

High-Current, High-Power, High-Speed Silicon N-P-N Planar Transistors

Devices for Switching and Amplifier Circuits in Industrial and Commercial Applications

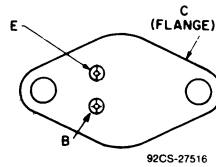
Features:

- Maximum operating area curves for dc and pulse operation
- Large-signal power amplification
- High-current fast switching

The RCA-BDY55 and BDY56 are epitaxial silicon n-p-n planar transistors. They differ in voltage ratings and leakage-current.

The high current-handling capability of these transistors in conjunction with fast switching speeds make them especially suited for switching-control amplifiers, power gates, switching regulators, converters, and inverters. Other recommended applications include dc-rf amplifiers and power oscillators. These transistors are supplied in the steel JEDEC TO-204AA hermetic package.

TERMINAL DESIGNATIONS



JEDEC TO-204AA

MAXIMUM RATINGS, Absolute-Maximum Values:

	BDY55	BDY56	
V_{CBO}	100	150	V
V_{CEO}	60	120	V
V_{EBO}	7	7	V
I_C	15	15	A
I_B	7	7	A
P_T			
$T_C = 25^\circ C$	117	117	W
T_{stg}, T_J	-65 to +200	-65 to +200	$^\circ C$
T_L			
At distances $\geq 1/32$ in. (0.8 mm) from seating plane for 10 s max.	230	230	$^\circ C$

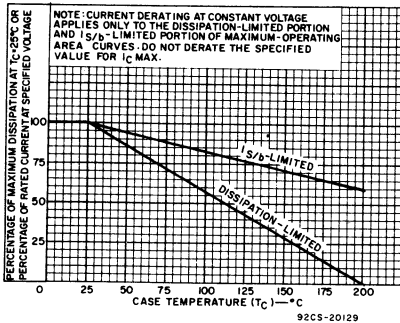


Fig. 1 - Dissipation derating curves for both types

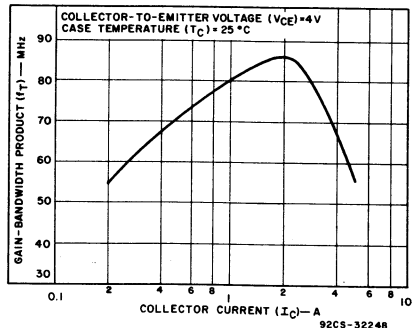


Fig. 2 - Typical gain-bandwidth product for both types.

BDY55, BDY56

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS, At Case Temperature (T_C) = 25 °C Unless Otherwise Specified.

CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITIONS					LIMITS				UNITS
	VOLTAGE V dc			CURRENT A dc		BDY55		BDY56		
	V_{CE}	V_{EB}	V_{BE}	I_C	I_B	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
I_{CEO}	30 60				0 0	— —	0.7 —	— —	— 0.5	mA
I_{CEV}	100 150		-1.5 -1.5			— —	5 —	— —	— 3	
At $T_C = 150\text{ °C}$	100 150		-1.5 -1.5			— —	30 —	— —	— 30	
I_{EBO}		7		0		—	5	—	3	mA
h_{FE}	4 4			4 ^a 10 ^a		20 10	70 —	20 10	70 —	
f_T	4			1		10	—	10	—	MHz
$V_{CEP(sus)}^b$				0.2	0	60	—	120	—	V
V_{BE}	4			4		—	1.8	—	1.8	
$V_{CE(sat)}$				4 10	4 3.3	— —	1.1 2.5	— —	1.1 2.5	
t_{ON} $V_{CC} = 50\text{ V}$				5	1.0	—	0.5	—	0.5	μS
t_{OFF} $V_{CC} = 50\text{ V}$				5	$I_{B1} = 1\text{ A}$ $I_{B2} = -0.5\text{ A}$	—	2	—	2	
$R_{\theta JC}$	10			10		—	1.5	—	1.5	°C/W

a Pulsed; pulse duration $\leq 350\ \mu\text{s}$, duty factor = 2%.

b CAUTION: The sustaining voltages $V_{CEP(sus)}$, *MUST NOT* be measured on a curve tracer. These sustaining voltages should be measured by means of the test circuit.

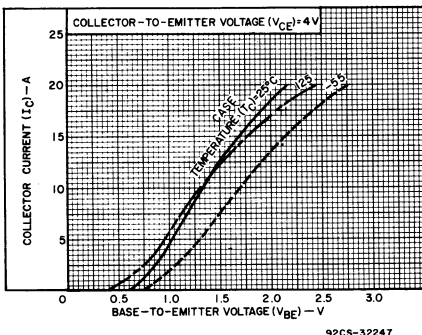


Fig. 3 - Typical transfer characteristics for both types.

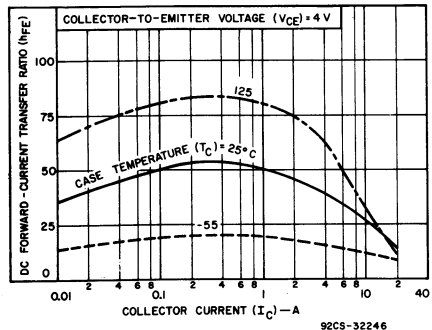


Fig. 4 - Typical dc beta characteristics for both types.

BDY55, BDY56

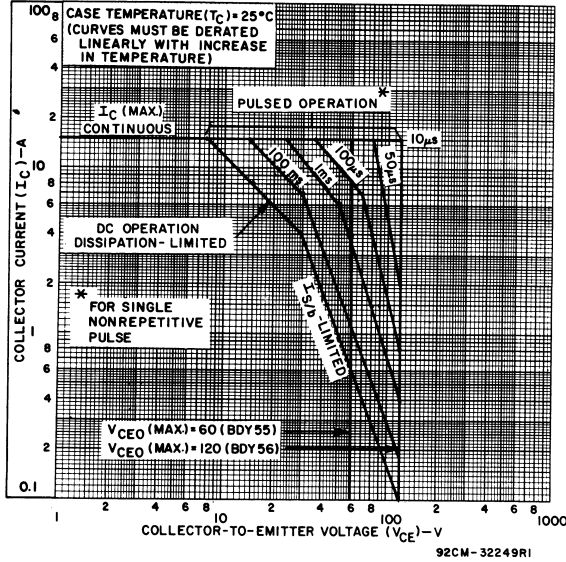


Fig. 5 - Maximum operating areas for both types.

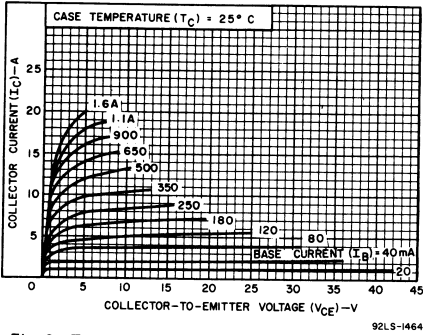


Fig. 6 - Typical output characteristics for both types.

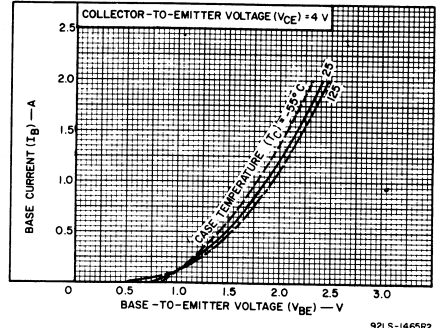


Fig. 7 - Typical input characteristics for both types.

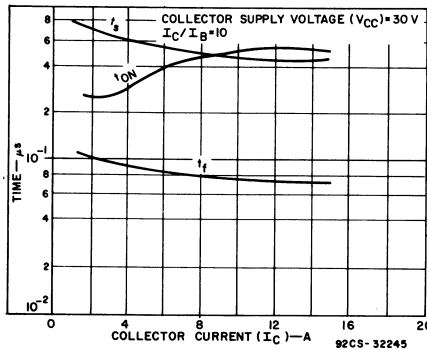


Fig. 8 - Switching-time characteristics as a function of collector current for both types.

BDY58R

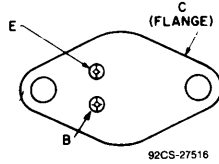
**Silicon N-P-N
Switching Transistors**

For Switching Applications in
Industrial and Commercial Equipment

Features:

- V_{CE0} — 160V
- I_C — 25 A
- P_T — 175 W

TERMINAL DESIGNATIONS



JEDEC TO-204AA

The RCA-BDY58R is a silicon n-p-n power transistor featuring fast switching speeds, low saturation voltage, and high safe-operating (SOA) ratings. It is specially designed for converters, inverters, pulse-width-modulated regulators, and a variety of power switching circuits.

The RCA-BDY58R transistor is supplied in a steel JEDEC TO-204AA hermetic package.

MAXIMUM RATINGS, Absolute-Maximum Values:

	BDY58R
V_{CB0}	250 V
V_{CE0}	160 V
V_{CEX}	250 V
$V_{BE} = -1.5$ V	8 V
V_{EBO}	25 A
I_C	50 A
I_{CM}	8 A
I_B	175 W
P_T	-65 to +200° C
At T_C up 25°	235° C
T_J, T_{stg}	
T_L	
At distances \geq 1/16 in. (1.58 mm) from case for 10 s max.	

BDY58R

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS, at Case Temperature (T_C) = 25°C
unless otherwise specified

CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITIONS				LIMITS			UNITS
	VOLTAGE V dc		CURRENT A dc		BDY58R			
	V_{CE}	V_{BE}	I_C	I_B	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I_{CBO}	$V_{CB} = 200$	—	—	0	—	0.1	1	mA
I_{CER} $R_{BE} = 10 \Omega$, $T_C = 100^\circ C$	180	—	—	—	—	10		
I_{EBO}	—	-5	0	—	—	0.1	0.5	
$V_{CEO(sus)}^b$	—	—	0.2 ^a	—	160 ^a	—	—	V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$ $I_E = 0.05 A$	—	—	0	—	8	—	—	
$V_{BE(sat)}$	—	—	10 ^a	1	—	0.9	2	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	—	—	10 ^a	1	—	0.2	1.4	
h_{FE}	4	—	10 ^a	—	20	—	60	
	4	—	20 ^a	—	—	20	—	
$T_C = -30^\circ C$	4	—	10 ^a	—	10	—	—	
f_T	15	—	1	—	10	48	—	MHz
t_{on}	V_{CC}	—	15	1.5	—	0.3	1	μs
t_{off} ($I_{B1} = I_{B2}$)		—	15	1.5	—	1.2	2	
$R_{\theta JC}$	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	$^\circ C/W$

^aPulsed, pulse duration = 300 μs , duty factor $\leq 2\%$.

^bCAUTION: Sustaining Voltage $V_{CEO(sus)}$ *MUST NOT* be measured on a curve tracer.

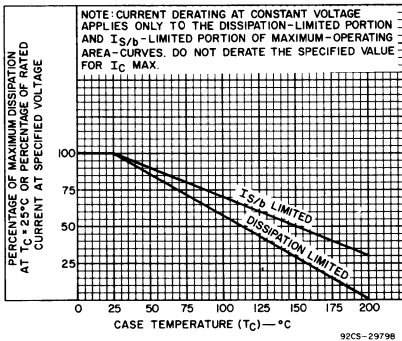


Fig. 1 — Dissipation and $I_{S/B}$ derating curve.

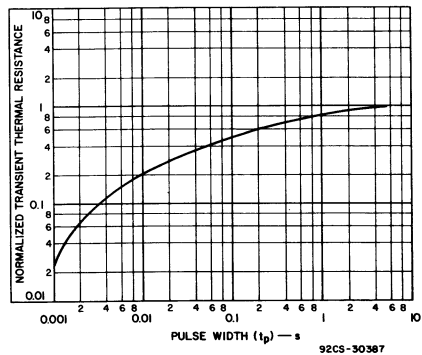


Fig. 2 — Typical thermal-response characteristic.

BDY58R

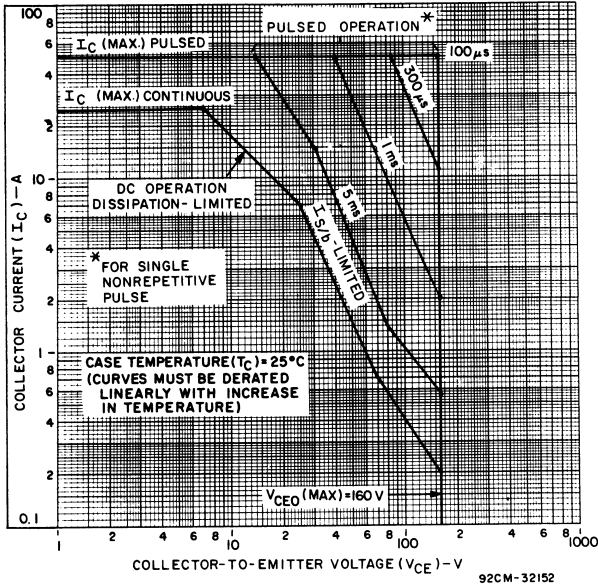


Fig. 3 — Maximum safe-operating areas ($T_C = 25^\circ C$).

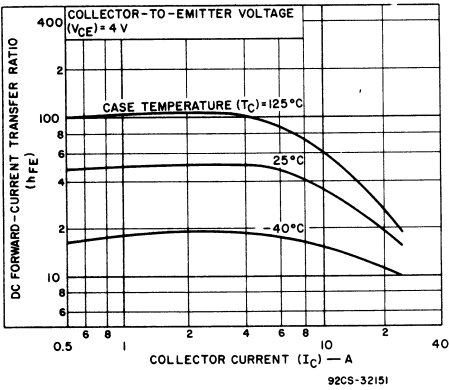


Fig. 4 — Typical dc beta characteristics.

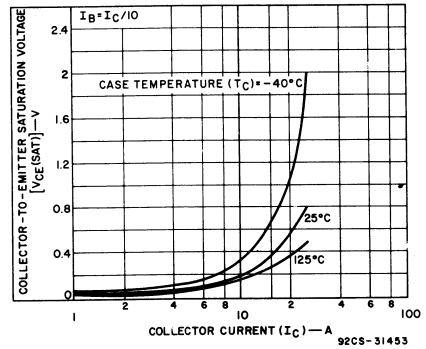


Fig. 5 — Typical collector-to-emitter saturation voltage characteristics.

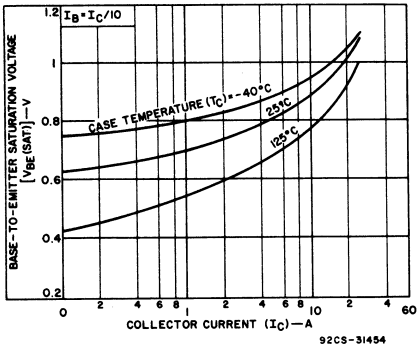


Fig. 6 — Typical base-to-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current.

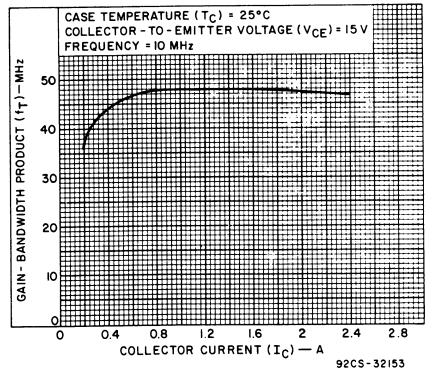


Fig. 7 — Typical gain-bandwidth product.

BDY58R

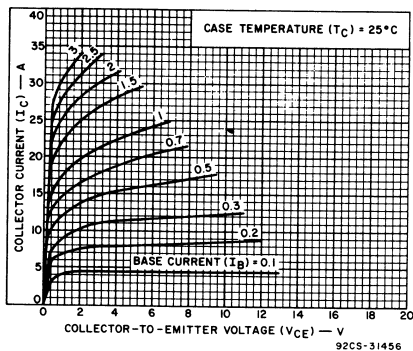


Fig. 8 — Typical output characteristics.

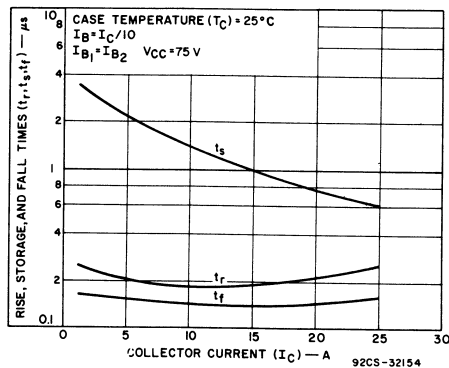


Fig. 9 — Typical saturated-switching-time characteristics as a function of collector current.

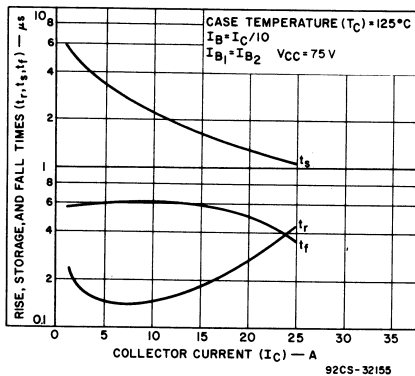


Fig. 10 — Typical switching-time characteristics at $T_C = 125^\circ C$ as a function of collector current.

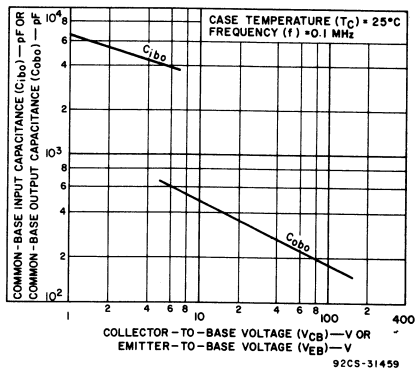


Fig. 11 — Typical common-base input (C_{ibo}) of output (C_{obo}) capacitance characteristics.