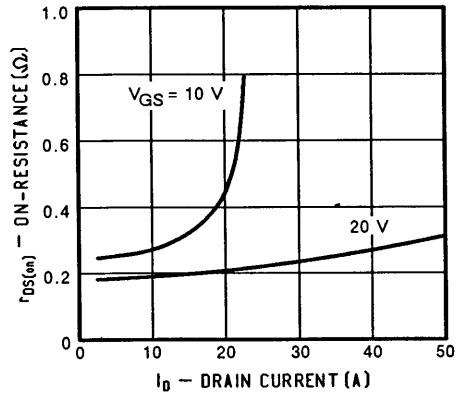


FIGURE 5: Typical Capacitance

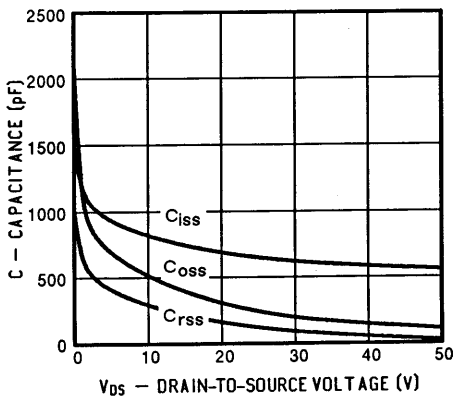
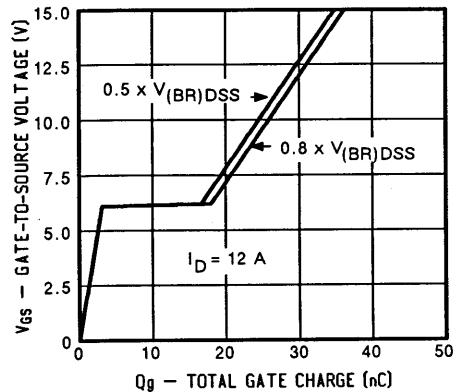


FIGURE 6: Typical Gate Charge



PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C Unless otherwise noted)

FIGURE 7: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

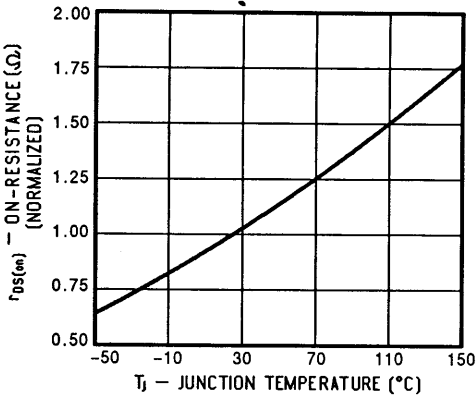


FIGURE 8: Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

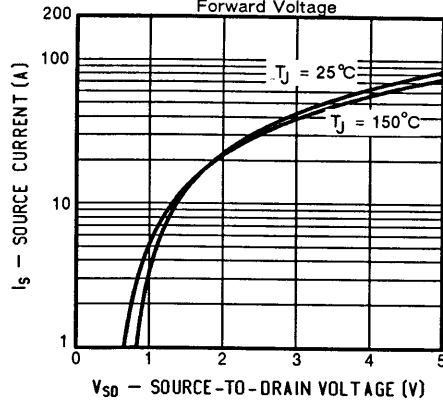


FIGURE 9: Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

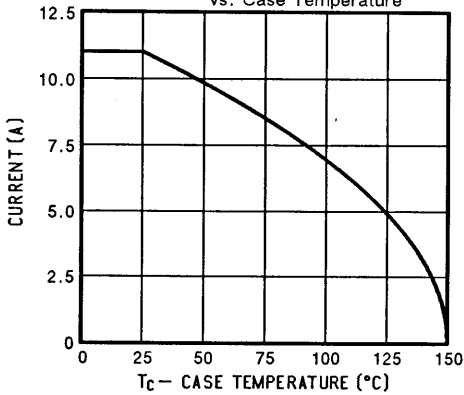


FIGURE 10: Safe Operating Area

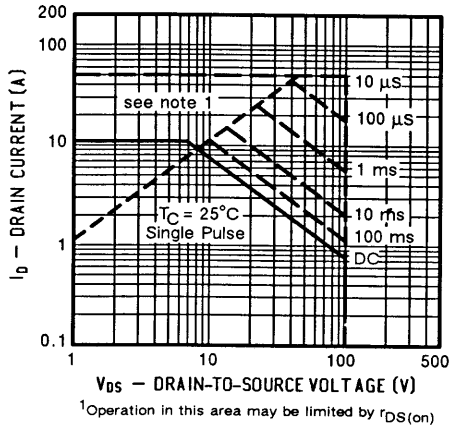
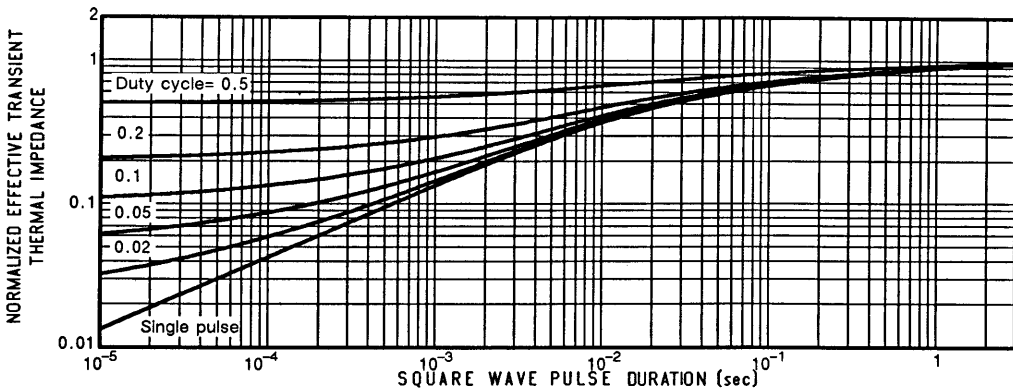
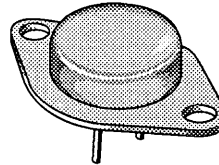
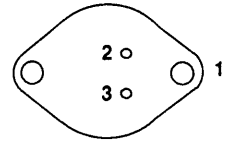


FIGURE 11: Normalized Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case



**BOTTOM VIEW**

**TO-204AA (TO-3)**

**1 DRAIN (CASE)  
2 GATE  
3 SOURCE**
**PRODUCT SUMMARY**

PART NUMBER	$V_{(BR)DSS}$ (VOLTS)	$r_{DS(on)}$ (OHMS)	$I_D$ (AMPS)
2N6806	200	0.80	6.5

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	2N6806	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	200	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	
Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	A
		$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>1</sup>	$I_{DM}$	28	
Avalanche Current	$I_A$	3.1	
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	W
		$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	
Operating Junction & Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature (1/16" from case for 10 secs.)	$T_L$	300	

**4**
**THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS**

THERMAL RESISTANCE	Symbol	Typ.	Max.	Units
Junction-to-Case	$R_{thJC}$	-	1.67	K/W
Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{thJA}$	-	30	
Case-to-Sink	$R_{thCS}$	0.1	-	

<sup>1</sup>Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)

<sup>2</sup>Negative signs for current and voltage values have been omitted for the sake of clarity

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted) **P-Channel Device**  
 Negative signs have been omitted for clarity

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage $V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	200	-	-	V	
Gate Threshold Voltage $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{GS(th)}$	2.0	-	4.0		
Gate-Body Leakage $V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$	$I_{GSS}$	-	-	100	nA	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0$	$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250	$\mu\text{A}$	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 0.8 \times V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250		
On-State Drain Current <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 5.2 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	$I_{D(on)}$	6.5	-	-	A	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 4.0 \text{ A}$	$r_{DS(on)}$	-	0.50	0.80	$\Omega$	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 4.0 \text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$r_{DS(on)}$	-	1.0	1.6		
Forward Transconductance <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 4.0 \text{ A}$	$g_{fs}$	2.0	2.8	6.0	S( $^\circ$ )	
Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0$ $V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$C_{iss}$	-	630	pF	
Output Capacitance		$C_{oss}$	-	220		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance		$C_{rss}$	-	70		
Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 0.5 \times V_{(BR)DSS}$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 6.5 \text{ A}$ (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$Q_g$	13	27.5	nC	
Gate-Source Charge		$Q_{gs}$	2.8	3.0		5.6
Gate-Drain Charge		$Q_{gd}$	7.1	15		16
Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 63 \text{ V}, R_L = 15 \Omega$	$t_{d(on)}$	-	6.5	ns	
Rise Time	$I_D = 4 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10 \text{ V}$	$t_r$	-	33		100
Turn-Off Delay Time	$R_G = 7.5 \Omega$	$t_{d(off)}$	-	30		100
Fall Time	(Switching time is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$t_f$	-	21		80

**SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS & CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Continuous Current	$I_S$	-	-	6.5	A
Pulsed Current <sup>1</sup>	$I_{SM}$	-	-	28	
Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup> $I_F = I_S, V_{GS} = 0$	$V_{SD}$	0.8	-	2.0	V
Reverse Recovery Time $I_F = I_S, dI_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$t_{rr}$	-	160	400	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge $I_F = I_S, dI_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$Q_{rr}$	-	1.6	-	$\mu\text{C}$

<sup>1</sup> Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)

<sup>2</sup> Pulse test: Pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$

**PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C Unless otherwise noted)**

FIGURE 1: Typical Output Characteristics

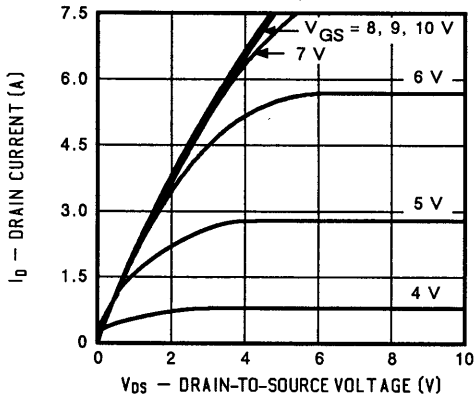


FIGURE 2: Typical Transfer Characteristics

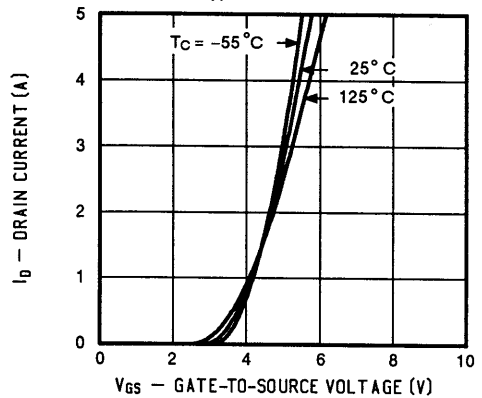


FIGURE 3: Typical Transconductance

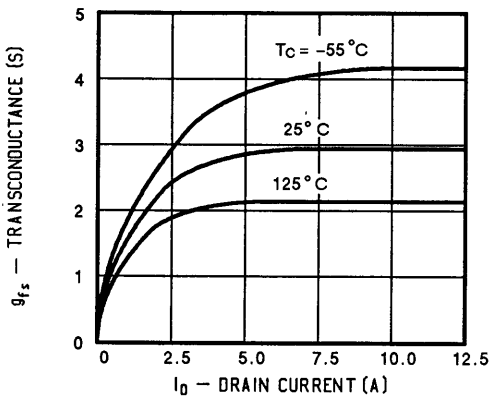


FIGURE 4: Typical On-Resistance

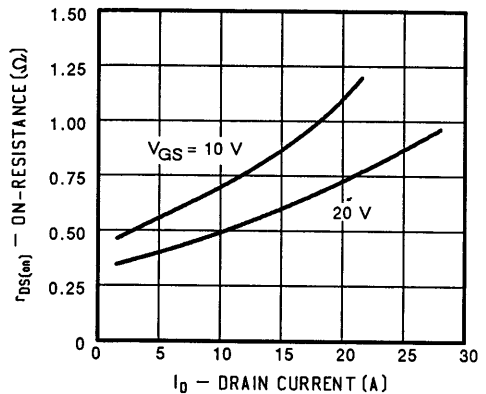


FIGURE 5: Typical Capacitance

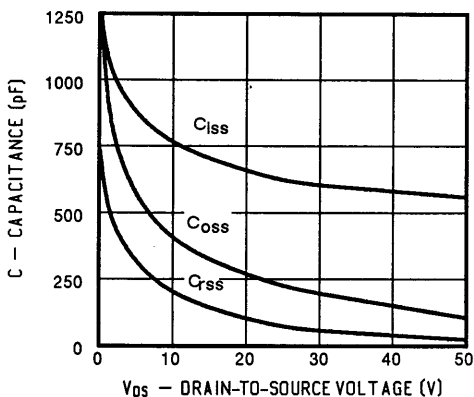
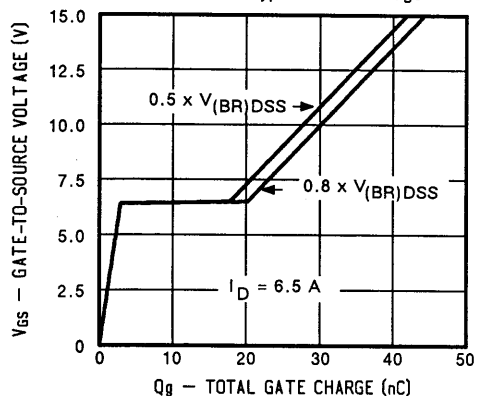


FIGURE 6: Typical Gate Charge



PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C Unless otherwise noted)

FIGURE 7: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

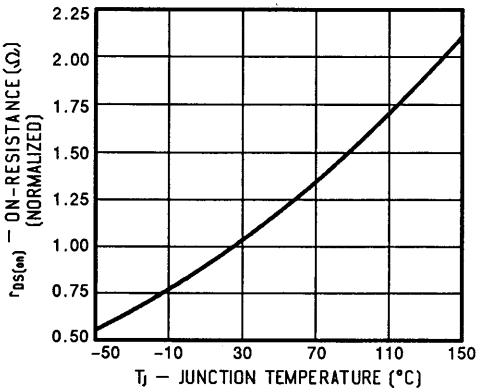


FIGURE 8: Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

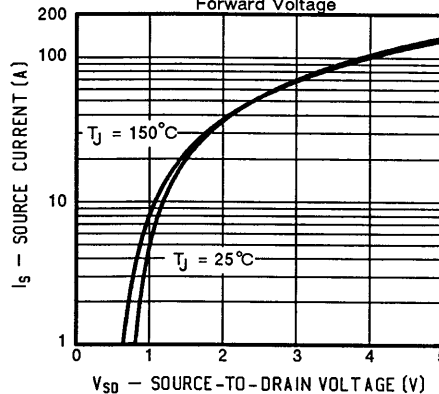


FIGURE 9: Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

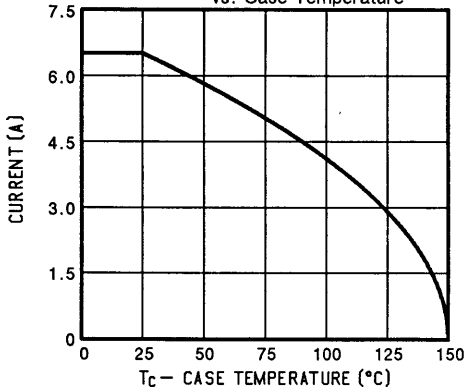


FIGURE 10: Safe Operating Area

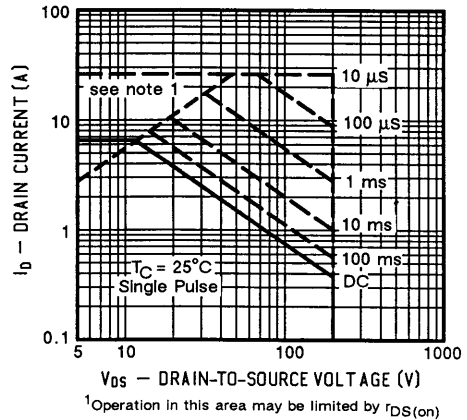
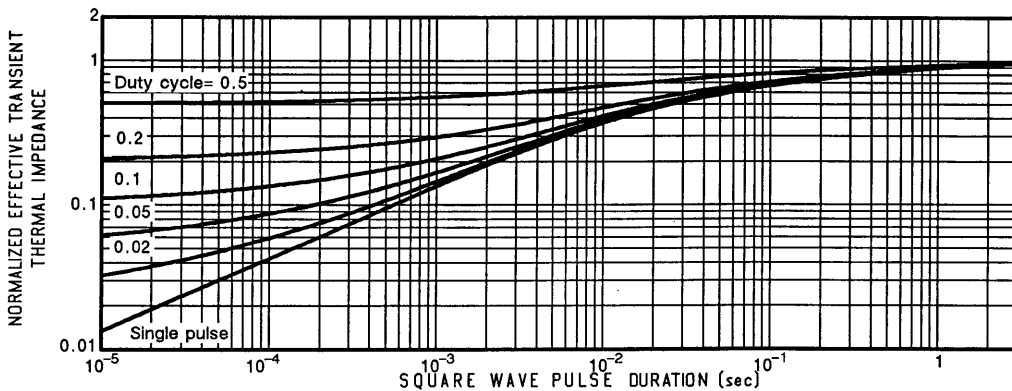


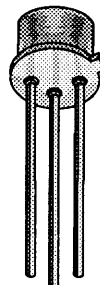
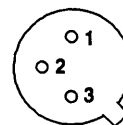
FIGURE 11: Normalized Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case





**PRODUCT SUMMARY**

PART NUMBER	V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub> (VOLTS)	r <sub>DS(on)</sub> (OHMS)	I <sub>D</sub> (AMPS)
2N6845	100	0.60	4.0


**BOTTOM VIEW**


1 DRAIN  
2 GATE  
3 SOURCE

**TO-205AF (TO-39)**
**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** (T<sub>C</sub>= 25°C unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS		Symbol	2N6845	Units
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	100	V
Gate-Source Voltage		V <sub>GS</sub>	± 20	
Continuous Drain Current	T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	I <sub>D</sub>	4.0	A
	T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C		2.5	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>1</sup>		I <sub>DM</sub>	16	
Avalanche Current		I <sub>A</sub>	2.2	
Power Dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	20	W
	T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C		8	
Operating Junction & Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to 150	°C
Lead Temperature (1/16" from case for 10 secs.)		T <sub>L</sub>	300	

**THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS**

THERMAL RESISTANCE	Symbol	Typ.	Max.	Units
Junction-to-Case	R <sub>thJC</sub>	-	6.25	K/W
Junction-to-Ambient	R <sub>thJA</sub>	-	175	

<sup>1</sup>Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)

<sup>2</sup>Negative signs for current and voltage values have been omitted for the sake of clarity

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted) **P-Channel Device**  
 Negative signs have been omitted for clarity

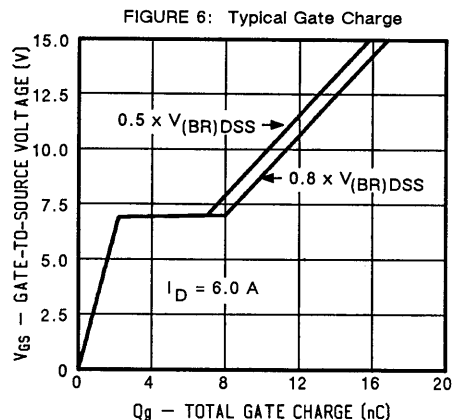
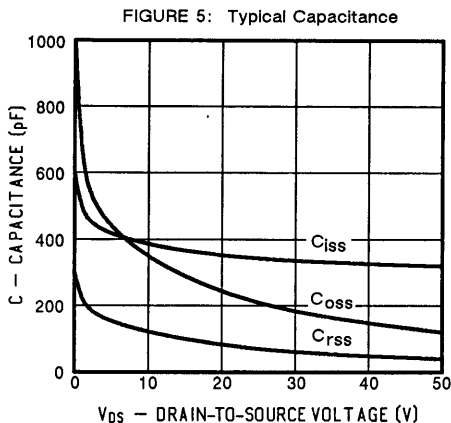
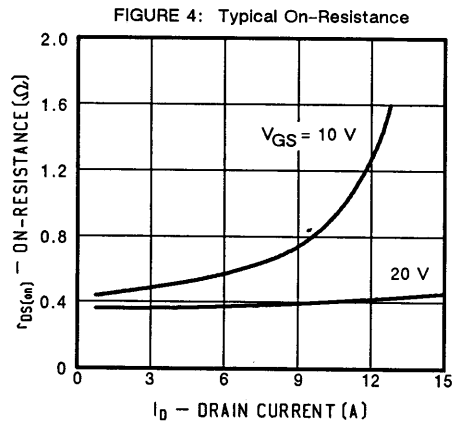
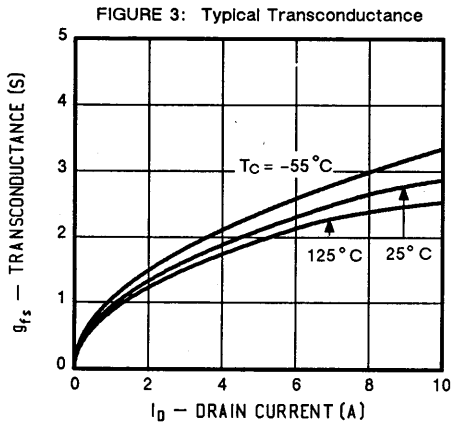
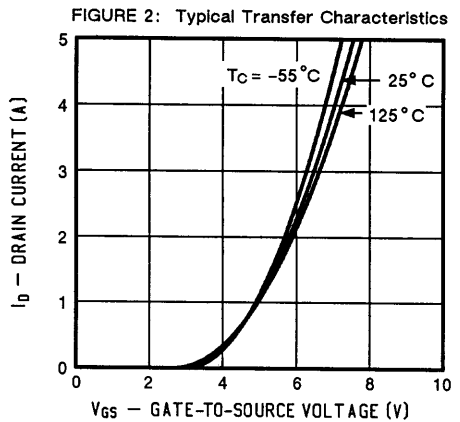
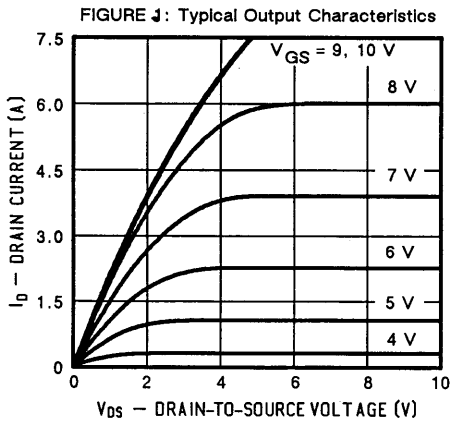
PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage $V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	100	-	-	V	
Gate Threshold Voltage $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{GS(th)}$	2.0	-	4.0		
Gate-Body Leakage $V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$	$I_{GSS}$	-	-	100	nA	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0$	$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250	$\mu\text{A}$	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 0.8 \times V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250		
On-State Drain Current <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 2.4 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	$I_{D(on)}$	4.0	-	-	A	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 2.0 \text{ A}$	$r_{DS(on)}$	-	0.50	0.60	$\Omega$	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 2.0 \text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$r_{DS(on)}$	-	0.90	1.08		
Forward Transconductance <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 2.0 \text{ A}$	$g_{fs}$	1.25	1.4	3.75	S( $^\circ\text{V}$ )	
Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0$ $V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$C_{iss}$	200	350	400	pF
Output Capacitance		$C_{oss}$	75	205	225	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance		$C_{rss}$	20	80	100	
Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 0.5 \times V_{(BR)DSS},$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 4.0 \text{ A}$ (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$Q_g$	7.6	10.4	17	nC
Gate-Source Charge		$Q_{gs}$	1.3	1.8	2.6	
Gate-Drain Charge		$Q_{gd}$	3.9	5.6	8.8	
Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 40 \text{ V}, R_L = 15 \Omega$ $I_D = 2.6 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10 \text{ V}$ $R_G = 7.5 \Omega$ (Switching time is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$t_{d(on)}$	-	9	60	ns
Rise Time		$t_r$	-	27	100	
Turn-Off Delay Time		$t_{d(off)}$	-	37	50	
Fall Time		$t_f$	-	30	70	

**SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS & CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Continuous Current	$I_S$	-	-	4.0	A
Pulsed Current <sup>1</sup>	$I_{SM}$	-	-	16	
Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup> $I_F = I_S, V_{GS} = 0$	$V_{SD}$	0.8	-	2.0	V
Reverse Recovery Time $I_F = I_S, dI_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$t_{rr}$	-	80	200	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge $I_F = I_S, dI_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$Q_{rr}$	-	0.26	-	$\mu\text{C}$

<sup>1</sup> Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)

<sup>2</sup> Pulse test: Pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$

**PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C Unless otherwise noted)**


PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C Unless otherwise noted)

FIGURE 7: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

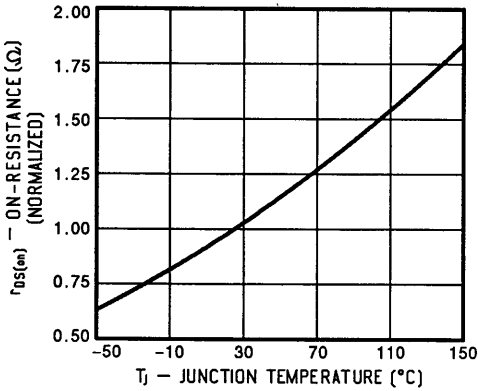


FIGURE 8: Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

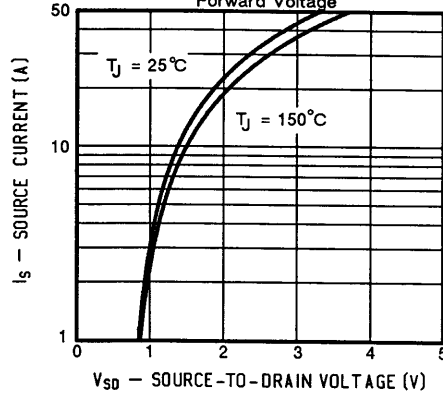


FIGURE 9: Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

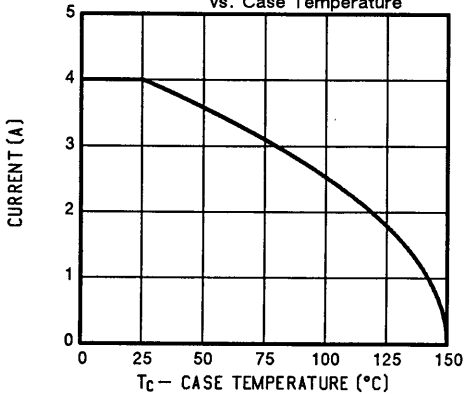


FIGURE 10: Safe Operating Area

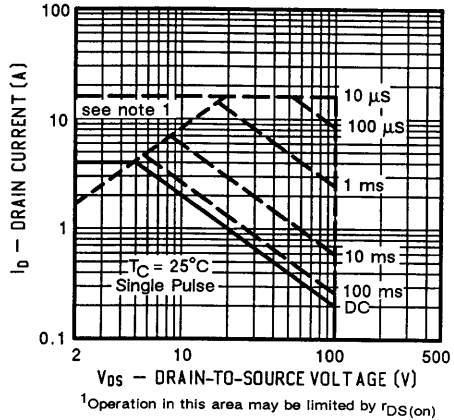
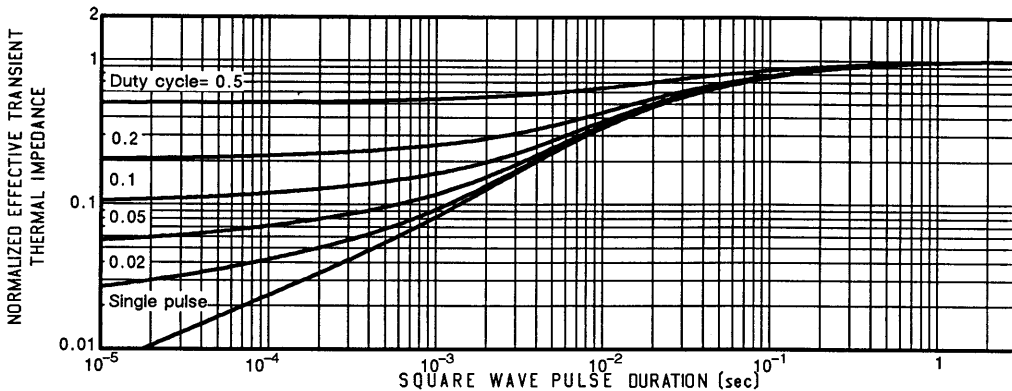
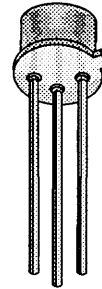
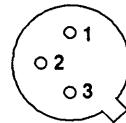


FIGURE 11: Normalized Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case



### PRODUCT SUMMARY

PART NUMBER	V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub> (VOLTS)	r <sub>DS(on)</sub> (OHMS)	I <sub>D</sub> (AMPS)
2N6847	200	1.5	2.5


**BOTTOM VIEW**


1 DRAIN  
2 GATE  
3 SOURCE

**TO-205AF (TO-39)**

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	2N6847	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	200	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub>	± 20	
Continuous Drain Current	I <sub>D</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	A
		T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>DM</sub>	10	
Avalanche Current	I <sub>A</sub>	2.2	
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	W
		T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	
Operating Junction & Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to 150	°C
Lead Temperature (1/16" from case for 10 secs.)	T <sub>L</sub>	300	

**4**

### THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS

THERMAL RESISTANCE	Symbol	Typ.	Max.	Units
Junction-to-Case	R <sub>thJC</sub>	-	6.25	K/W
Junction-to-Ambient	R <sub>thJA</sub>	-	175	

<sup>1</sup>Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)

<sup>2</sup>Negative signs for current and voltage values have been omitted for the sake of clarity

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted) **P-Channel Device**  
 Negative signs have been omitted for clarity

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage $V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		$V_{(BR)DSS}$	200	-	-	V
Gate Threshold Voltage $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$		$V_{GS(th)}$	2.0	-	4.0	
Gate-Body Leakage $V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$		$I_{GSS}$	-	-	100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0$		$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250	$\mu\text{A}$
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 0.8 \times V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250	
On-State Drain Current <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 3.8 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$		$I_{D(on)}$	2.5	-	-	A
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.6 \text{ A}$		$r_{DS(on)}$	-	1.0	1.5	$\Omega$
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.6 \text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		$r_{DS(on)}$	-	1.75	2.94	
Forward Transconductance <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.6 \text{ A}$		$g_{fs}$	1.0	1.4	3.0	S( $\Omega$ )
Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0$ $V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$C_{iss}$	200	310	400	pF
Output Capacitance		$C_{oss}$	50	110	125	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance		$C_{rss}$	20	40	45	
Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 0.5 \times V_{(BR)DSS},$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 2.5 \text{ A}$ (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$Q_g$	7.0	14	15	nC
Gate-Source Charge		$Q_{gs}$	1.1	1.8	2.2	
Gate-Drain Charge		$Q_{gd}$	3.2	6.5	7.2	
Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 75 \text{ V}, R_L = 45 \Omega$ $I_D = 1.6 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10 \text{ V}$ $R_G = 7.5 \Omega$ (Switching time is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$t_{d(on)}$	-	10	50	ns
Rise Time		$t_r$	-	23	70	
Turn-Off Delay Time		$t_{d(off)}$	-	45	40	
Fall Time		$t_f$	-	31	50	

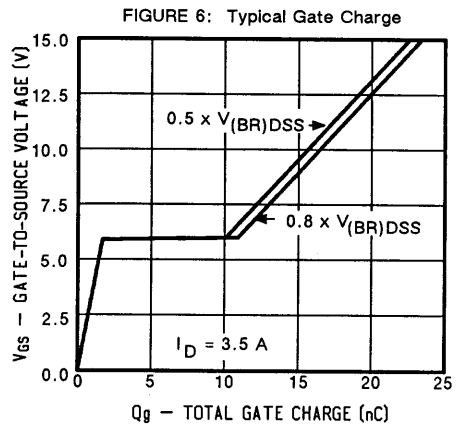
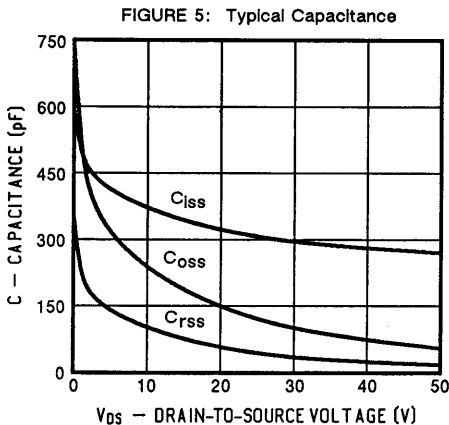
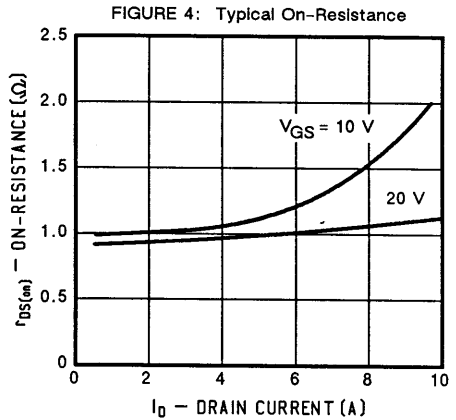
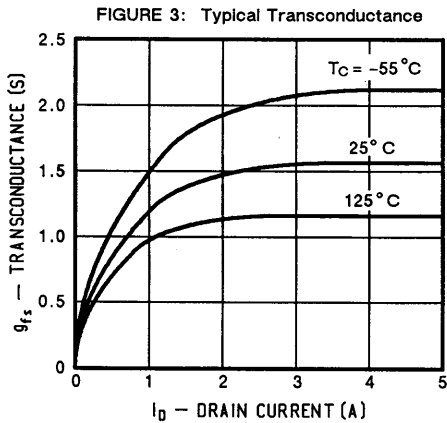
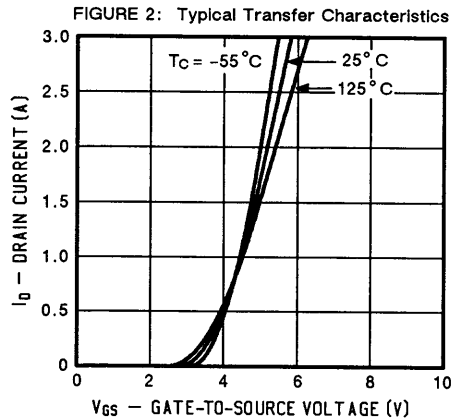
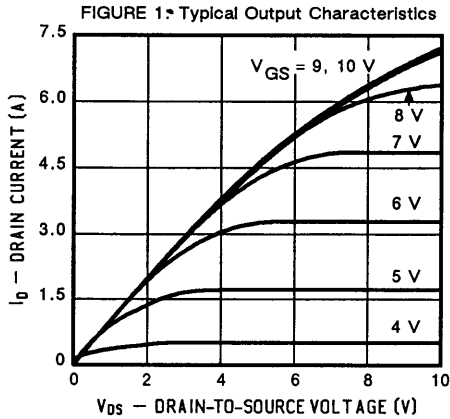
**SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS & CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Continuous Current	$I_S$	-	-	2.5	A
Pulsed Current <sup>1</sup>	$I_{SM}$	-	-	10	
Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup> $I_F = I_S, V_{GS} = 0$	$V_{SD}$	0.8	-	2.0	V
Reverse Recovery Time $I_F = I_S, dI_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$t_{rr}$	-	105	300	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge $I_F = I_S, dI_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$Q_{rr}$	-	0.23	-	$\mu\text{C}$

<sup>1</sup>Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)

<sup>2</sup>Pulse test: Pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$

PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C Unless otherwise noted)



PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C Unless otherwise noted)

FIGURE 7: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

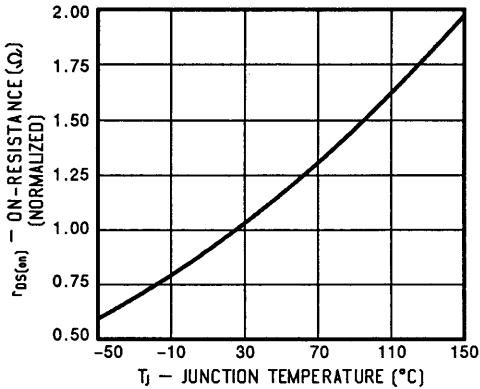


FIGURE 8: Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

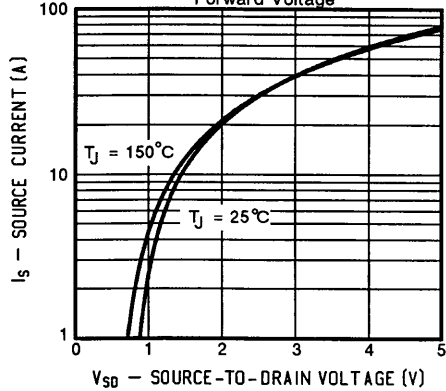


FIGURE 9: Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

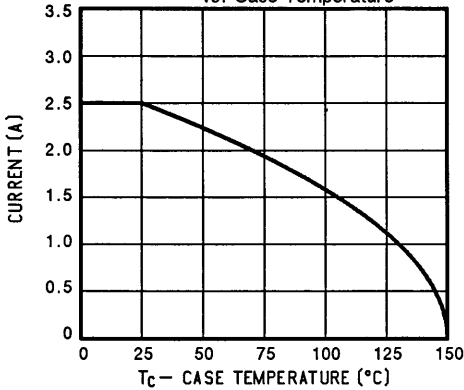


FIGURE 10: Safe Operating Area

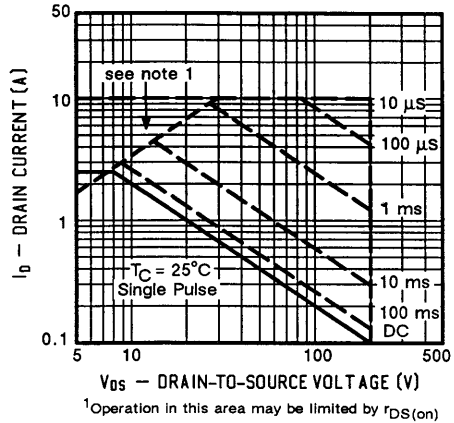
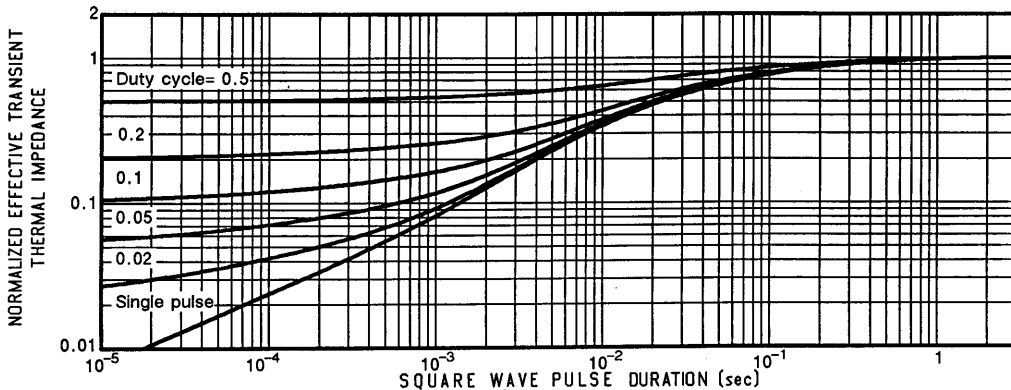


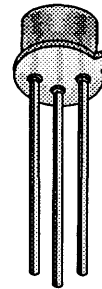
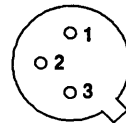
FIGURE 11: Normalized Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case





**PRODUCT SUMMARY**

PART NUMBER	$V_{(BR)DSS}$ (VOLTS)	$r_{DS(on)}$ (OHMS)	$I_D$ (AMPS)
2N6849	100	0.30	6.5


**BOTTOM VIEW**


- 1 DRAIN
- 2 GATE
- 3 SOURCE

**TO-205AF (TO-39)**
**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS		Symbol	2N6849	Units
Drain-Source Voltage		$V_{DS}$	100	V
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	
Continuous Drain Current	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_D$	6.5	A
	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		4.0	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>1</sup>		$I_{DM}$	25	
Avalanche Current		$I_A$	3.1	
Power Dissipation	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	25	W
	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		10	
Operating Junction & Storage Temperature Range		$T_J, T_{stg}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature (1/16" from case for 10 secs.)		$T_L$	300	

**THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS**

THERMAL RESISTANCE	Symbol	Typ.	Max.	Units
Junction-to-Case	$R_{thJC}$	-	5.0	K/W
Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{thJA}$	-	175	

<sup>1</sup>Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)

<sup>2</sup>Negative signs for current and voltage values have been omitted for the sake of clarity

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted) **P-Channel Device**  
 Negative signs have been omitted for clarity

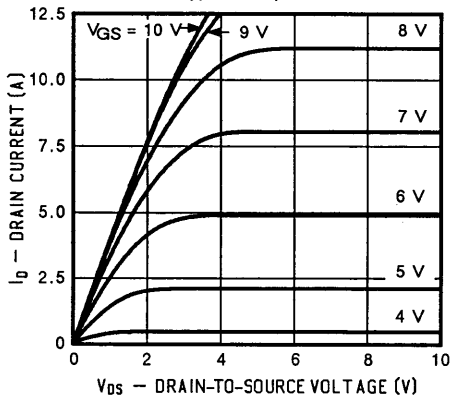
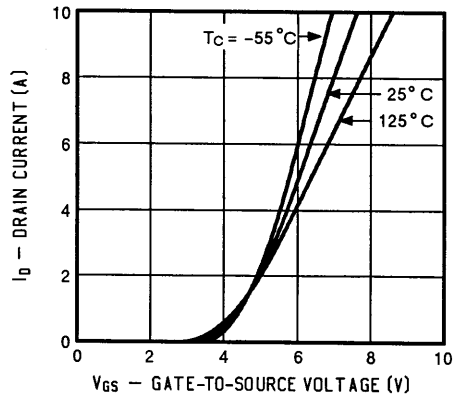
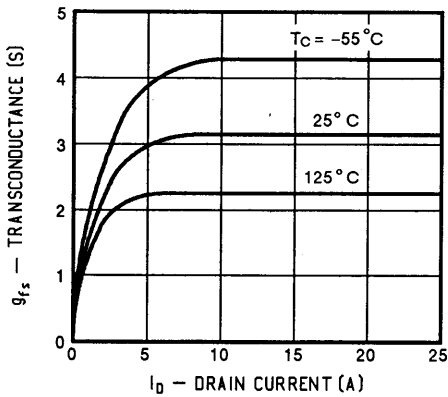
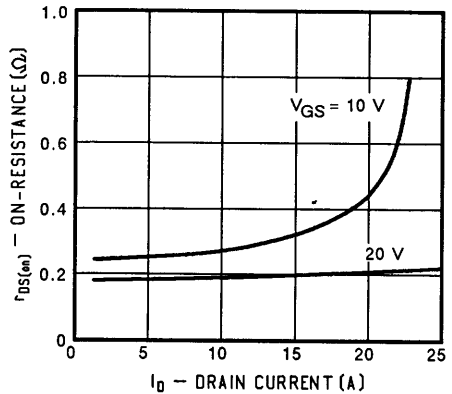
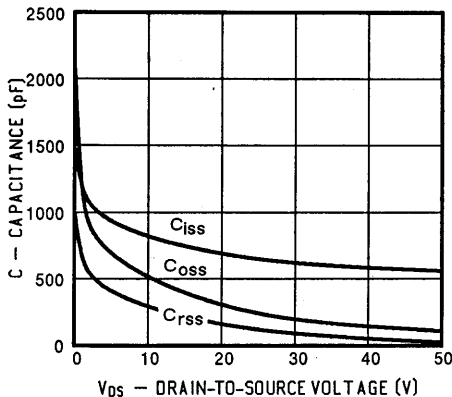
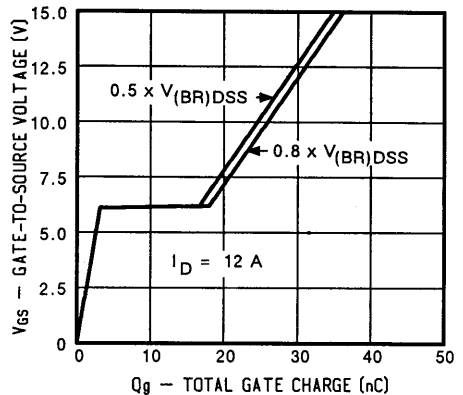
PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage $V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 1000 \mu\text{A}$		$V_{(BR)DSS}$	100	-	-	V
Gate Threshold Voltage $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$		$V_{GS(th)}$	2.0	-	4.0	
Gate-Body Leakage $V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$		$I_{GSS}$	-	-	100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0$		$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250	$\mu\text{A}$
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 0.8 \times V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250	
On-State Drain Current <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 2.1 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$		$I_{D(on)}$	6.5	-	-	A
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 3.0 \text{ A}$		$r_{DS(on)}$	-	0.25	0.30	$\Omega$
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 3.0 \text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		$r_{DS(on)}$	-	0.40	0.54	
Forward Transconductance <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 3.0 \text{ A}$		$g_{fs}$	2.5	2.8	7.5	$\text{S}(\text{V})$
Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0$ $V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$C_{iss}$	-	625	-	pF
Output Capacitance		$C_{oss}$	-	280	-	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance		$C_{rss}$	-	105	-	
Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 0.5 \times V_{(BR)DSS},$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 6.5 \text{ A}$ (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$Q_g$	13	24	30	nC
Gate-Source Charge		$Q_{gs}$	2.4	3.4	5.0	
Gate-Drain Charge		$Q_{gd}$	6.7	13.5	15	
Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 42 \text{ V}, R_L = 10 \Omega$	$t_{d(on)}$	-	9	60	ns
Rise Time	$I_D = 4.1 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10 \text{ V}$	$t_r$	-	50	140	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$R_G = 7.5 \Omega$	$t_{d(off)}$	-	32	140	
Fall Time	(Switching time is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$t_f$	-	38	140	

**SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS & CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Continuous Current	$I_S$	-	-	6.5	A
Pulsed Current <sup>1</sup>	$I_{SM}$	-	-	26	
Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup> $I_F = I_S, V_{GS} = 0$	$V_{SD}$	0.8	-	2.0	V
Reverse Recovery Time $I_F = I_S, di_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$t_{rr}$	-	110	250	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge $I_F = I_S, di_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$Q_{rr}$	-	0.4	-	$\mu\text{C}$

<sup>1</sup>Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)

<sup>2</sup>Pulse test: Pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$

**PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C Unless otherwise noted)**
**FIGURE 1: Typical Output Characteristics**

**FIGURE 2: Typical Transfer Characteristics**

**FIGURE 3: Typical Transconductance**

**FIGURE 4: Typical On-Resistance**

**FIGURE 5: Typical Capacitance**

**FIGURE 6: Typical Gate Charge**


PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C Unless otherwise noted)

FIGURE 7: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

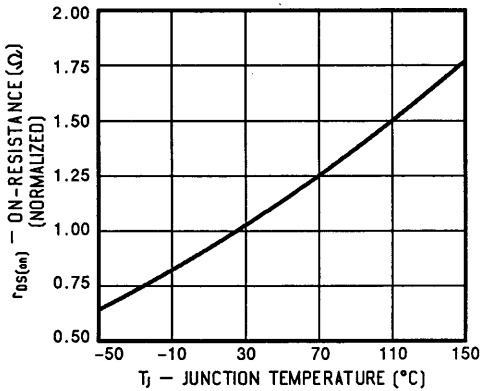


FIGURE 8: Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

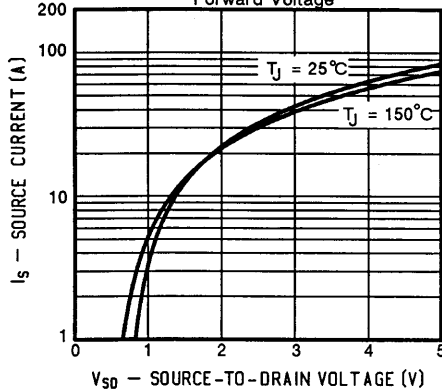


FIGURE 9: Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

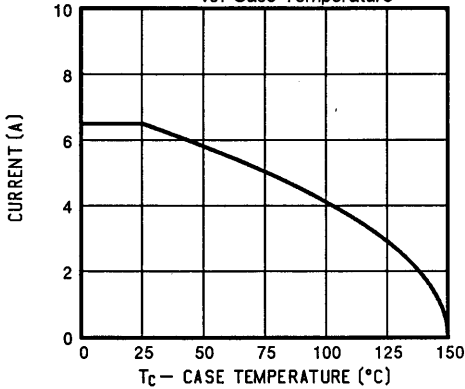


FIGURE 10: Safe Operating Area

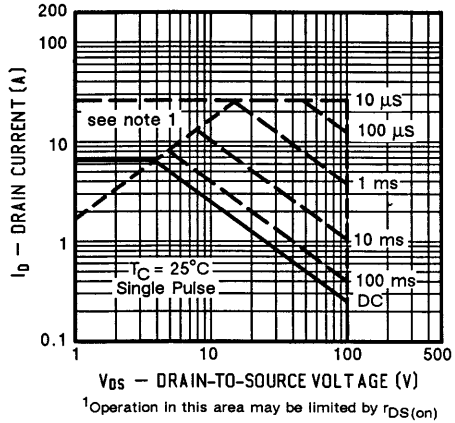
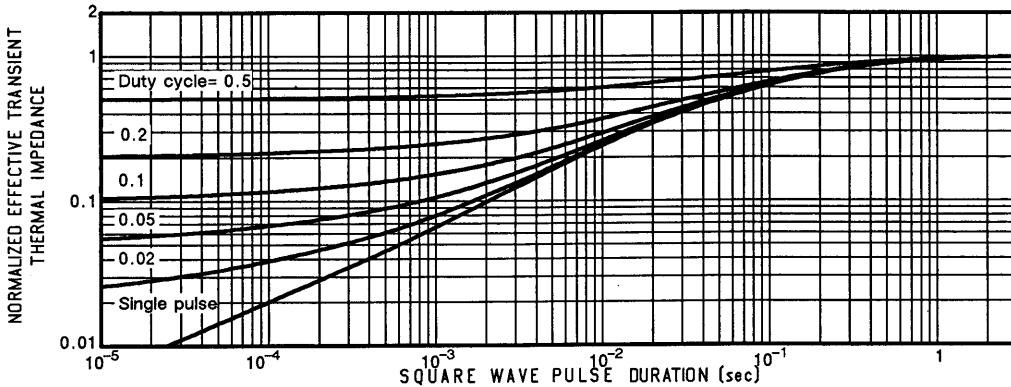
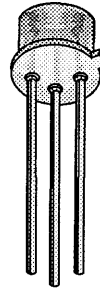


FIGURE 11: Normalized Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

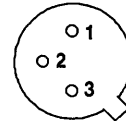


### PRODUCT SUMMARY

PART NUMBER	V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub> (VOLTS)	r <sub>DS(on)</sub> (OHMS)	I <sub>D</sub> (AMPS)
2N6851	200	0.80	4.0



BOTTOM VIEW



- 1 DRAIN
- 2 GATE
- 3 SOURCE

TO-205AF (TO-39)

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	2N6851	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	200	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub>	± 20	
Continuous Drain Current	T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	I <sub>D</sub> 4.0	A
	T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	2.4	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>DM</sub>	20	
Avalanche Current	I <sub>A</sub>	3.1	
Power Dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	P <sub>D</sub> 25	W
	T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	10	
Operating Junction & Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to 150	°C
Lead Temperature (1/16" from case for 10 secs.)	T <sub>L</sub>	300	

**4**

### THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS

THERMAL RESISTANCE	Symbol	Typ.	Max.	Units
Junction-to-Case	R <sub>thJC</sub>	-	5.0	K/W
Junction-to-Ambient	R <sub>thJA</sub>	-	175	

<sup>1</sup> Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)

<sup>2</sup> Negative signs for current and voltage values have been omitted for the sake of clarity

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted) **P-Channel Device**  
 Negative signs have been omitted for clarity

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage $V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 1000 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	200	-	-	V	
Gate Threshold Voltage $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{GS(th)}$	2.0	-	4.0		
Gate-Body Leakage $V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$	$I_{GSS}$	-	-	100	nA	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0$	$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250	$\mu\text{A}$	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 0.8 \times V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250		
On-State Drain Current <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	$I_{D(on)}$	4.0	-	-	A	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 2.0 \text{ A}$	$r_{DS(on)}$	-	0.50	0.80	$\Omega$	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 2.0 \text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$r_{DS(on)}$	-	1.0	1.6		
Forward Transconductance <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 2.0 \text{ A}$	$g_{fs}$	2.2	2.4	6.6	S( $^\circ$ )	
Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0$ $V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$C_{iss}$	-	630	pF	
Output Capacitance		$C_{oss}$	-	220		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance		$C_{rss}$	-	70		
Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 0.5 \times V_{(BR)DSS}$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 4.0 \text{ A}$ (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$Q_g$	13	27	nC	
Gate-Source Charge		$Q_{gs}$	2.5	3.4		5.0
Gate-Drain Charge		$Q_{gd}$	7.2	14		16
Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 95 \text{ V}, R_L = 39 \Omega$ $I_D = 2.4 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10 \text{ V}$ $R_G = 7.5 \Omega$ (Switching time is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$t_{d(on)}$	-	6.5	ns	
Rise Time		$t_r$	-	33		100
Turn-Off Delay Time		$t_{d(off)}$	-	30		80
Fall Time		$t_f$	-	21		80

**SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS & CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Continuous Current	$I_S$	-	-	4.0	A
Pulsed Current <sup>1</sup>	$I_{SM}$	-	-	20	
Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup> $I_F = I_S, V_{GS} = 0$	$V_{SD}$	0.8	-	2.0	V
Reverse Recovery Time $I_F = I_S, dI_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$t_{rr}$	-	160	400	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge $I_F = I_S, dI_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$Q_{rr}$	-	1.6	-	$\mu\text{C}$

<sup>1</sup>Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)

<sup>2</sup>Pulse test: Pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$

**PERFORMANCE CURVES** (25°C Unless otherwise noted)

FIGURE 1: Typical Output Characteristics

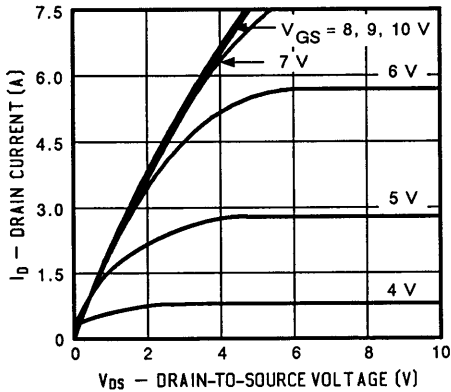


FIGURE 2: Typical Transfer Characteristics

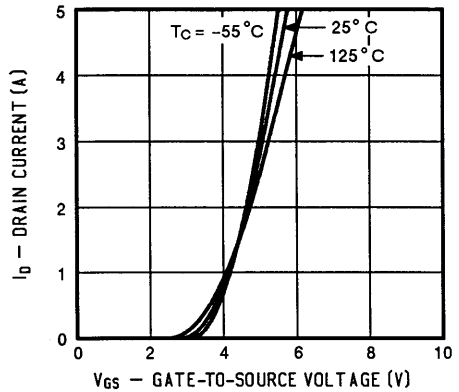


FIGURE 3: Typical Transconductance

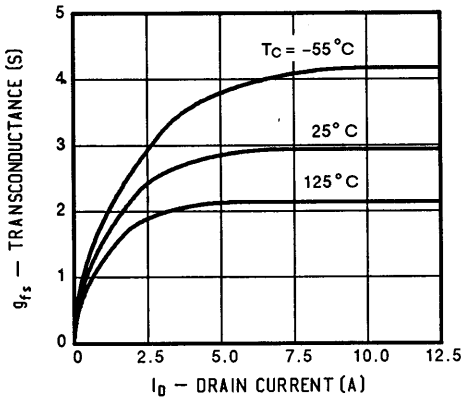


FIGURE 4: Typical On-Resistance

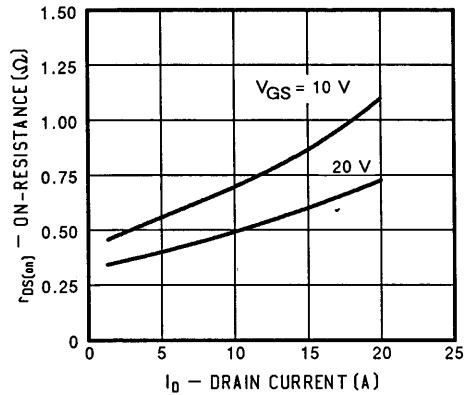


FIGURE 5: Typical Capacitance

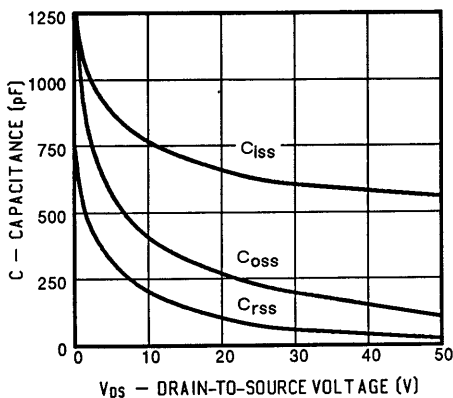
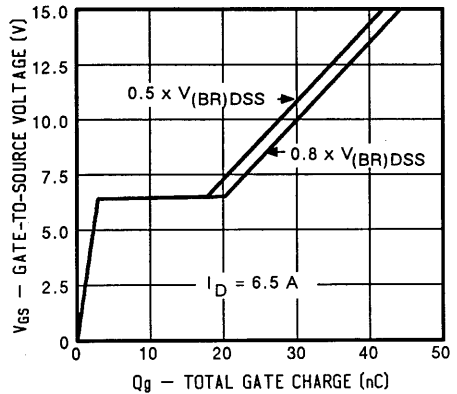


FIGURE 6: Typical Gate Charge



PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C Unless otherwise noted)

FIGURE 7: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

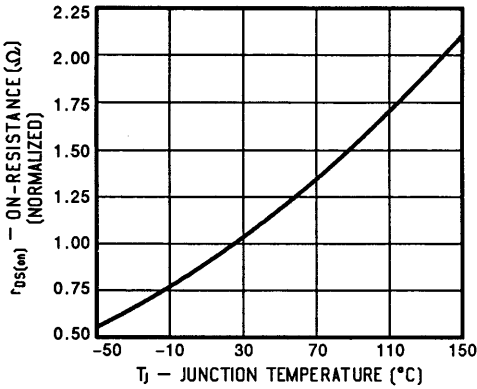


FIGURE 8: Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

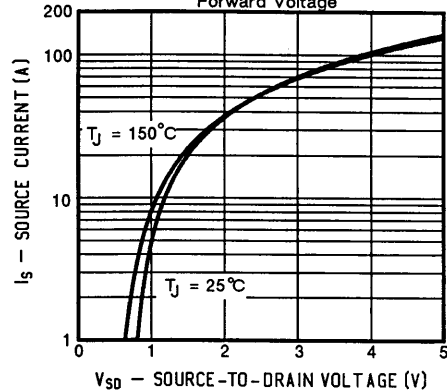


FIGURE 9: Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

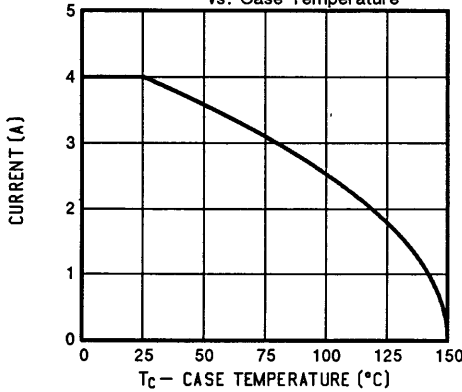


FIGURE 10: Safe Operating Area

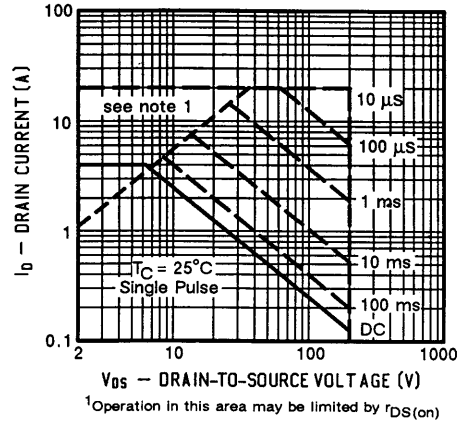
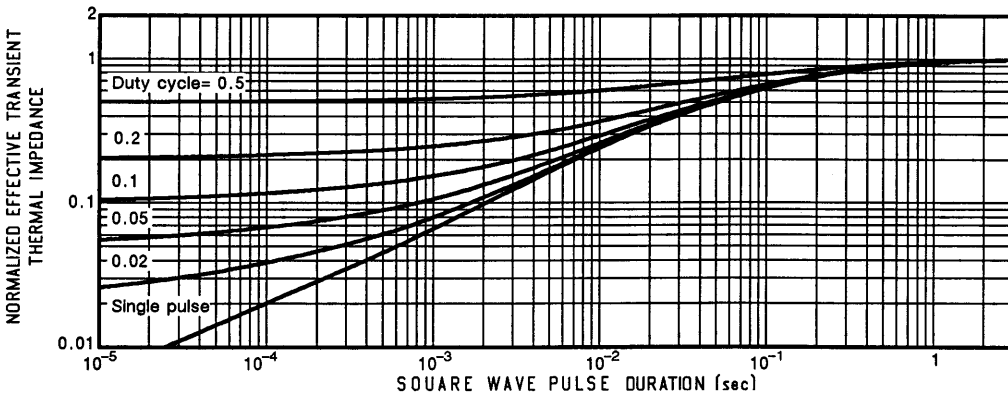


FIGURE 11: Normalized Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case





# 2N6905 SERIES



## N-Channel JFET Pairs

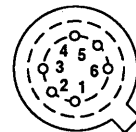
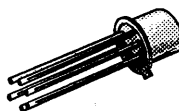
The 2N6905 Series of high-performance monolithic dual JFETs features extremely low noise, tight offset voltage and drift over temperature specifications. It is targeted for use in a wide range of precision instrumentation applications. The 2N6905 Series has a wide selection of both offset and drift ranges with the prime device, the 2N6905, featuring 5 mV offset and 10  $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$  drift. The three devices allow designers to make important cost/benefit decisions. This series is available in a TO-71 hermetically sealed package and is available with military screening. (See Section 1.)

For additional design information please see performance curves NNR, which are located in Section 7.

PART NUMBER	$V_{(BR)GSS}$	$g_{fs}$	$I_G$	$ V_{GS1} - V_{GS2} $
	MIN (V)	MIN (mS)	MAX (pA)	MAX (mV)
2N6905	-35	2	-5	5
2N6906	-35	2	-5	10
2N6907	-35	2	-5	25

TO-71

BOTTOM VIEW



- 1 SOURCE 1
- 2 DRAIN 1
- 3 GATE 1
- 4 SOURCE 2
- 5 DRAIN 2
- 6 GATE 2

## SIMILAR PRODUCTS

- High-Gain, See 2N5911 Series
- SO-8, See SST404 Series
- Chips, Order 2N690XCHP

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNITS
Gate-Drain Voltage	$V_{GD}$	-35	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	-35	
Forward Gate Current	$I_G$	10	mA
Power Dissipation	Per Side	300	mW
	Total	500	
Power Derating	Per Side	2.6	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
	Total	5	
Operating Junction Temperature	$T_J$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to 200	
Lead Temperature (1/16" from case for 10 seconds)	$T_L$	300	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS <sup>1</sup>				LIMITS						
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	TYP <sup>2</sup>	2N6905		2N6906		2N6907		UNIT
				MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
<b>STATIC</b>										
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)GSS}$	$I_G = -1 \mu A, V_{DS} = 0 V$	-55	-35		-35		-35		V
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage	$V_{GS(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = 15 V, I_D = 1 nA$	-1.5	-0.2	-3	-0.2	-3	-0.2	-3	
Saturation Drain Current <sup>3</sup>	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 10 V, V_{GS} = 0 V$	3.5	0.5	10	0.5	10	0.5	10	mA
Gate Reverse Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -15 V$ $V_{DS} = 0 V$ $T_A = 125^\circ C$	-2		-15		-15		-15	pA
			-1							nA
Gate Operating Current	$I_G$	$V_{DG} = 15 V$ $I_D = 200 \mu A$ $T_A = 125^\circ C$	-2		-5		-5		-5	pA
			-0.8		-5		-5		-5	nA
Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>4</sup>	$r_{DS(ON)}$	$V_{GS} = 0 V, I_D = 0.1 mA$	250							$\Omega$
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$V_{DG} = 15 V, I_D = 200 \mu A$	-1		-2.3		-2.3		-2.3	V
Gate-Source Forward Voltage <sup>4</sup>	$V_{GS(F)}$	$I_G = 1 mA, V_{DS} = 0 V$	0.7							
<b>DYNAMIC</b>										
Common-Source Forward Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{DS} = 10 V, V_{GS} = 0 V$ $f = 1 kHz$	4	2	7	2	7	2	7	mS
Common-Source Output Conductance	$g_{os}$		4		20		20		20	$\mu S$
Common-Source Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DG} = 15 V, I_D = 200 \mu A$ $f = 1 MHz$	4		8		8		8	pF
Common-Source Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$		1.5		3		3		3	
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	$\bar{e}_n$	$V_{DS} = 10 V, V_{GS} = 0 V$ $f = 10 Hz$	10		15		15		15	$nV/\sqrt{Hz}$
<b>MATCHING</b>										
Differential Gate-Source Voltage	$ V_{GS1} - V_{GS2} $	$V_{DG} = 10 V, I_D = 200 \mu A$			5		10		25	mV
Gate-Source Voltage Differential Change with Temperature	$\Delta  V_{GS1} - V_{GS2} $ $\Delta T$	$V_{DG} = 10 V$ $I_D = 200 \mu A$	$T = -55$ to $25^\circ C$		10		25		25	$\mu V/^\circ C$
			$T = 25$ to $125^\circ C$		10		25		50	
Saturation Drain Current Ratio <sup>4</sup>	$\frac{I_{DSS1}}{I_{DSS2}}$	$V_{DS} = 10 V, V_{GS} = 0 V$	0.97							
Transconductance Ratio <sup>4</sup>	$\frac{g_{fs1}}{g_{fs2}}$	$V_{DG} = 10 V, I_D = 0.2 mA$ $f = 1 kHz$	0.97							
			0.1							$\mu S$
Differential Output Conductance <sup>4</sup>	$ g_{os1} - g_{os2} $									$\mu S$
Differential Gate Current <sup>4</sup>	$  g_{1} - I_{G2} $	$V_{DG} = 15 V, I_D = 0.2 mA$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$	1							pA
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_{DG} = 10$ to $20 V, I_D = 200 \mu A$	102	95		95		95		dB

- NOTES: 1.  $T_A = 25^\circ C$  unless otherwise noted.  
 2. For design aid only, not subject to production testing.  
 3. Pulse test;  $PW = 300 \mu s$ , duty cycle  $\leq 3\%$ .  
 4. This parameter not registered with JEDEC.

4

# 2N6908 SERIES



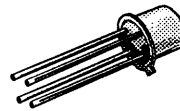
## N-Channel JFET Circuits

The 2N6908 Series is much more than a JFET. The addition of back-to-back diodes effectively clamps input "over-voltage" while a high-performance JFET provides an effective amplification stage. With the addition of a source resistor, a complete common-source amplifier is created which provides both low leakage and very low noise. This performance is especially effective as a small signal pre-amplifier as well as impedance matching between low and high impedance sources. Finally, its TO-72 package is hermetically sealed and is available with full military screening per MIL-S-19500. (See Section 1.)

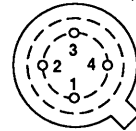
For additional design information please see performance curves NBB, which are located in Section 7.

PART NUMBER	$V_{GS(OFF)}$	$V_{(BR)GSS}$	$g_{fs}$	$I_{DSS}$
	MAX (V)	MIN (V)	MIN ( $\mu$ S)	MAX (mA)
2N6908	-1.8	-30	100	2
2N6909	-2.3	-30	400	3.5
2N6910	-3.5	-30	1200	5

TO-72



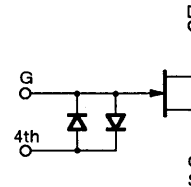
BOTTOM VIEW



- 1 SOURCE
- 2 DRAIN
- 3 GATE
- 4 DIODES

## SIMILAR PRODUCTS

- SOT-143, See SST6908 Series
- Chips, Order 2N69XXCHP



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNITS
Gate-Drain Voltage	$V_{GD}$	-30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	-30	
Forward Gate Current	$I_G$	10	mA
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	300	mW
Power Derating		2.4	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Junction Temperature	$T_J$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55 to 200	
Lead Temperature (1/16" from case for 10 seconds)	$T_L$	300	

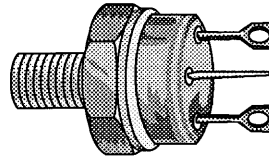
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS <sup>1</sup>				LIMITS							
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	TYP <sup>2</sup>	2N6908		2N6909		2N6910		UNIT	
				MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
<b>STATIC</b>											
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)GSS}$	$I_G = -1 \mu A, V_{DS} = 0 V$ $V_{G4} = 0 V$	-50	-30		-30		-30		V	
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage	$V_{GS(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = 10 V, I_D = 1 nA$ $V_{G4} = 0 V$		-0.3	-1.8	-0.6	-2.3	-0.9	-3.5		
Saturation Drain Current <sup>3</sup>	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 10 V, V_{GS} = 0 V$ $V_{G4} = 0 V$		0.05	2	0.2	3.5	0.6	5	mA	
Gate Reverse Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -15 V$ $V_{DS} = 0 V$ $V_{G4} = 0 V$	$T_A = 125^\circ C$	-2		-25		-25		pA	
				-1						nA	
Gate Operating Current	$I_G$	$V_{DG} = 15 V, I_D = 50 \mu A$	-2							pA	
Forward Gate Diode Current <sup>4</sup>	$I_{G4}$	$V_{G4} = \pm 100 mV$	$\pm 1$		$\pm 10$		$\pm 10$		$\pm 10$		
Gate-Source Forward Voltage	$V_{GS(F)}$	$I_G = \pm 0.5 mA, V_{DS} = 0 V$ $V_{G4} = 0 V$	$\pm 0.7$		$\pm 1.2$		$\pm 1.2$		$\pm 1.2$	V	
<b>DYNAMIC</b>											
Common-Source Forward Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{DS} = 15 V, V_{GS} = 0 V$ $V_{G4} = 0 V, f = 1 kHz$		0.1	3	0.4	3.5	1.2	4	mS	
Common-Source Output Conductance	$g_{os}$					50		75		100	$\mu S$
Common-Source Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 10 V, V_{GS} = 0 V$ $V_{G4} = 0 V, f = 1 MHz$	3.2		5		5		5	pF	
Common-Source Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$		1.5		2		2		2		
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	$\bar{e}_n$	$V_{DS} = 10 V, V_{GS} = 0 V$ $f = 100 Hz$	12		25		25		25	$nV/\sqrt{Hz}$	
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 15 V, V_{GS} = 0 V, f = 1 kHz$ $R_G = 1 M\Omega$	0.1		1		1		1	dB	

- NOTES: 1.  $T_A = 25^\circ C$  unless otherwise noted.  
 2. For design aid only, not subject to production testing.  
 3. Pulse test;  $PW = 300 \mu s$ , duty cycle  $\leq 3\%$ .  
 4. Forward diode current when a voltage is applied between gate and fourth lead.

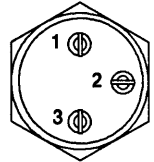
## MOSPOWER

### PRODUCT SUMMARY

PART NUMBER	$V_{(BR)DSS}$ (VOLTS)	$r_{DS(on)}$ (OHMS)	$I_D$ (AMPS)
2N6962	100	0.060	30



TOP VIEW



TO-210AC (TO-61)  
ISOLATED CASE

- 1 SOURCE
- 2 GATE
- 3 DRAIN

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS		Symbol	2N6962	Units
Drain-Source Voltage		$V_{DS}$	100	V
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GS}$	$\pm 30$	
Continuous Drain Current	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_D$	30	A
	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		24	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>1</sup>		$I_{DM}$	120	
Avalanche Current		$I_A$	5.9	
Power Dissipation	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	150	W
	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		60	
Operating Junction & Storage Temperature Range		$T_J, T_{stg}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature (1/16" from case for 10 secs.)		$T_L$	300	

4

### THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS

THERMAL RESISTANCE	Symbol	Typ.	Max.	Units
Junction-to-Case	$R_{thJC}$	-	0.83	K/W
Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{thJA}$	-	40	
Case-to-Sink	$R_{thCS}$	0.4	-	

<sup>1</sup>Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)  
This device contains beryllium oxide

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage $V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	100	-	-	V
Gate Threshold Voltage $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{GS(th)}$	2.0	-	4.0	
Gate-Body Leakage $V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$	$I_{GSS}$	-	-	100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 0.8 \times V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0$	$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250	$\mu\text{A}$
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 0.8 \times V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250	
On-State Drain Current <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 1.8 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	$I_{D(on)}$	30	-	-	A
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 24 \text{ A}$	$r_{DS(on)}$	-	0.45	0.060	$\Omega$
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 24 \text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$r_{DS(on)}$	-	0.08	0.094	
Forward Transconductance <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 24 \text{ A}$	$g_{fs}$	9.0	12	27	S( $^\circ$ )
Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0$ $V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$C_{iss}$	-	2800	pF
Output Capacitance		$C_{oss}$	-	1100	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance		$C_{rss}$	-	400	
Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 0.5 \times V_{(BR)DSS}$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 30 \text{ A}$ (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$Q_g$	48	62	nC
Gate-Source Charge		$Q_{gs}$	6.4	13	
Gate-Drain Charge		$Q_{gd}$	24	29	
Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 25 \text{ V}, R_L = 1 \Omega$ $I_D = 24 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10 \text{ V}$ $R_G = 4.7 \Omega$ (Switching time is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$t_{d(on)}$	-	15	ns
Rise Time		$t_r$	-	30	
Turn-Off Delay Time		$t_{d(off)}$	-	50	
Fall Time		$t_f$	-	20	

**SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS & CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Continuous Current	$I_S$	-	-	30	A
Pulsed Current <sup>1</sup>	$I_{SM}$	-	-	120	
Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup> $I_F = I_S, V_{GS} = 0$	$V_{SD}$	0.60	-	1.9	V
Reverse Recovery Time $I_F = I_S, dI_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$t_{rr}$	-	150	400	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge $I_F = I_S, dI_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$Q_{rr}$	-	0.5	-	$\mu\text{C}$

<sup>1</sup> Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)

<sup>2</sup> Pulse test: Pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$

**PERFORMANCE CURVES** (25°C Unless otherwise noted)

FIGURE 1: Typical Output Characteristics

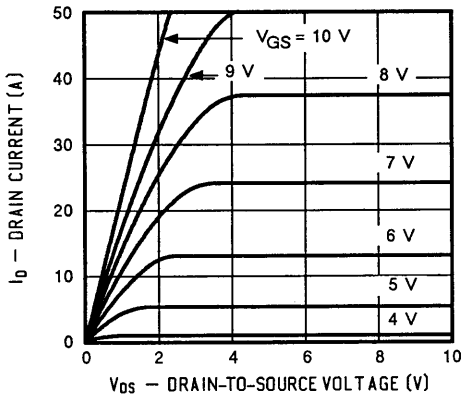


FIGURE 2: Typical Transfer Characteristics

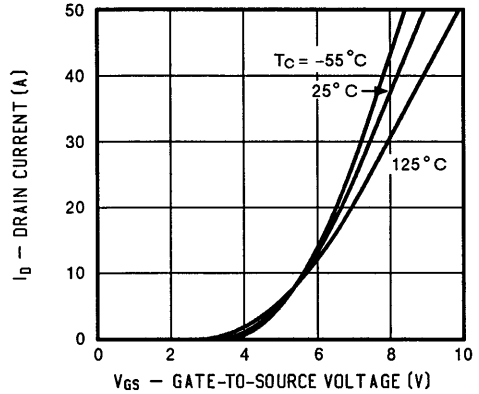


FIGURE 3: Typical Transconductance

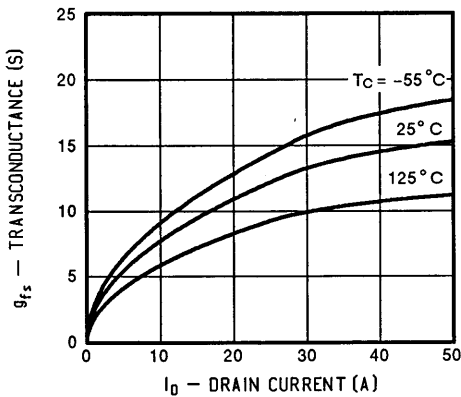


FIGURE 4: Typical On-Resistance

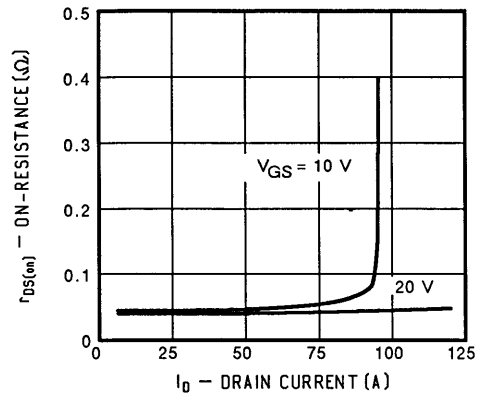


FIGURE 5: Typical Capacitance

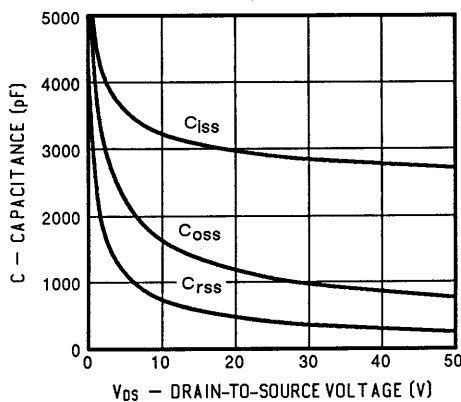
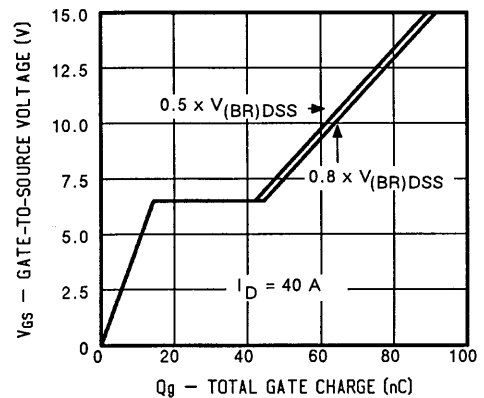


FIGURE 6: Typical Gate Charge



PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C Unless otherwise noted)

FIGURE 7: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

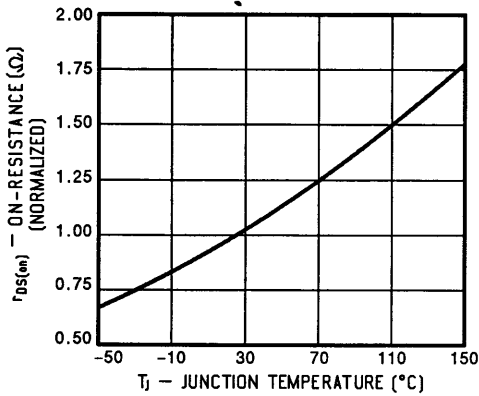


FIGURE 8: Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

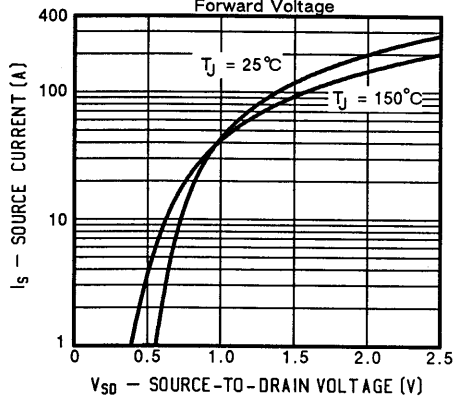


FIGURE 9: Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

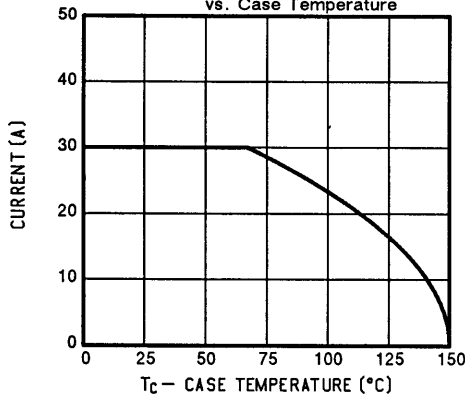


FIGURE 10: Safe Operating Area

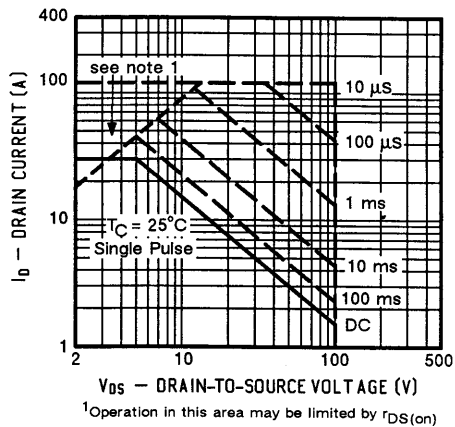
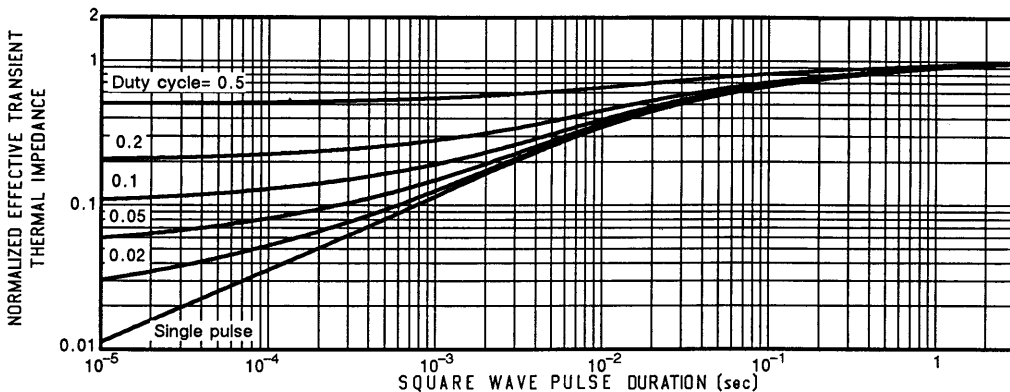


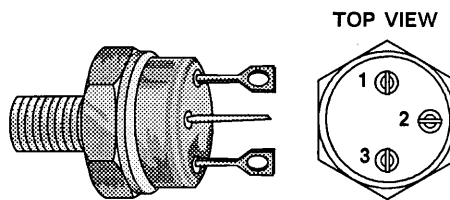
FIGURE 11: Normalized Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case





**PRODUCT SUMMARY**

PART NUMBER	$V_{(BR)DSS}$ (VOLTS)	$r_{DS(on)}$ (OHMS)	$I_D$ (AMPS)
2N6963	200	0.090	30


**TO-210AC (TO-61)  
ISOLATED CASE**
**TOP VIEW**  
 1 SOURCE  
 2 GATE  
 3 DRAIN

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	2N6963	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	200	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 30$	
Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	A
		$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>1</sup>	$I_{DM}$	120	W
Avalanche Current	$I_A$	6.0	
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	W
		$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	
Operating Junction & Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature (1/16" from case for 10 secs.)	$T_L$	300	

**4**
**THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS**

THERMAL RESISTANCE	Symbol	Typ.	Max.	Units
Junction-to-Case	$R_{thJC}$	-	0.83	K/W
Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{thJA}$	-	40	
Case-to-Sink	$R_{thCS}$	0.4	-	

<sup>1</sup>Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)  
 This device contains beryllium oxide

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage $V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	200	-	-	V	
Gate Threshold Voltage $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{GS(th)}$	2.0	-	4.0		
Gate-Body Leakage $V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$	$I_{GSS}$	-	-	100	nA	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 0.8 \times V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0$	$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250	$\mu\text{A}$	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 0.8 \times V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250		
On-State Drain Current <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 2.7 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	$I_{D(on)}$	30	-	-	A	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 19 \text{ A}$	$r_{DS(on)}$	-	0.075	0.090	$\Omega$	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 19 \text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$r_{DS(on)}$	-	0.13	0.160		
Forward Transconductance <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 19 \text{ A}$	$g_{fs}$	9.0	13	15.5	S( $^{\circ}\text{V}$ )	
Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0$ $V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$C_{iss}$	-	2750	3200	pF
Output Capacitance		$C_{oss}$	-	850	1700	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance		$C_{rss}$	-	300	250	
Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 0.5 \times V_{(BR)DSS},$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 30 \text{ A}$  (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$Q_g$	-	63	-	nC
Gate-Source Charge		$Q_{gs}$	-	14	-	
Gate-Drain Charge		$Q_{gd}$	-	32	-	
Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 95 \text{ V}, R_L = 5 \Omega$ $I_D = 19 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10 \text{ V}$ $R_G = 4.7 \Omega$  (Switching time is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$t_{d(on)}$	-	15	35	ns
Rise Time		$t_r$	-	30	130	
Turn-Off Delay Time		$t_{d(off)}$	-	50	130	
Fall Time		$t_f$	-	20	100	

**SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS & CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Continuous Current	$I_S$	-	-	30	A
Pulsed Current <sup>1</sup>	$I_{SM}$	-	-	120	
Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup> $I_F = I_S, V_{GS} = 0$	$V_{SD}$	0.6	-	1.8	V
Reverse Recovery Time $I_F = I_S, dI_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$t_{rr}$	-	150	650	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge $I_F = I_S, dI_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$Q_{rr}$	-	0.5	-	$\mu\text{C}$

<sup>1</sup> Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)

<sup>2</sup> Pulse test: Pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$

**PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C Unless otherwise noted)**

FIGURE 1: Typical Output Characteristics

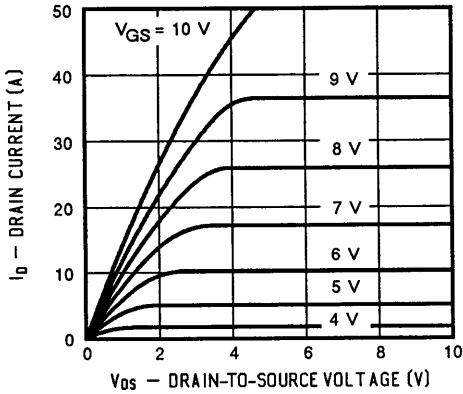


FIGURE 2: Typical Transfer Characteristics

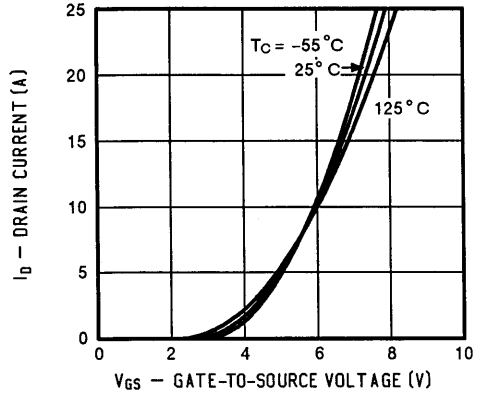


FIGURE 3: Typical Transconductance

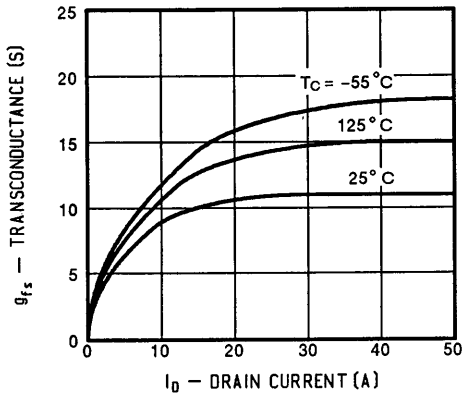


FIGURE 4: Typical On-Resistance

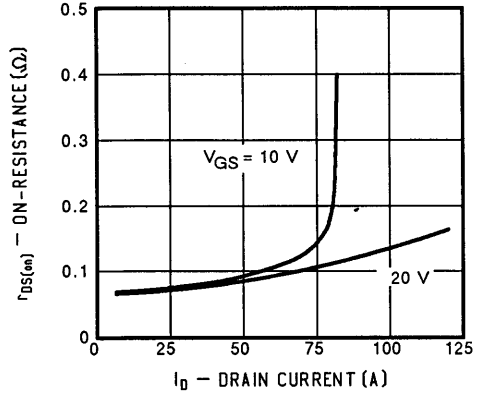


FIGURE 5: Typical Capacitance

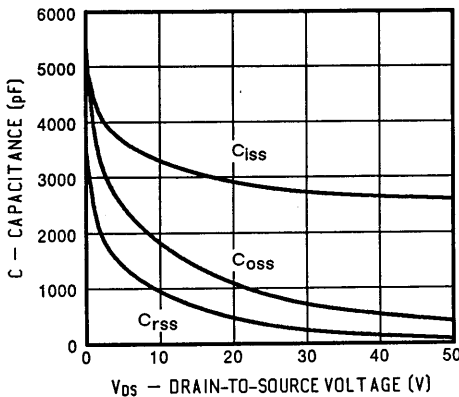
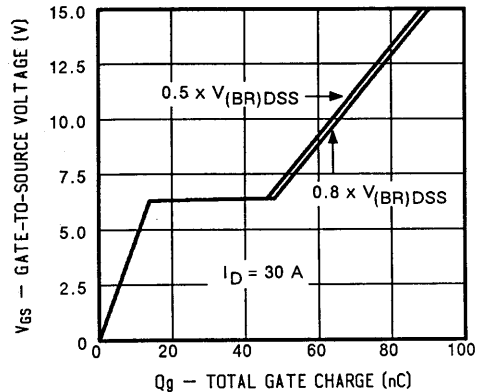


FIGURE 6: Typical Gate Charge



PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C Unless otherwise noted)

FIGURE 7: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

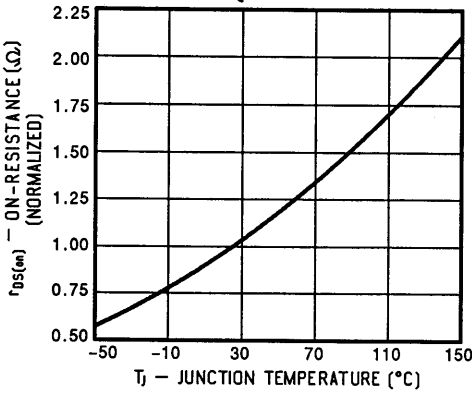


FIGURE 8: Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

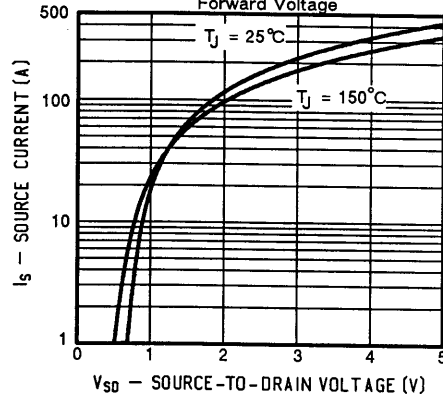


FIGURE 9: Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

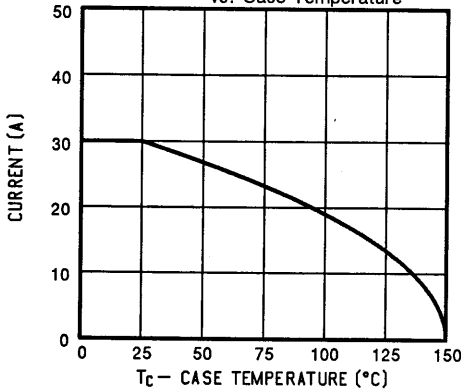


FIGURE 10: Safe Operating Area

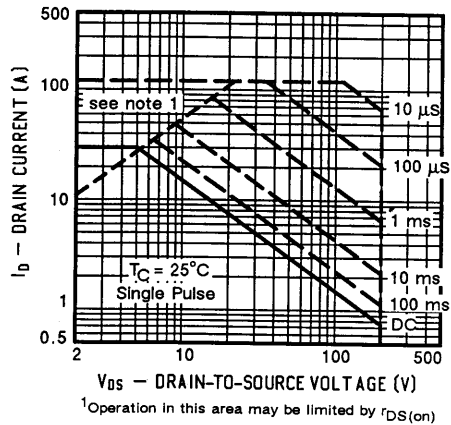
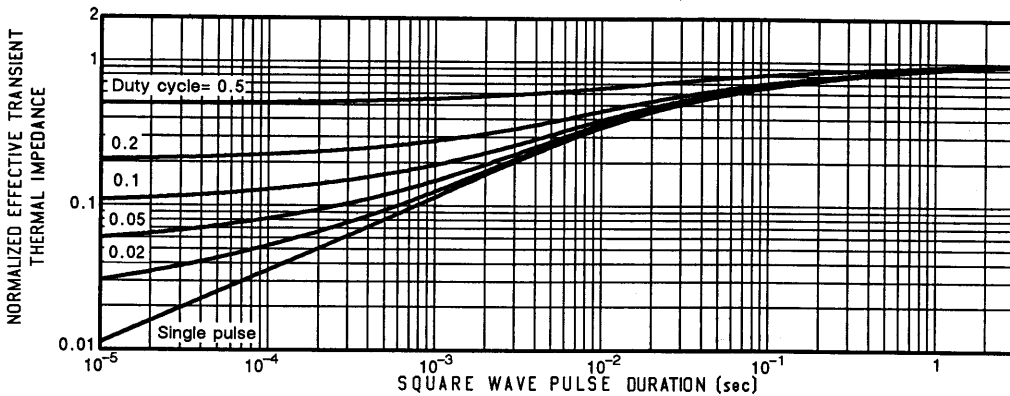
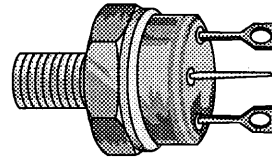
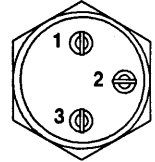


FIGURE 11: Normalized Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case



**PRODUCT SUMMARY**

PART NUMBER	$V_{(BR)DSS}$ (VOLTS)	$r_{DS(on)}$ (OHMS)	$I_D$ (AMPS)
2N6964	400	0.30	15


**TOP VIEW**

**TO-210AC (TO-61)  
ISOLATED CASE**

- 1 SOURCE**
- 2 GATE**
- 3 DRAIN**

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS		Symbol	2N6964	Units
Drain-Source Voltage		$V_{DS}$	400	V
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GS}$	$\pm 30$	
Continuous Drain Current	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_D$	15	A
	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		9.5	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>1</sup>		$I_{DM}$	60	
Avalanche Current		$I_A$	5.9	
Power Dissipation	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	150	W
	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		60	
Operating Junction & Storage Temperature Range		$T_J, T_{stg}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature (1/16" from case for 10 secs.)		$T_L$	300	

**4**
**THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS**

THERMAL RESISTANCE	Symbol	Typ.	Max.	Units
Junction-to-Case	$R_{thJC}$	-	0.83	K/W
Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{thJA}$	-	40	
Case-to-Sink	$R_{thCS}$	0.4	-	

<sup>1</sup>Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)  
 This device contains beryllium oxide

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

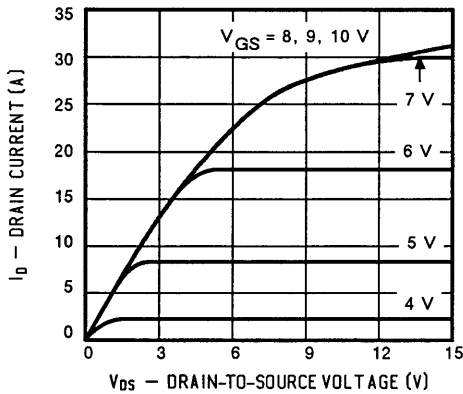
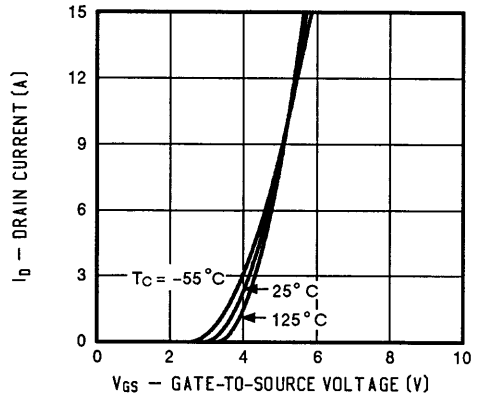
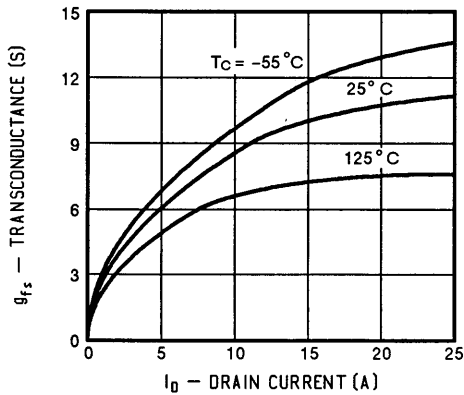
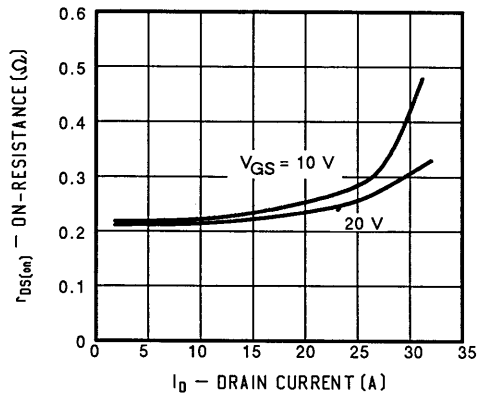
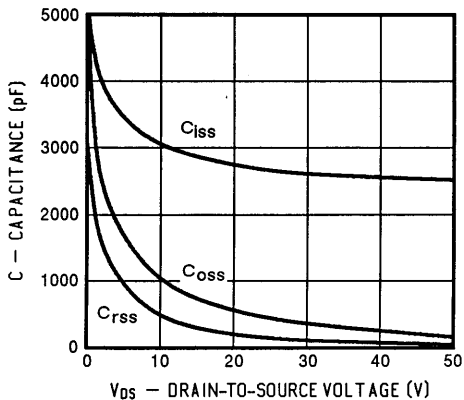
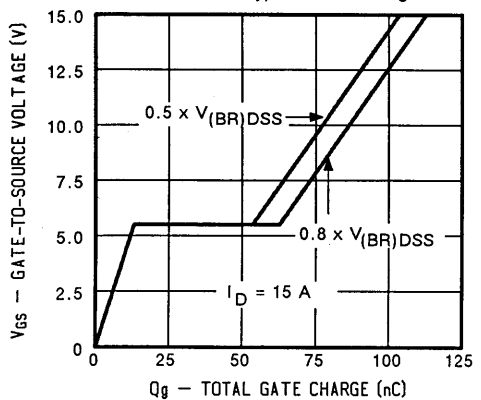
PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage $V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	400	-	-	V	
Gate Threshold Voltage $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{GS(th)}$	2.0	-	4.0		
Gate-Body Leakage $V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$	$I_{GSS}$	-	-	100	nA	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 0.8 \times V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0$	$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250	$\mu\text{A}$	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 0.8 \times V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250		
On-State Drain Current <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	$I_{D(on)}$	15	-	-	A	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 9.0 \text{ A}$	$r_{DS(on)}$	-	0.22	0.30	$\Omega$	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 9.0 \text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$r_{DS(on)}$	-	0.40	0.66		
Forward Transconductance <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 9.0 \text{ A}$	$g_{fs}$	8	8.5	24	S( $^\circ$ )	
Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0$ $V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$C_{iss}$	-	2700	3200	pF
Output Capacitance		$C_{oss}$	-	450	700	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance		$C_{rss}$	-	160	250	
Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 0.5 \times V_{(BR)DSS},$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 15 \text{ A}$ (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$Q_g$	52	77	118	nC
Gate-Source Charge		$Q_{gs}$	5.3	14	16	
Gate-Drain Charge		$Q_{gd}$	25	39	56	
Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 180 \text{ V}, R_L = 20 \Omega$ $I_D = 9.0 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10 \text{ V}$ $R_G = 4.7 \Omega$ (Switching time is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$t_{d(on)}$	-	14	35	ns
Rise Time		$t_r$	-	30	60	
Turn-Off Delay Time		$t_{d(off)}$	-	54	150	
Fall Time		$t_f$	-	15	75	

**SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS & CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Continuous Current	$I_S$	-	-	15	A
Pulsed Current <sup>1</sup>	$I_{SM}$	-	-	56	
Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup> $I_F = I_S, V_{GS} = 0$	$V_{SD}$	0.6	-	1.7	V
Reverse Recovery Time $I_F = I_S, di_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$t_{rr}$	-	300	800	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge $I_F = I_S, di_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$Q_{rr}$	-	2.0	-	$\mu\text{C}$

<sup>1</sup> Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)

<sup>2</sup> Pulse test: Pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$

**PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C Unless otherwise noted)**
**FIGURE 1: Typical Output Characteristics**

**FIGURE 2: Typical Transfer Characteristics**

**FIGURE 3: Typical Transconductance**

**FIGURE 4: Typical On-Resistance**

**FIGURE 5: Typical Capacitance**

**FIGURE 6: Typical Gate Charge**


**PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C Unless otherwise noted)**

FIGURE 7: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

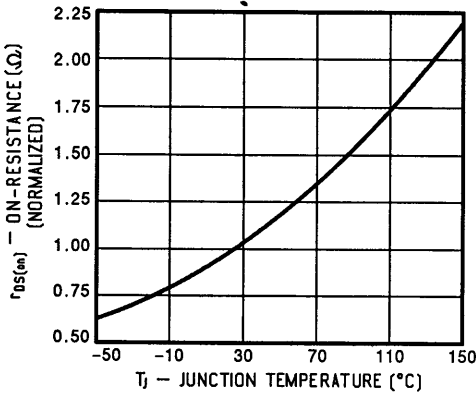


FIGURE 8: Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

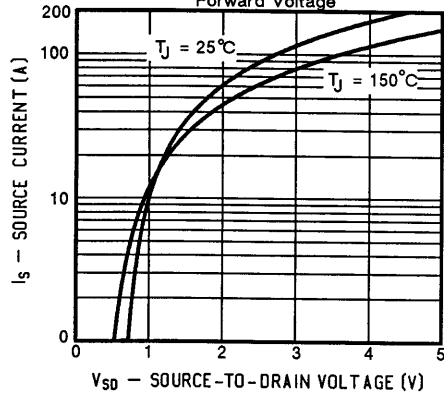


FIGURE 9: Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

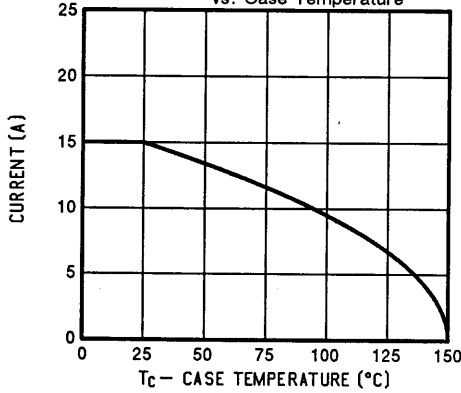


FIGURE 10: Safe Operating Area

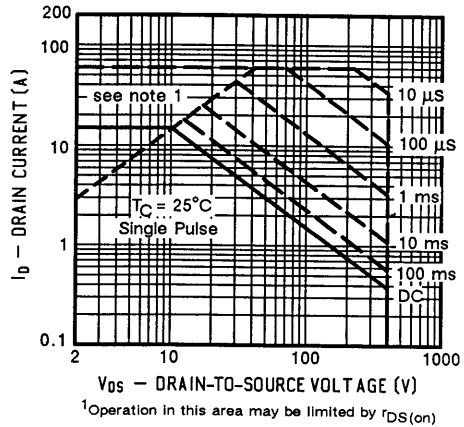
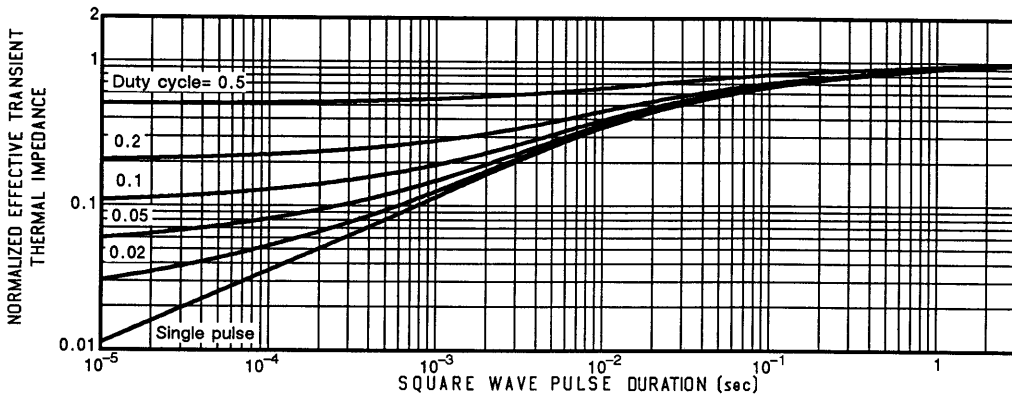


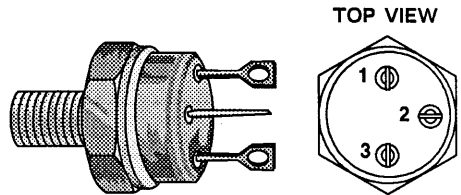
FIGURE 11: Normalized Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case





**PRODUCT SUMMARY**

PART NUMBER	$V_{(BR)DSS}$ (VOLTS)	$r_{DS(on)}$ (OHMS)	$I_D$ (AMPS)
2N6965	500	0.40	13


**TO-210AC (TO-61)  
ISOLATED CASE**
**1 SOURCE  
2 GATE  
3 DRAIN**
**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	2N6965	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	500	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 30$	
Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	13
		$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	8.3
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>1</sup>	$I_{DM}$	50	A
Avalanche Current	$I_A$	5.9	
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	150
		$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	60
Operating Junction & Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature (1/16" from case for 10 secs.)	$T_L$	300	

**4**
**THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS**

THERMAL RESISTANCE	Symbol	Typ.	Max.	Units
Junction-to-Case	$R_{thJC}$	-	0.83	K/W
Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{thJA}$	-	40	
Case-to-Sink	$R_{thCS}$	0.4	-	

<sup>1</sup>Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)  
 This device contains beryllium oxide

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage $V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$		$V_{(BR)DSS}$	500	-	-	V
Gate Threshold Voltage $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$		$V_{GS(th)}$	2.0	-	4.0	
Gate-Body Leakage $V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{V}$		$I_{GSS}$	-	-	100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 0.8 \times V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0$		$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250	$\mu\text{A}$
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 0.8 \times V_{(BR)DSS}, V_{GS} = 0, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		$I_{DSS}$	-	-	250	
On-State Drain Current <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 5.2 \text{V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{V}$		$I_{D(on)}$	13	-	-	A
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{V}, I_D = 8.3 \text{A}$		$r_{DS(on)}$	-	0.30	0.40	$\Omega$
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>2</sup> $V_{GS} = 10 \text{V}, I_D = 8.3 \text{A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		$r_{DS(on)}$	-	0.60	0.88	
Forward Transconductance <sup>2</sup> $V_{DS} = 15 \text{V}, I_D = 8.3 \text{A}$		$g_{fs}$	8	10	24	$\text{S}(\text{V})$
Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0$ $V_{DS} = 25 \text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{MHz}$	$C_{iss}$	-	2700	3200	pF
Output Capacitance		$C_{oss}$	-	410	700	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance		$C_{rss}$	-	140	250	
Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 0.5 \times V_{(BR)DSS},$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{V}, I_D = 13 \text{A}$ (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$Q_g$	55	75	124	nC
Gate-Source Charge		$Q_{gs}$	5.2	12	15	
Gate-Drain Charge		$Q_{gd}$	27	35	61	
Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 210 \text{V}, R_L = 25 \Omega$ $I_D = 7.75 \text{A}, V_{GEN} = 10 \text{V}$ $R_G = 4.7 \Omega$ (Switching time is essentially independent of operating temperature)	$t_{d(on)}$	-	13	35	ns
Rise Time		$t_r$	-	26	50	
Turn-Off Delay Time		$t_{d(off)}$	-	55	150	
Fall Time		$t_f$	-	17	70	

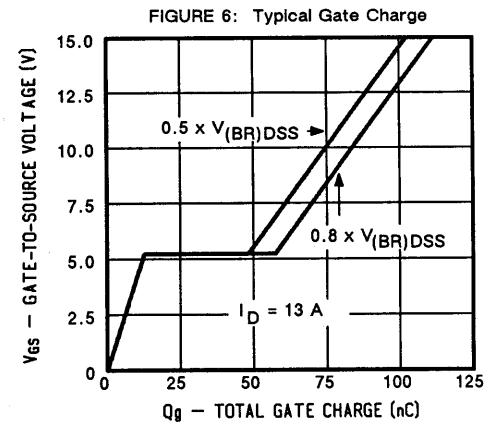
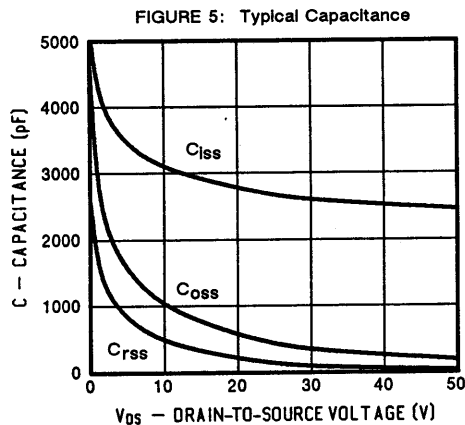
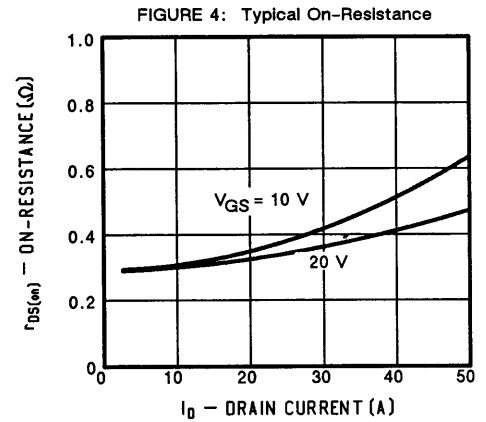
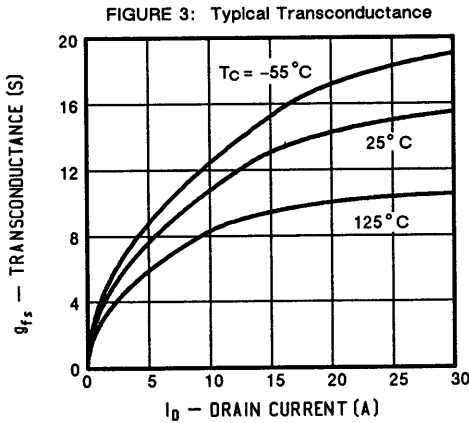
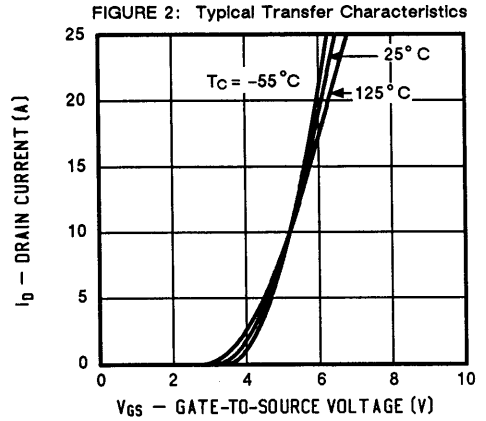
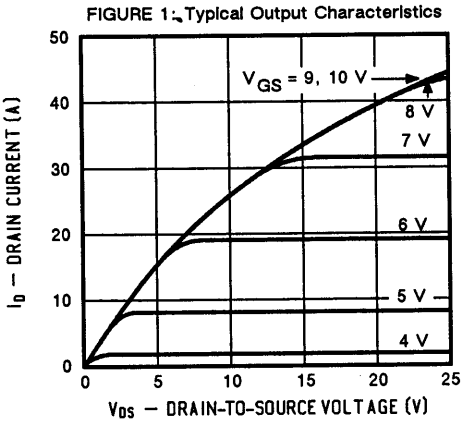
**SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS & CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Continuous Current	$I_S$	-	-	13	A
Pulsed Current <sup>1</sup>	$I_{SM}$	-	-	52	
Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup> $I_F = I_S, V_{GS} = 0$	$V_{SD}$	0.6	-	1.6	V
Reverse Recovery Time $I_F = I_S, dI_F/dt = 100 \text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	$t_{rr}$	-	300	1000	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge $I_F = I_S, dI_F/dt = 100 \text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	$Q_{rr}$	-	2.0	-	$\mu\text{C}$

<sup>1</sup>Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (refer to transient thermal impedance data, figure 11)

<sup>2</sup>Pulse test: Pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$

**PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C Unless otherwise noted)**



PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C Unless otherwise noted)

FIGURE 7: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

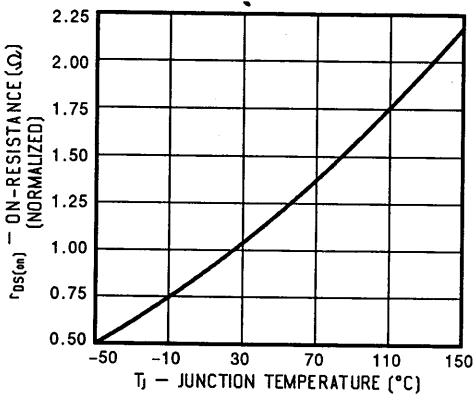


FIGURE 8: Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

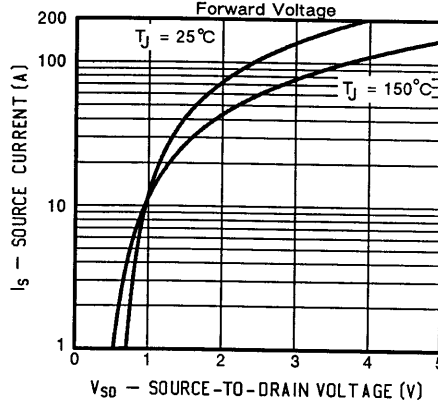


FIGURE 9: Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

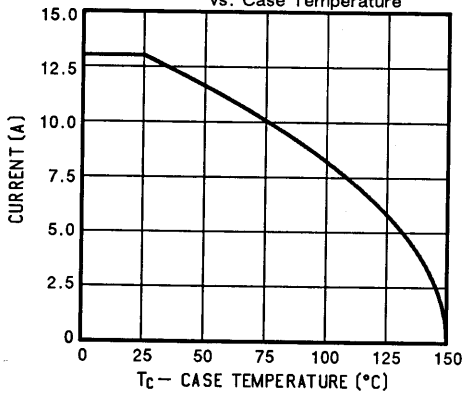


FIGURE 10: Safe Operating Area

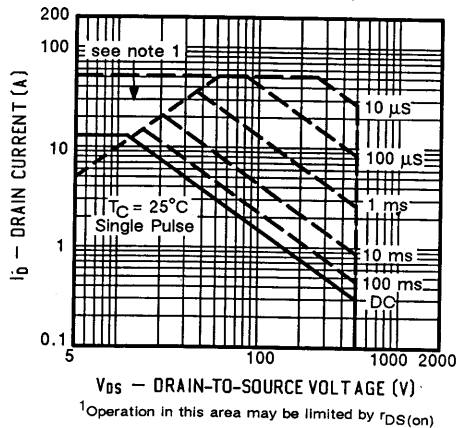


FIGURE 11: Normalized Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

