

# BD 195 BD 197 BD 199

## PLASTIC HIGH POWER SILICON NPN TRANSISTOR

... designed for use up to 30 Watt audio amplifiers utilizing complementary or quasi complementary circuits.

- DC Current Gain— $h_{FE} = 30$  (Min) @  $I_C = 1.15$  Adc
- BD 195, 197, 199 are complementary with BD 196, 198, 200

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Type	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	BD 195	30	Vdc
		BD 197	45	
		BD 199	60	
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	BD 195	40	Vdc
		BD 197	55	
		BD 199	70	
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$		5	Vdc
Collector Current	$I_C$		6.0	Adc
Base Current	$I_B$		2.5	Adc
Total Device Dissipation Derate above 25°C	$P_D$		65 522	Watts mW/°C
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$		-55 to +150	°C

### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$\theta_{JC}$	1.92	°C/W

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

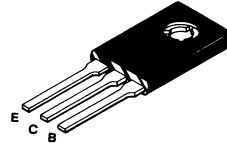
Characteristic	Symbol	Type	Min	Max	Unit
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage* ( $I_C = 0.1$ Adc, $I_B = 0$ )	$BV_{CEO}$ *	BD 195 BD 197 BD 199	30 45 60	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = 40$ Vdc, $I_E = 0$ ) ( $V_{CB} = 55$ Vdc, $I_E = 0$ ) ( $V_{CB} = 70$ Vdc, $I_E = 0$ )	$I_{CBO}$	BD 195 BD 197 BD 199	— — —	0.1 0.1 0.1	mAdc
Emitter Cutoff Current ( $V_{BE} = 5.0$ Vdc, $I_C = 0$ )	$I_{EBO}$		—	1.0	mAdc
DC current Gain ( $I_C = 1$ A, $V_{CE} = 2$ V) ( $I_C = 3$ A, $V_{CE} = 2$ V)	$h_{FE}$ *		30 15	—	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage* ( $I_C = 3$ Adc, $I_B = 0.3$ Adc)	$V_{CE(sat)}$ *		—	1.0	Vdc
Base-Emitter On Voltage* ( $I_C = 3$ Adc, $V_{CE} = 2.0$ Vdc)	$V_{BE(on)}$ *		—	1.6	Vdc
Current-Gain-Bandwidth Product ( $I_C = 1.0$ Adc, $V_{CE} = 10$ Vdc, $f = 1.0$ MHz)	$f_T$		2.0	—	MHz

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300$   $\mu$ s, Duty Cycle  $\leq 2.0\%$ .

## 6 AMPERE POWER TRANSISTOR

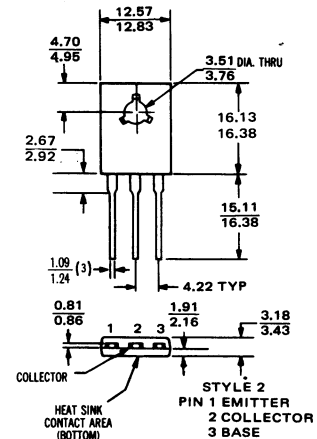
### NPN SILICON

30, 45, 60 VOLTS  
65 WATTS



### HARDWARE AVAILABLE:

1. MICA WASHER—14B 52 600 F03
2. LOCK WASHER—04A 52 200 F02



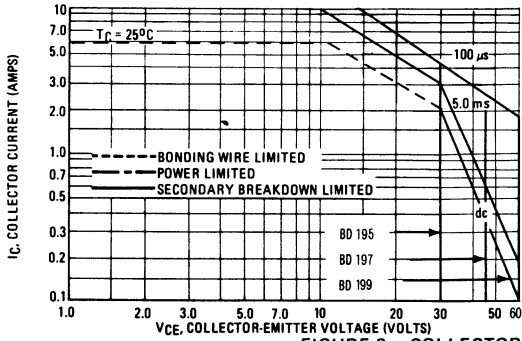
When mounting the device, torque not to exceed 0.09 m-kg.

If lead bending is required, use suitable clamps or other supports between transistor case and point of bend.

CASE 90 - 05 (2)

Dimensions in millimeters

FIGURE 1 - ACTIVE-REGION SAFE OPERATING AREA



The Safe Operating Area Curves indicate  $I_C$ - $V_{CE}$  limits below which the device will not enter secondary breakdown. Collector load lines for specific circuits must fall within the applicable Safe Area to avoid causing a catastrophic failure. To insure operation below the maximum  $T_J$ , power-temperature derating must be observed for both steady state and pulse power conditions.

FIGURE 2 - COLLECTOR SATURATION REGION

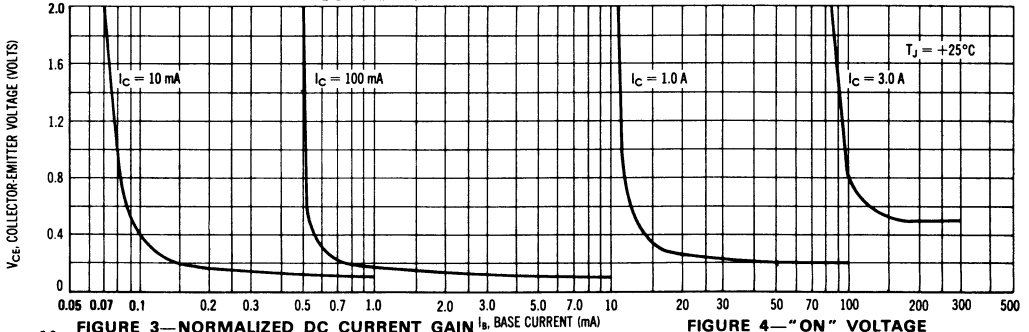


FIGURE 3 - NORMALIZED DC CURRENT GAIN

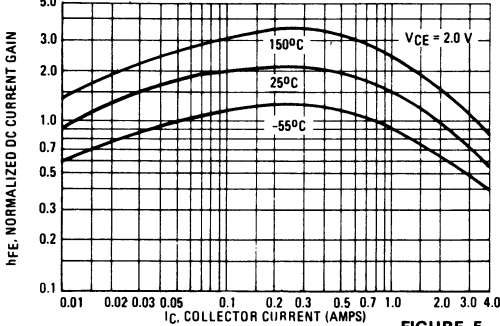


FIGURE 4 - "ON" VOLTAGE

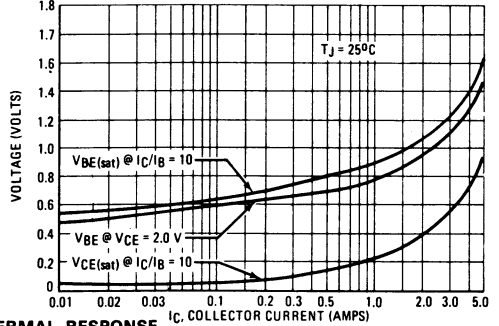
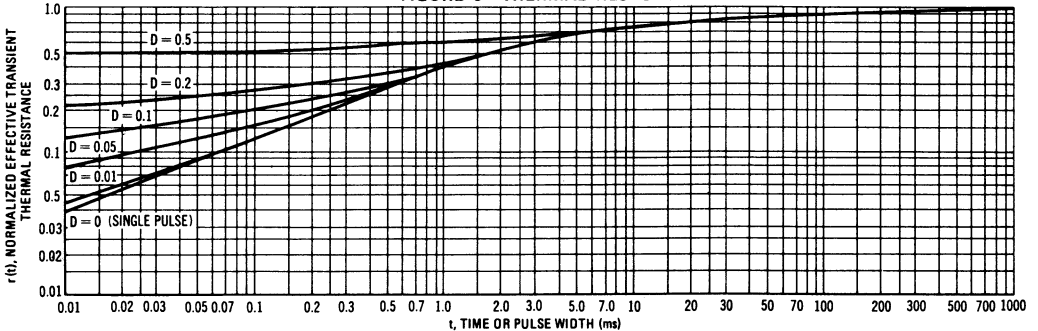


FIGURE 5 - THERMAL RESPONSE



# BD 196 BD 198 BD 200

## PLASTIC HIGH POWER SILICON PNP TRANSISTOR

... designed for use up to 30 Watt audio amplifiers utilizing complementary or quasi complementary circuits.

- DC Current— $h_{FE} = 30$  (Min) @  $I_C = 1$  Adc
- BD 196, 198, 200 are complementary with BD 195, 197, 199

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Type	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	BD 196	30	Vdc
		BD 198	45	
		BD 200	60	
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	BD 196	40	Vdc
		BD 198	55	
		BD 200	70	
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$		5	Vdc
Collector Current	$I_C$		6.0	Adc
Base Current	$I_B$		2.5	Adc
Total Device Dissipation Derate above 25°C	$P_D$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	65	Watts
			522	
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$		-55 to +150	°C

### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$\theta_{JC}$	1.92	°C/W

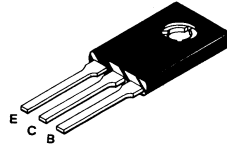
### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Type	Min	Max	Unit
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage* ( $I_C = 0.1$ Adc, $I_B = 0$ )	$V_{CEO}^*$	BD 196 BD 198 BD 200	30 45 60	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = 40$ Vdc, $I_E = 0$ ) ( $V_{CB} = 55$ Vdc, $I_E = 0$ ) ( $V_{CB} = 70$ Vdc, $I_E = 0$ )	$I_{CBO}$	BD 196 BD 198 BD 200	— — —	0.1 0.1 0.1	mAdc
Emitter Cutoff Current ( $V_{BE} = 5.0$ Vdc, $I_C = 0$ )	$I_{EBO}$		—	1.0	mAdc
DC current Gain ( $I_C = 1$ A, $V_{CE} = 2$ V) ( $I_C = 3$ A, $V_{CE} = 2$ V)	$h_{FE}^*$		30 15	—	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage* ( $I_C = 3.0$ Adc, $I_B = 0.3$ Adc)	$V_{CE(sat)}^*$		—	1.0	Vdc
Base-Emitter On Voltage* ( $I_C = 3.0$ Adc, $V_{CE} = 2.0$ Vdc)	$V_{BE(on)}^*$		—	1.6	Vdc
Current-Gain-Bandwidth Product ( $I_C = 1.0$ Adc, $V_{CE} = 10$ Vdc, $f = 1.0$ MHz)	$f_T$		2.0	—	MHz

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300$   $\mu\text{s}$ . Duty Cycle  $\leq 2.0\%$ .

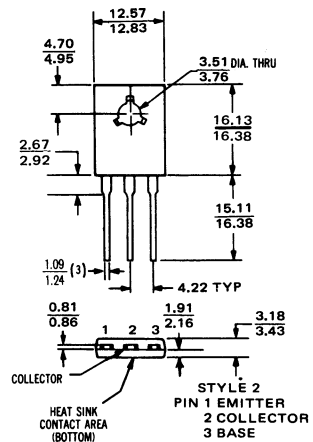
## 6 AMPERE POWER TRANSISTOR PNP SILICON

30, 45, 60 VOLTS  
65 WATTS



### HARDWARE AVAILABLE:

1. MICA WASHER—14B 52 600 F03
2. LOCK WASHER—04A 52 200 F02



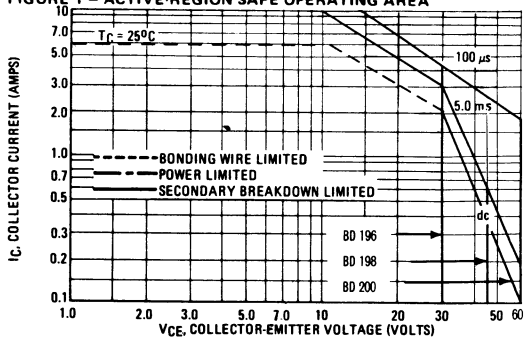
When mounting the device, torque not to exceed 0.09 m-kg.

If lead bending is required, use suitable clamps or other supports between transistor case and point of bend

CASE 90 - 05 (2)

Dimensions in millimeters

FIGURE 1 - ACTIVE-REGION SAFE OPERATING AREA



The Safe Operating Area Curves indicate  $I_C$ - $V_{CE}$  limits below which the device will not enter secondary breakdown. Collector load lines for specific circuits must fall within the applicable Safe Area to avoid causing a catastrophic failure. To insure operation below the maximum  $T_J$ , power-temperature derating must be observed for both steady state and pulse power conditions.

FIGURE 2 - COLLECTOR SATURATION REGION

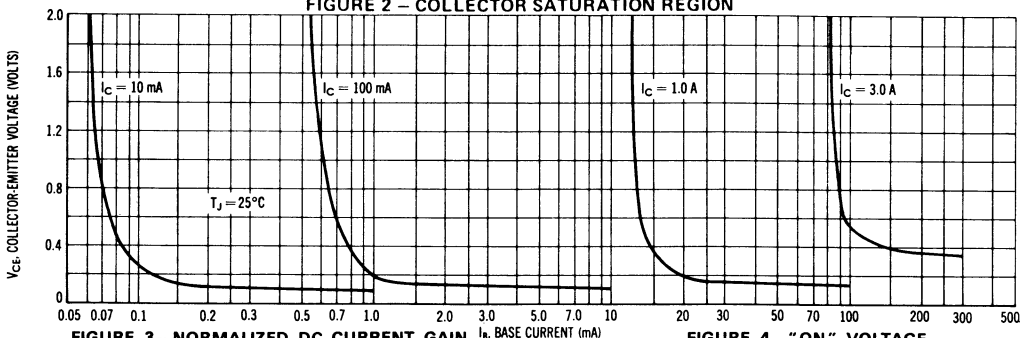


FIGURE 3 - NORMALIZED DC CURRENT GAIN

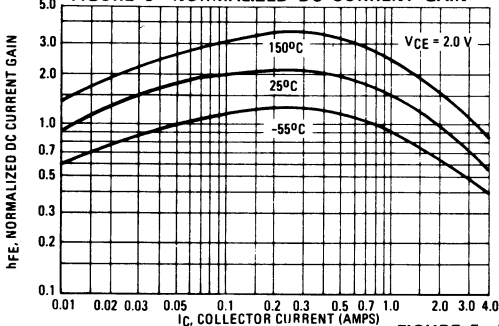


FIGURE 4 - "ON" VOLTAGE

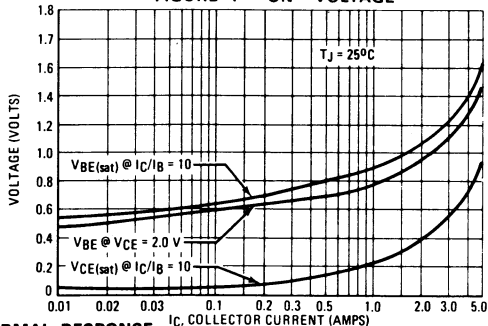
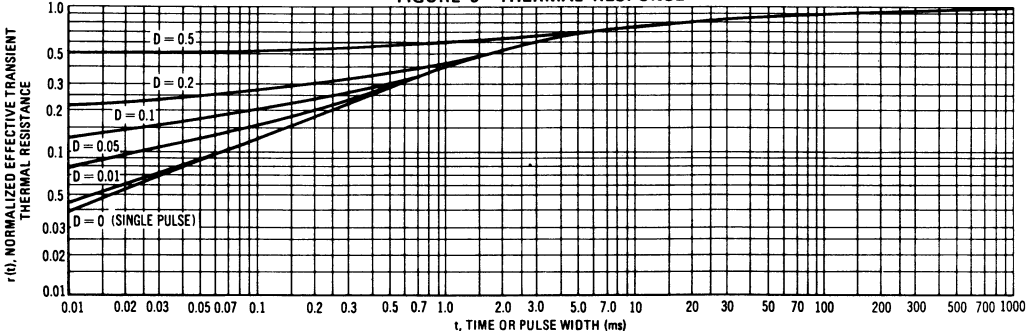


FIGURE 5 - THERMAL RESPONSE



# BD 205 BD 207

## PLASTIC HIGH POWER SILICON NPN TRANSISTOR

... designed for use in high power audio amplifiers utilizing complementary or quasi complementary circuits.

- DC Current Gain— $h_{FE} = 30$  (Min) @  $I_C = 2.0$  Adc
- BD 205, 207 are complementary with BD 206, 208

## 10 AMPERE POWER TRANSISTOR

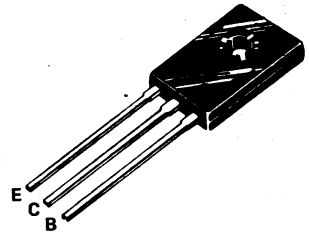
NPN SILICON

45, 60 VOLTS  
90 WATTS

APRIL 1970—E-013

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Type	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	BD 205 BD 207	45 60	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	BD 205 BD 207	55 70	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$		5	Vdc
Collector Current	$I_C$		10.0	Adc
Base Current	$I_B$		6.0	Adc
Total Device Dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$		90 720	Watts mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$		-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$



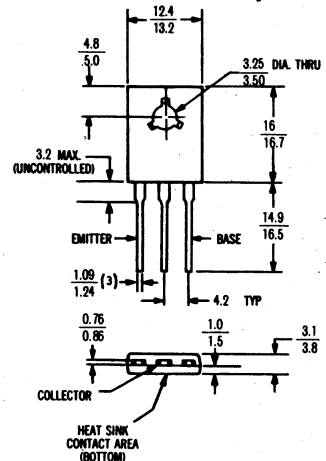
### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$\theta_{JC}$	1.39	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Type	Min	Max	Unit
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage* ( $I_C = 0.2$ Adc, $I_B = 0$ )	$V_{CEO}$	BD 205 BD 207	45 60	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = 55$ Vdc, $I_E = 0$ ) ( $V_{CB} = 70$ Vdc, $I_E = 0$ )	$I_{CBO}$	BD 205 BD 207	—	1.0 1.0	mAdc
Emitter Cutoff Current ( $V_{BE} = 5.0$ Vdc, $I_C = 0$ )	$I_{EBO}$		—	2.0	mAdc
DC current Gain ( $I_C = 2$ A, $V_{CE} = 2$ V) ( $I_C = 4$ A, $V_{CE} = 2$ V)	$h_{FE}$		30 15	—	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage* ( $I_C = 4$ Adc, $I_B = 0.4$ Adc)	$V_{CE(sat)}$		—	1.1	Vdc
Base-Emitter On Voltage* ( $I_C = 4$ Adc, $V_{CE} = 2.0$ Vdc)	$V_{BE(on)}$		—	1.6	Vdc
Current-Gain-Bandwidth Product ( $I_C = 1.0$ Adc, $V_{CE} = 10$ Vdc, $f = 1.0$ MHz)	$f_T$		1.5	—	MHz

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300$   $\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2.0\%$ .



When mounting the device, torque not to exceed 0.09 m-kg.

If lead bending is required, use suitable clamps or other supports between transistor case and point of bend.

All dimensions in millimeters

CASE 90

FIGURE 1 — ACTIVE REGION DC SAFE OPERATING AREA

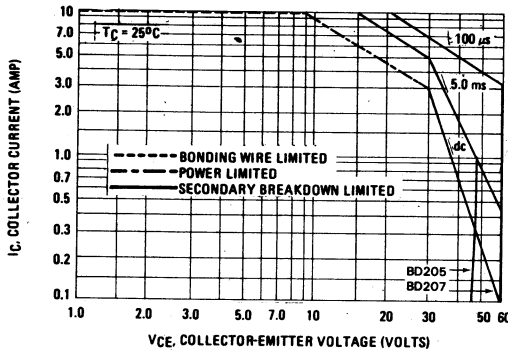


FIGURE 2 — POWER-TEMPERATURE DERATING CURVE

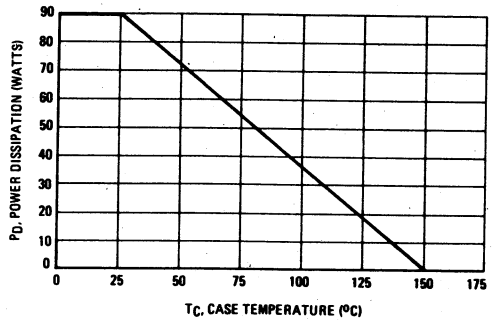


FIGURE 3 — "ON" VOLTAGES

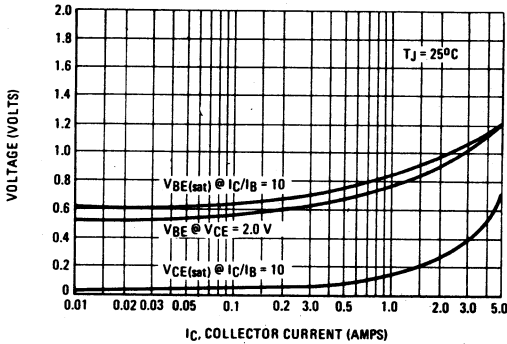


FIGURE 4 — CURRENT GAIN

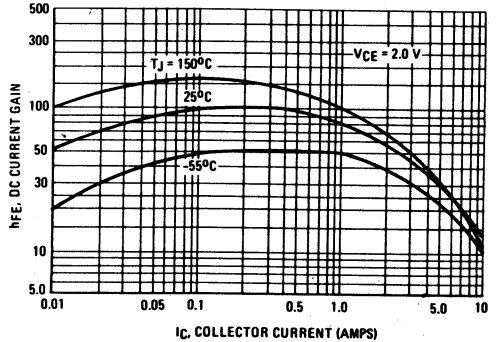
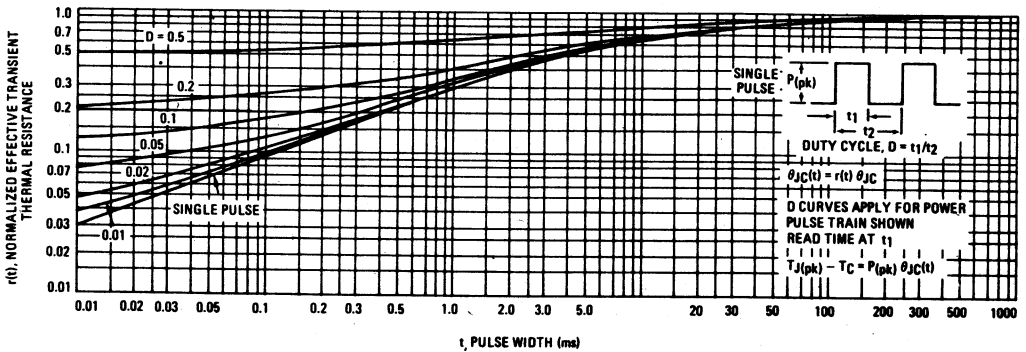


FIGURE 5 — THERMAL RESPONSE



**BD 206**  
**BD 208**

**PLASTIC HIGH POWER  
SILICON PNP TRANSISTOR**

... designed for use in high power audio amplifiers utilizing complementary or quasi complementary circuits.

- DC Current— $h_{FE} = 30$  (Min) @  $I_C = 2.0$  Adc
- BD 206, 208 are complementary with BD 205, 207

**10 AMPERE  
POWER TRANSISTOR**

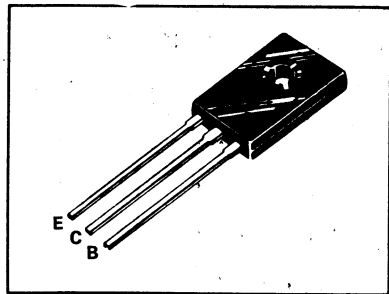
**PNP SILICON**

**45, 60 VOLTS  
90 WATTS**

APRIL 1970—E-012

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Type	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	BD 206 BD 208	45 60	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	BD 206 BD 208	55 70	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$		5	Vdc
Collector Current	$I_C$		10.0	Adc
Base Current	$I_B$		6.0	Adc
Total Device Dissipation Derate above 25°C	$P_D$		90 720	Watts mW/°C
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$		-55 to +150	°C

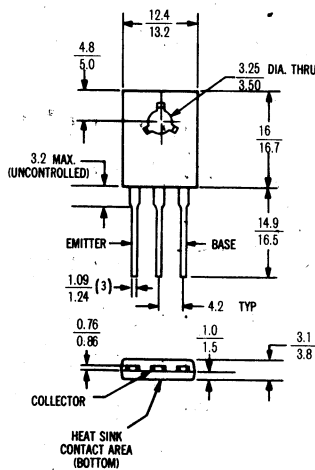


**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$\theta_{JC}$	1.39	°C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Type	Min	Max	Unit
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage* ( $I_C = 0.2$ Adc, $I_B = 0$ )	$BV_{CEO}$	BD 206 BD 208	45 60	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = 55$ Vdc, $I_E = 0$ ) ( $V_{CB} = 70$ Vdc, $I_E = 0$ )	$I_{CBO}$	BD 206 BD 208	—	1.0 1.0	mAdc
Emitter Cutoff Current ( $V_{BE} = 5.0$ Vdc, $I_C = 0$ )	$I_{EBO}$		—	2.0	mAdc
DC current Gain ( $I_C = 2A, V_{CE} = 2V$ ) ( $I_C = 4A, V_{CE} = 2V$ )	$h_{FE}$		30 15	—	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage* ( $I_C = 4$ Adc, $I_B = 0.4$ Adc)	$V_{CE(sat)}$		—	1.1	Vdc
Base-Emitter On Voltage* ( $I_C = 4$ Adc, $V_{CE} = 2.0$ Vdc)	$V_{BE(on)}$		—	1.6	Vdc
Current-Gain-Bandwidth Product ( $I_C = 1.0$ Adc, $V_{CE} = 10$ Vdc, $f = 1.0$ MHz)	$f_T$		1.5	—	MHz



When mounting the device, torque not to exceed 0.09 m.kg.

If lead bending is required, use suitable clamps or other supports between transistor case and point of bend.

All dimensions in millimeters

CASE 90

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{s}$ . Duty Cycle  $\leq 2.0\%$ .

FIGURE 1 — ACTIVE REGION DC SAFE OPERATING AREA

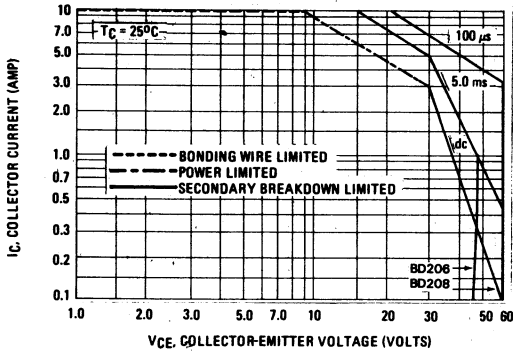


FIGURE 2 — POWER-TEMPERATURE DERATING CURVE

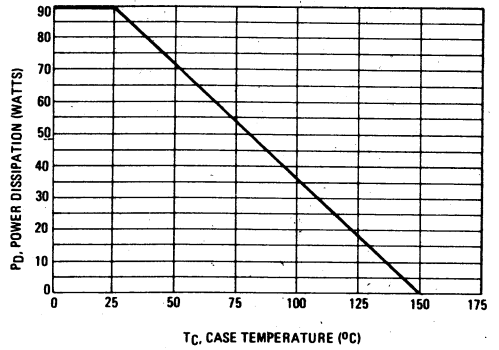


FIGURE 3 — "ON" VOLTAGES

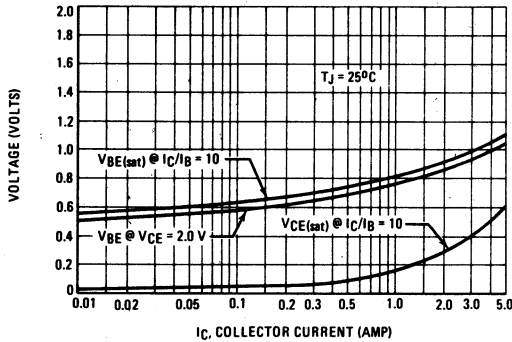


FIGURE 4 — CURRENT GAIN

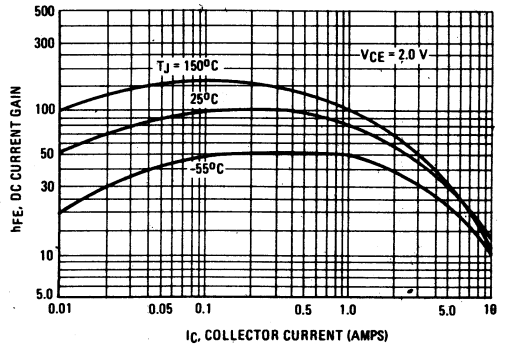
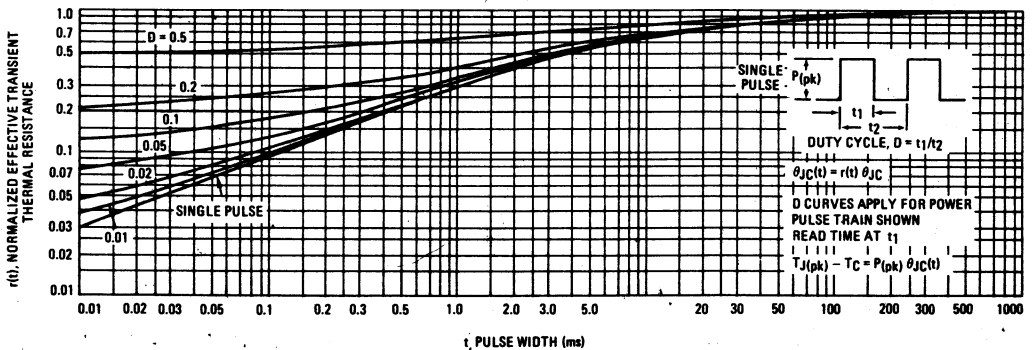


FIGURE 5 — THERMAL RESPONSE





NPN  
**BD311**  
 PNP  
**BD312**

**COMPLEMENTARY SILICON  
 HIGH-POWER TRANSISTORS**

... designed for high quality amplifiers operating up to 60 Watts into 4 ohm load.

- High DC Current Gain
- Excellent Safe Operating Area
- High Current Gain – Bandwidth Product – Typical  
 $f_T = 4.0 \text{ MHz @ } I_C = 0.5 \text{ A}$

**10 AMPERE  
 COMPLEMENTARY SILICON  
 POWER TRANSISTORS**

**60 VOLTS  
 115 WATTS**

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

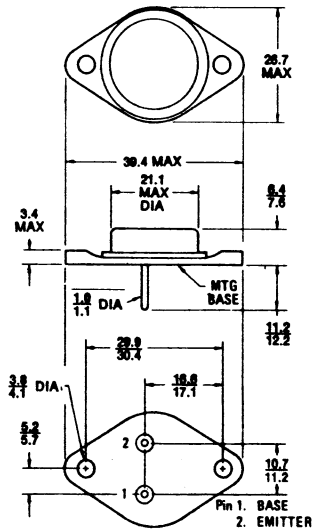
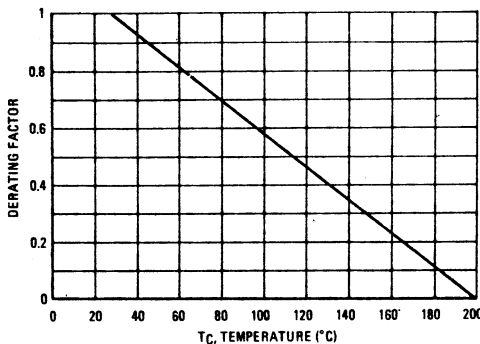
Rating	Symbol	BD311/312	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	60	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CB}$	60	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EB}$	5.0	Vdc
Collector Current – Continuous Peak	$I_C$	10 20	Adc
Base Current	$I_B$	4.0	Adc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	115 0.658	Watts W/°C
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	°C

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Max.	Unit.
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$\theta_{JC}$	1.52	°C/W



**FIGURE 1 – POWER DERATING**



Dimensions in millimeters  
 Collector connected to case

CASE 11  
 TO-3

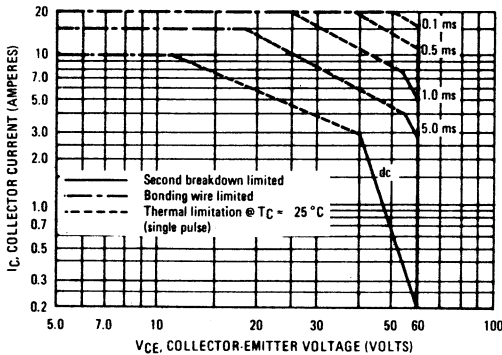
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS\*** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit.
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage <sup>1</sup> ( $I_C = 200\text{ mA dc}$ , $I_B = 0$ )	$V_{CE(sus)}$	60		Vdc
Collector-Base Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = \text{Rated } V_{CB}$ , $I_E = 0$ )	$I_{CBO}$		1.0	mA dc
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current ( $V_{BE} = 7.0\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = 0$ )	$I_{EBO}$		1.0	mA dc
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS<sup>1</sup></b>				
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 5.0\text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 10\text{ A dc}$ , $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ Vdc}$ )	$H_{FE}$	25 5		—
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 5.0\text{ A dc}$ , $I_B = 0.5\text{ A dc}$ )	$V_{CE(sat)}$		1.0	Vdc
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 5.0\text{ A dc}$ , $I_B = 0.5\text{ A dc}$ )	$V_{BE(sat)}$		1.8	Vdc
Base-Emitter On Voltage ( $I_C = 5.0\text{ A dc}$ , $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ Vdc}$ )	$V_{BE(on)}$		1.5	Vdc
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS<sup>1</sup></b>				
Current-Gain — Bandwidth Product <sup>2</sup> ( $I_C = 0.5\text{ A dc}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ , $f_{test} = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ )	$f_T$	4.0		MHz
<b>SECOND BREAKDOWN</b>				
Second Breakdown Collector Current ( $V_{CE} = 39\text{ Vdc}$ , $t = 0.5\text{ sec.}$ ) ( $V_{CE} = 50\text{ Vdc}$ , $t = 0.5\text{ sec.}$ )	$I_{S/B}$	2.95 0.60		A dc

<sup>1</sup> Pulse test: Pulse width  $< 300\ \mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle  $\geq 2\%$

<sup>2</sup>  $f_T = I_{hfe} / f_{test}$

**FIGURE 2 — ACTIVE REGION SAFE OPERATING AREA**



There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate  $I_C - V_{CE}$  limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation, i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10%.

At high case temperatures, thermal limitation may reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.

PNP DEVICE  
BD312

NPN DEVICE  
BD311

FIGURE 3 - DC CURRENT GAIN

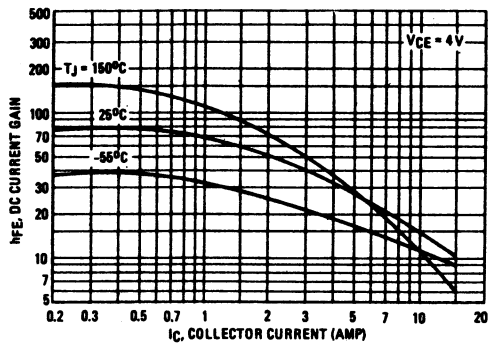
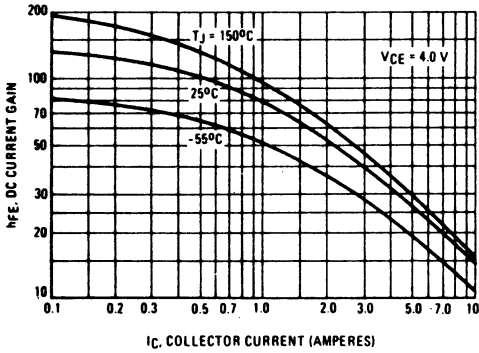
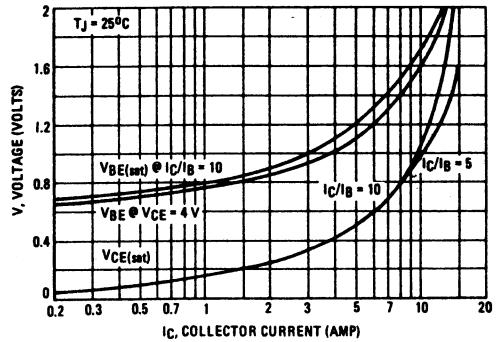
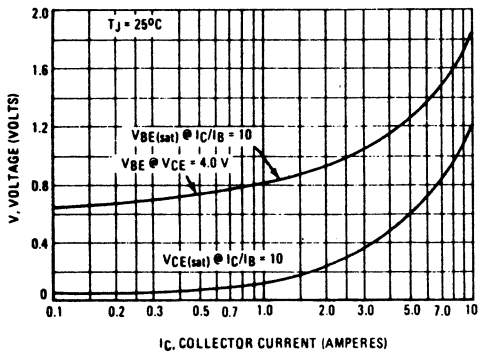


FIGURE 4 - "ON" VOLTAGES





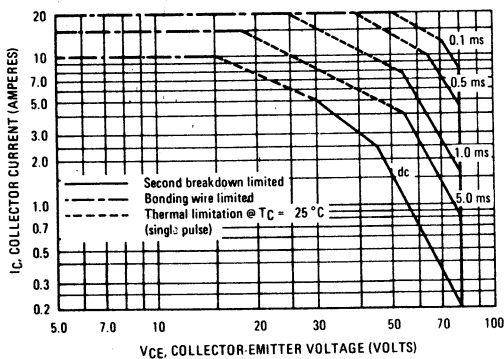
**ELECTIRCAL CHARACTERISTICS\*** ( $T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit.
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage <sup>1</sup> ( $I_C = 200\text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 0$ )	$V_{CE(sus)}$	80		Vdc
Collector-Base Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = \text{Rated } V_{CB}$ , $I_E = 0$ )	$I_{CBO}$		1.0	mAdc
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current ( $V_{BE} = 7.0\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = 0$ )	$I_{EBO}$		1.0	mAdc
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS<sup>1</sup></b>				
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 4.0\text{ Adc}$ , $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 10\text{ Adc}$ , $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ Vdc}$ )	HFE	25 5		—
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 5.0\text{ Adc}$ , $I_B = 0.5\text{ Adc}$ )	$V_{CE(sat)}$		1.0	Vdc
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 5.0\text{ Adc}$ , $I_B = 0.5\text{ Adc}$ )	$V_{BE(sat)}$		1.8	Vdc
Base-Emitter On Voltage ( $I_C = 5.0\text{ Adc}$ , $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ Vdc}$ )	$V_{BE(on)}$		1.5	Vdc
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS<sup>1</sup></b>				
Current-Gain – Bandwidth Product <sup>2</sup> ( $I_C = 0.5\text{ Adc}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ , $f_{test} = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ )	$f_T$	4.0		MHz
<b>SECOND BREAKDOWN</b>				
Second Breakdown Collector Current ( $V_{CE} = 30\text{ Vdc}$ , $t = 0.5\text{ sec.}$ ) ( $V_{CE} = 50\text{ Vdc}$ , $t = 0.1\text{ sec.}$ )	$I_{S/B}$	5 1.5		Adc

<sup>1</sup> Pulse test: Pulse width  $\leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle  $\geq 2\%$

<sup>2</sup>  $f_T = h_{fe} \cdot f_{test}$

**FIGURE 2 – ACTIVE REGION SAFE OPERATING AREA**



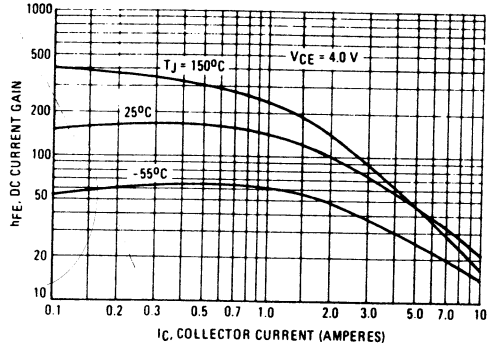
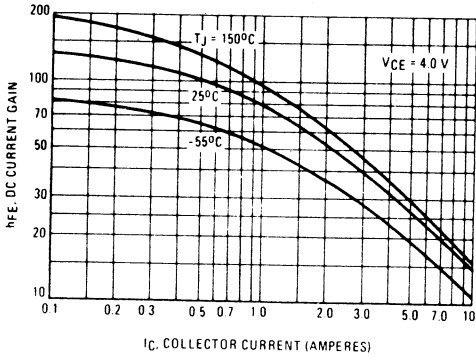
There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate  $I_C - V_{CE}$  limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation, i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10%.

At high case temperatures, thermal limitation may reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.

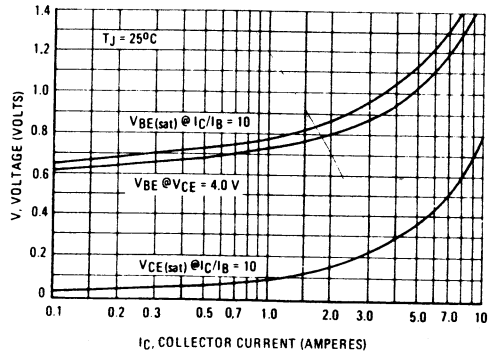
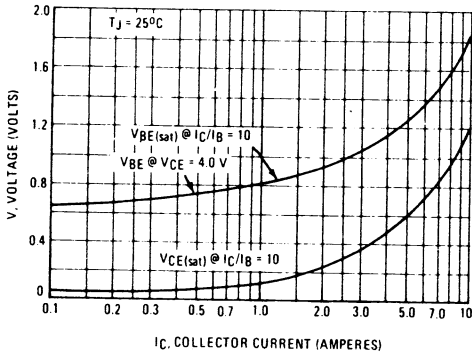
**PNP DEVICE  
BD314**

**NPN DEVICE  
BD313**

**FIGURE 3 — DC CURRENT GAIN**



**FIGURE 4 — "ON" VOLTAGES**



**BD315 • BD316**

**BD317 • BD318**

**COMPLEMENTARY SILICON  
HIGH-POWER TRANSISTORS**

... designed for high quality amplifiers operating up to 100 Watts into 4 ohm load with BD315, BD316 and into 8 ohm load with BD317, BD318.

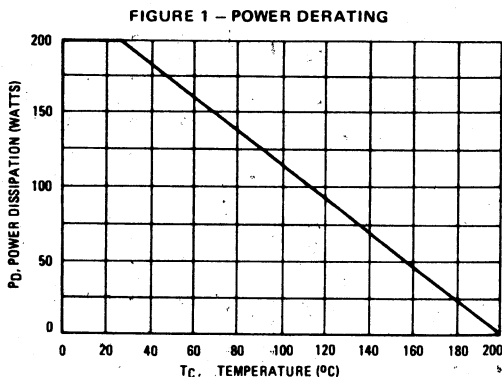
- High DC Current Gain
- Excellent Safe Operating Area
- High Current Gain — Bandwidth Product — Typical  
 $f_T = 2.0 \text{ MHz} @ I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	BD315 BD316	BD317 BD318	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	80	100	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CB}$	80	100	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EB}$	7.0		Vdc
Collector Current — Continuous Peak	$I_C$	16 20		Adc
Base Current — Continuous	$I_B$	5.0		Adc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	200 1.14		Watts W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$	-65 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$

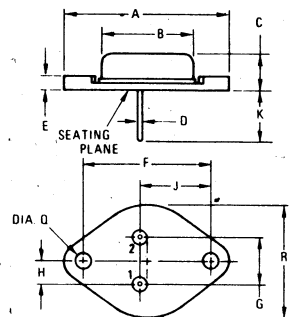
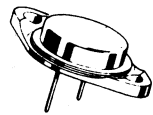
**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$\theta_{JC}$	0.875	$^\circ\text{C/W}$



**16 AMPERE  
COMPLEMENTARY SILICON  
POWER TRANSISTORS**

**80-100 VOLTS  
200 WATTS**



STYLE 1:  
 PIN 1. BASE  
 2. EMITTER  
 CASE: COLLECTOR  
 NOTE: 1. DIM "D" IS DIA

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A		39.37		1.550
B		21.08		0.830
C	6.35	7.62	0.250	0.300
D	0.99	1.09	0.039	0.043
E		3.43		0.135
F	29.90	30.40	1.177	1.197
G	10.67	11.18	0.420	0.440
H	5.33	5.59	0.210	0.220
J	16.84	17.15	0.655	0.675
K	11.18	12.19	0.440	0.480
Q	3.84	4.09	0.151	0.161
R		26.67		1.050

Collector connected to case

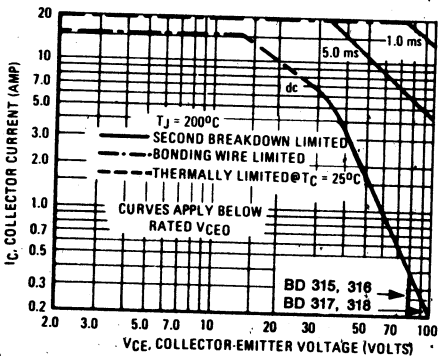
**CASE 11 (TO-3)**

\* ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage (1) ( $I_C = 200 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 0$ )	BD315, BD316 BD317, BD318 $V_{CE(sust)}$	80 100	—	Vdc
Collector-Base Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = \text{Rated } V_{CB}$ , $I_E = 0$ )	$I_{CBO}$	—	1.0	mAdc
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current ( $V_{BE} = 7.0 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = 0$ )	$I_{EBO}$	—	1.0	mAdc
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS (1)</b>				
DC Current Gain $I_C = 5.0 \text{ Adc}$ , $V_{CE} = 4.0 \text{ Vdc}$ $I_C = 8.0 \text{ Adc}$ , $V_{CE} = 4.0 \text{ Vdc}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ Adc}$ , $V_{CE} = 4.0 \text{ Vdc}$	BD317, BD318 BD315, BD316 All Types $h_{FE}$	25 25 15	—	—
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage $I_C = 8.0 \text{ Adc}$ , $I_B = 0.8 \text{ Adc}$	$V_{CE(sat)}$	—	1.0	Vdc
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage $I_C = 8.0 \text{ Adc}$ , $I_B = 0.8 \text{ Adc}$	$V_{BE(sat)}$	—	1.8	Vdc
Base-Emitter On Voltage ( $I_C = 8.0 \text{ Adc}$ , $V_{CE} = 2.0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	$V_{BE(on)}$	—	1.5	Vdc
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
Current-Gain—Bandwidth Product (2) ( $I_C = 1.0 \text{ Adc}$ , $V_{CE} = 20 \text{ Vdc}$ , $f_{rest} = 0.5 \text{ MHz}$ )	$f_T$	1.0	—	MHz

(1) Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle  $> 2.0\%$ .  
 (2)  $f_T = |h_{fe}| \cdot f_{rest}$ .

FIGURE 2 — ACTIVE REGION SAFE OPERATING AREA



There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate  $I_C - V_{CE}$  limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation, i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate.

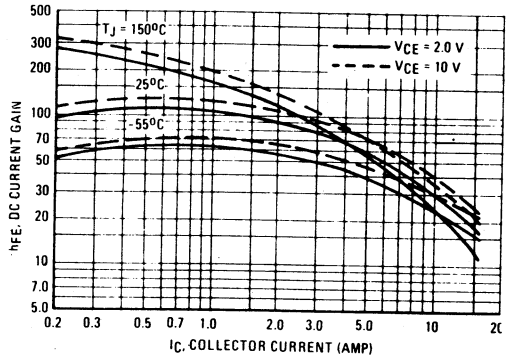
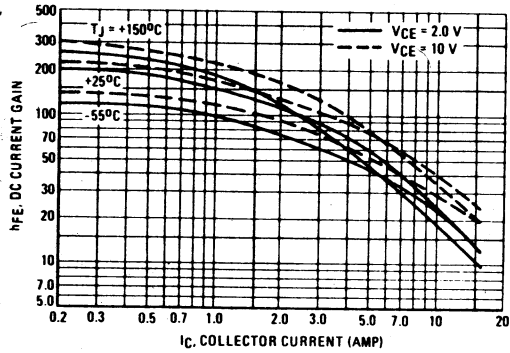
The data of Figure 2 is based on  $T_{j(pk)} = 200^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $T_C$  is variable depending on conditions. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% provided  $T_{j(pk)} < 200^\circ\text{C}$ . At high case temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown. (See AN-415).



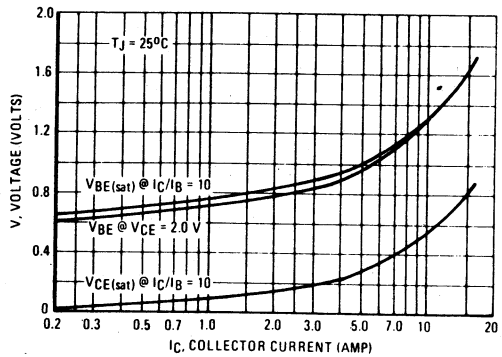
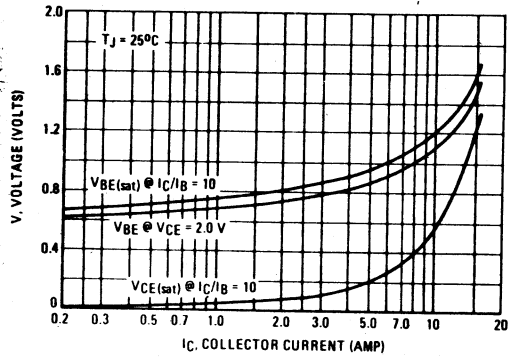
**PNP DEVICES**  
BD316 and BD318

**NPN DEVICES**  
BD315 and BD317

**FIGURE 3 — DC CURRENT GAIN**



**FIGURE 4 — "ON" VOLTAGES**



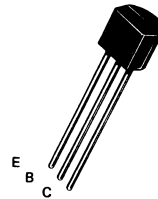
# BC 347 BC 348 BC 349

## NPN SILICON ANNULAR\* TRANSISTORS

... designed for general-purpose use in audio, radio, and television applications.

- High Breakdown Voltage—  
 $BV_{CEO} = 20, 30, 45 \text{ Vdc (Min) @ } I_C = 1.0 \text{ mAdc}$
- Low Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage—  
 $V_{CE(sat)} = 0.25 \text{ Vdc (Max) @ } I_C = 10 \text{ mAdc}$
- Low Output Capacitance—  
 $C_{ob} = 4.0 \text{ pF (Max) @ } V_{CB} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$
- Complementary to PNP BC 350, BC 351, BC 352
- One-Piece, Injection-Molded Unibloc† Package

## NPN SILICON AMPLIFIER TRANSISTORS



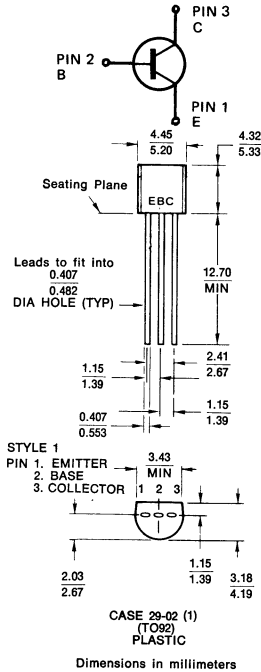
### MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Type	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	BC 347 BC 348 BC 349	45 30 20	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EB}$		5.0	Vdc
Collector Current - Continuous	$I_C$		100	mAdc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$		350 2.81	mW mW/°C
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature range	$T_J, T_{stg}$		-55 to +135	°C

### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	$\theta_{JA}$	357	°C/W

\*Annular Semiconductors Patented by Motorola Inc.  
 †Trademark of Motorola Inc.



**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Type	Min.	Max.	Unit
----------------	--------	------	------	------	------

**OFF CHARACTERISTICS**

Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA dc}, I_B = 0$ )	$BV_{CEO}$	BC347 BC348 BC349	45 30 20	—	Vdc
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A dc}, I_E = 0$ )	$BV_{CBO}$	BC347 BC348 BC349	50 40 30	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 100 \mu\text{A dc}, I_C = 0$ )	$BV_{EBO}$		5	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = 20 \text{ V dc}, I_E = 0$ )	$I_{CBO}$		—	100	nAdc

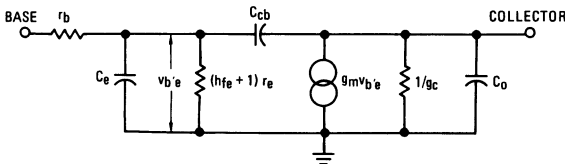
**ON CHARACTERISTICS**

DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA dc}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V dc}$ )	$h_{FE}$		40	450	—
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mA dc}, I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA dc}$ )	$V_{CE(sat)}$		—	0.25	Vdc

**DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

Current-Gain-Bandwidth Product ( $I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA dc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V dc}, f = 100 \text{ MHz}$ )	$f_T$		125		MHz
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V dc}, I_E = 0, f = 100 \text{ kHz}$ )	$C_{ob}$			4.0	pF

**FIGURE 1 – SIMPLIFIED AC EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT (Common Emitter)**



**Note:**

Data is presented in terms of the equivalent circuit shown in Figure 1. Values for its components may be found or calculated as follows:

$$r_b' \text{ -- See Figure 8}$$

$$r_e = 26 \text{ mV}/I_E$$

$$C_e = \frac{1}{2\pi f_t r_e}$$

$$C_{cb} = C_{ob} - 0.2 \text{ pF (See Figure 6)}$$

$$g_m = 1/r_e$$

$$g_c = (h_{fe} + 1) h_{ob} \text{ (See Figures 2 \& 7)}$$

$$C_o = 0.2 \text{ pF}$$

Low frequency h parameters may be found from:

$$h_{ie} = r_b' + (h_{fe} + 1) r_e$$

$$h_{fe} = \text{See Figure 2}$$

$$h_{re} = \text{Negligible}$$

$$h_{oe} = (h_{fe} + 1) h_{ob}$$

**FIGURE 2 – SMALL SIGNAL CURRENT GAIN**

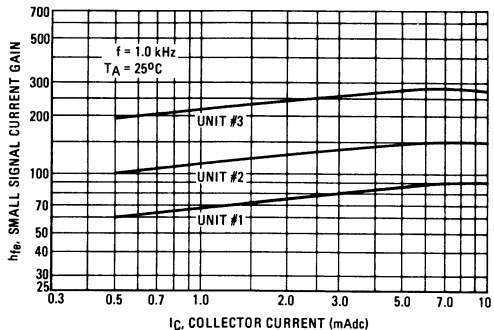


FIGURE 3 – NORMALIZED QC CURRENT GAIN

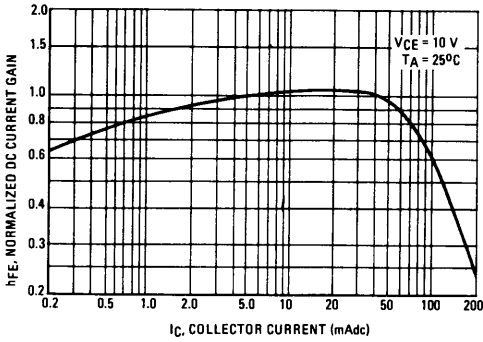


FIGURE 4 – "SATURATION" AND "ON" VOLTAGES

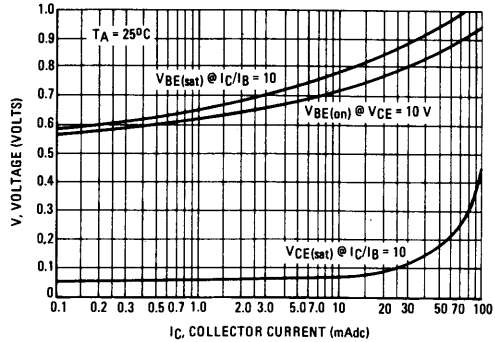


FIGURE 5 – CURRENT-GAIN-BANDWIDTH PRODUCT

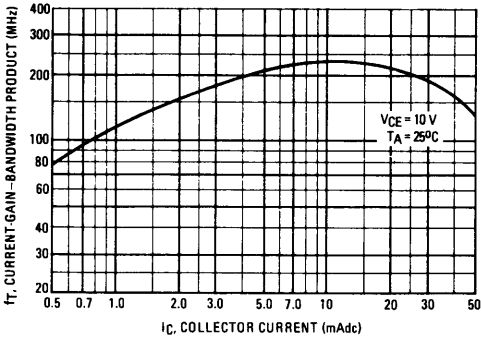


FIGURE 6 – CAPACITANCES

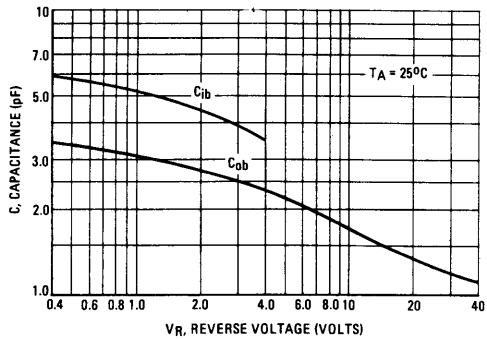


FIGURE 7 – OUTPUT ADMITTANCE

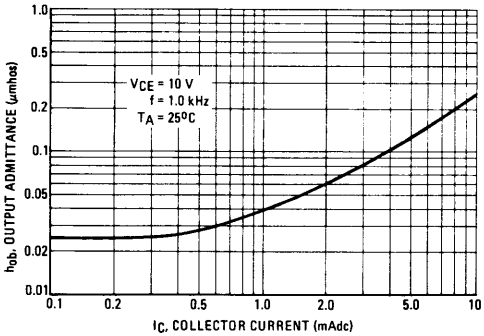
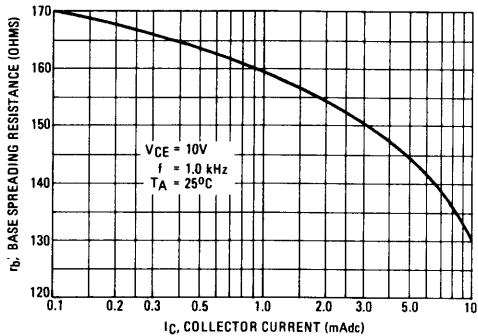


FIGURE 8 – BASE SPREADING RESISTANCE



**BC 347, 348, 349 (continued)**

BC 347, BC 348, BC 349  
can be supplied in 4 different  $h_{FE}$  ranges as follows

Characteristic	Symbol	Type	Min	Max	Unit
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ )	$h_{FE}$	BC347 BC348 BC349	40	450	—
		BC347L BC348L BC349L	40	120	—
		BC 347A BC348A BC349A	110	220	—
		BC347B BC348B BC349B	200	450	—

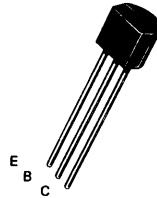
# BC 350 BC 351 BC 352

## PNP SILICON ANNULAR\* TRANSISTORS

... designed for general purpose use in audio, radio, and television applications.

- High Breakdown Voltage—  
 $BV_{CEO} = 20, 30, 45 \text{ Vdc (Min) @ } I_C = 1.0 \text{ mAdc}$
- Low Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage—  
 $V_{CE(sat)} = 0.25 \text{ Vdc (Max) @ } I_C = 10 \text{ mAdc}$
- Low Output Capacitance—  
 $C_{ob} = 4.0 \text{ pF (Max) @ } V_{CB} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$
- Complementary to NPN BC 347, BC 348, BC 349
- One-Piece, Injection-Molded Unibloc† Package

## PNP SILICON AMPLIFIER TRANSISTORS

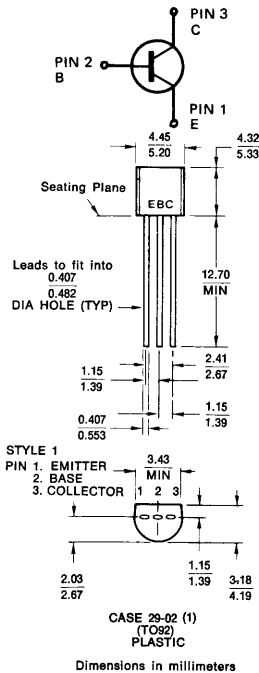


### MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Type	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	BC 350 BC 351 BC 352	45 30 20	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EB}$		5.0	Vdc
Collector Current - Continuous	$I_C$		100	mAdc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$		350 2.81	mW mW/°C
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$		-55 to +150	°C

### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	$\theta_{JA}$	357	°C/W



\*Annular Semiconductors Patented by Motorola Inc.  
 †Trademark of Motorola Inc.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Type	Min.	Max.	Unit
----------------	--------	------	------	------	------

OFF CHARACTERISTICS

Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 1.0 mA, I <sub>B</sub> = 0)	BV <sub>CEO</sub>	BC350 BC351 BC352	45 30 20	—	V <sub>dc</sub>
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 100 μA, I <sub>E</sub> = 0)	BV <sub>CBO</sub>	BC350 BC351 BC352	50 40 30	—	V <sub>dc</sub>
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage (I <sub>E</sub> = 100 μA, I <sub>C</sub> = 0)	BV <sub>EBO</sub>		5		V <sub>dc</sub>
Collector Cutoff Current (V <sub>CB</sub> = 20 V, I <sub>E</sub> = 0)	I <sub>CBO</sub>		—	100	nA <sub>dc</sub>

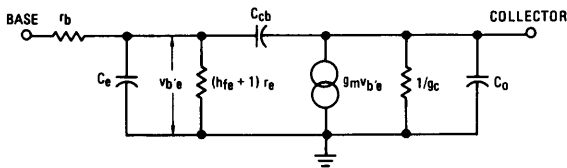
ON CHARACTERISTICS

DC Current Gain (I <sub>C</sub> = 2.0 mA, V <sub>CE</sub> = 5 V <sub>dc</sub> )	h <sub>FE</sub>		40	450	—
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 10 mA, I <sub>B</sub> = 1.0 mA)	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>		—	0.25	V <sub>dc</sub>

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Current-Gain-Bandwidth Product (I <sub>C</sub> = 5.0 mA, V <sub>CE</sub> = 10 V <sub>dc</sub> , f = 100 MHz)	f <sub>T</sub>		125	—	MHz
Output Capacitance (V <sub>CB</sub> = 10 V <sub>dc</sub> , I <sub>E</sub> = 0, f = 100 kHz)	C <sub>ob</sub>		—	4.0	pF

FIGURE 1 - SIMPLIFIED AC EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT (Common Emitter)



Note:

Data is presented in terms of the equivalent circuit shown in Figure 1. Values for its components may be found or calculated as follows:

- r<sub>b</sub> - See Figure 8
- r<sub>e</sub> = 26 mV/I<sub>E</sub>
- C<sub>e</sub> =  $\frac{1}{2\pi f_T r_e}$
- C<sub>cb</sub> = C<sub>ob</sub> - 0.2 pF (See Figure 6)
- g<sub>m</sub> = 1/r<sub>e</sub>
- g<sub>c</sub> = (h<sub>fe</sub> + 1) h<sub>ob</sub> (See Figures 2 & 7)
- C<sub>o</sub> = 0.2 pF

Low frequency h parameters may be found from:

- h<sub>ie</sub> = r<sub>b</sub>' + (h<sub>fe</sub> + 1) r<sub>e</sub>
- h<sub>fe</sub> = See Figure 2
- h<sub>re</sub> = Negligible
- h<sub>oe</sub> = (h<sub>fe</sub> + 1) h<sub>ob</sub>

FIGURE 2 - SMALL SIGNAL CURRENT GAIN

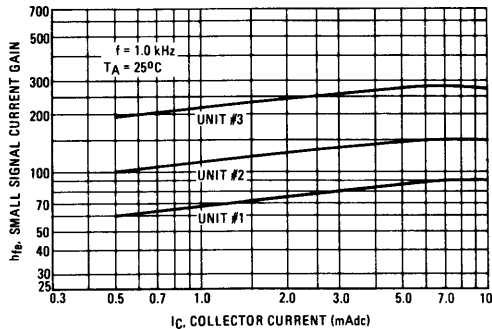


FIGURE 3 - NORMALIZED DC CURRENT GAIN

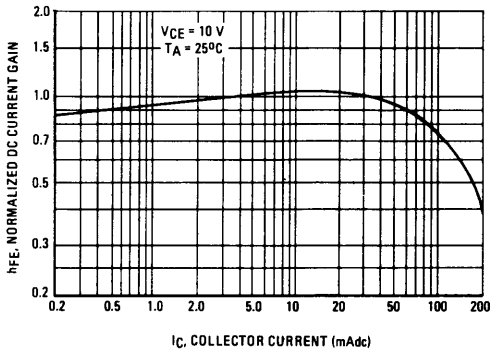


FIGURE 4 - "SATURATION" AND "ON" VOLTAGES

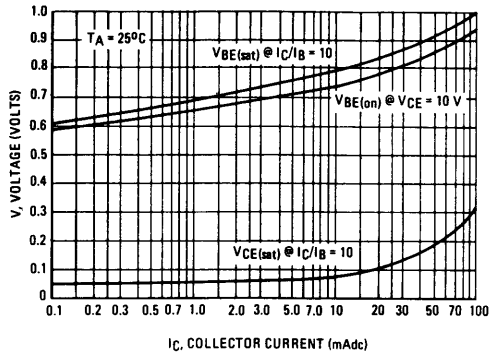


FIGURE 5 - CURRENT-GAIN-BANDWIDTH PRODUCT

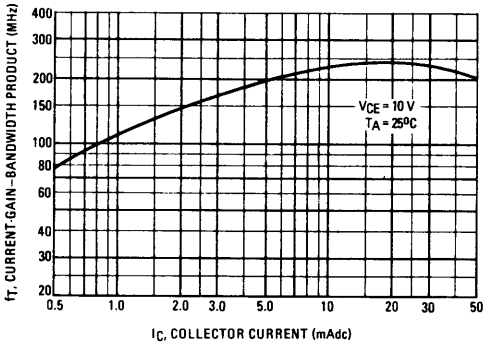


FIGURE 6 - CAPACITANCES

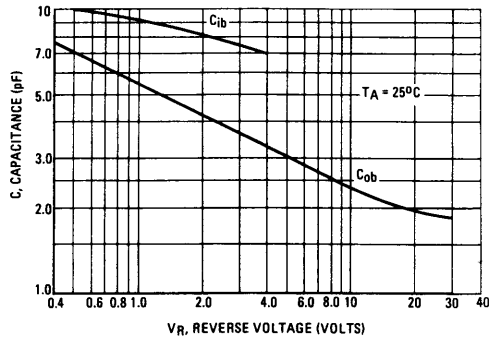


FIGURE 7 - OUTPUT ADMITTANCE

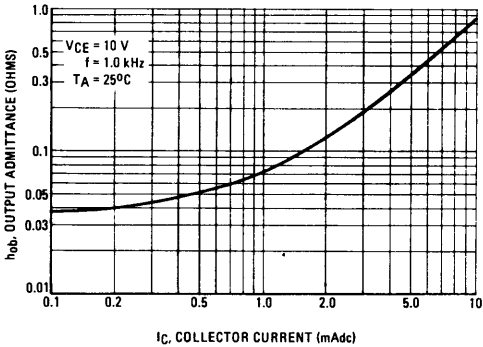
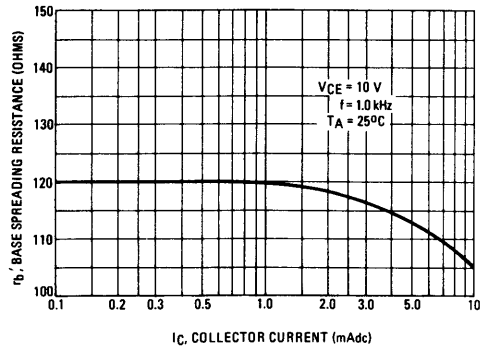


FIGURE 8 - BASE SPREADING RESISTANCE





**BC 350, 351, 352 (continued)**

BC 350, BC 351, BC 352  
can be supplied in 4 different  $h_{FE}$  ranges as follows

Characteristic	Symbol	Type	Min	Max	
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ )	$h_{FE}$	BC350 BC351 BC352	40	450	—
		BC350L BC351L BC352L	40	120	—
		BC350A BC351A BC352A	110	220	—
		BC350B BC351B BC352B	200	450	—

NPN

PNP

# BD361 BD362 BD361A BD362A

## PLANAR SILICON MEDIUM-POWER TRANSISTORS

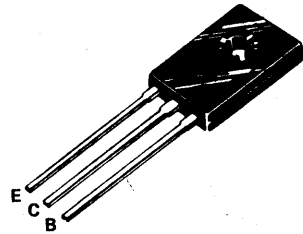
... designed for low power, high-gain audio amplifier, and low current high speed switching applications.

- $P_D$  of 15 W with  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$
- $F_T$  minimum 50 MHz
- High DC Current Gain  
 $I_C = 500 \text{ mAdc}$ ,  $h_{FE} = 80\text{-}320$
- Very low Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage  
 $V_{CE(sat)} = 0.2 \text{ Vdc (Typ)}$ ,  $I_C = 1 \text{ Adc}$

4 AMPERES

## POWER TRANSISTOR COMPLEMENTARY SILICON

20 VOLTS  
15 WATTS

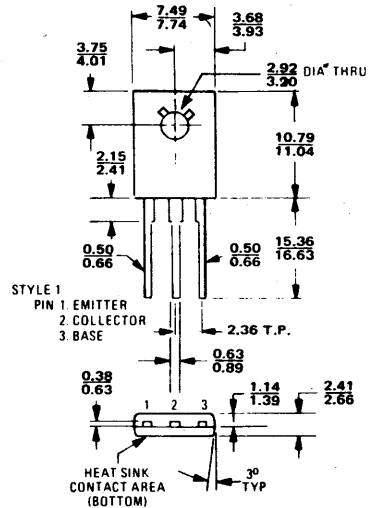


### MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	BD361 BD362	BD361A BD362A	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	20	20	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	32	32	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	8		Vdc
Collector Current	$I_C$	4.0		Adc
Base Current	$I_B$	1.0		Adc
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	15		Watts W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$	-65 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$

### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	8.35	$^\circ\text{C/W}$



When mounting the device, torque not to exceed 0.07 m·kg

If lead bending is required, use suitable clamps or other supports between transistor case and point of bend  
All dimensions in millimeters

CASE 77-04

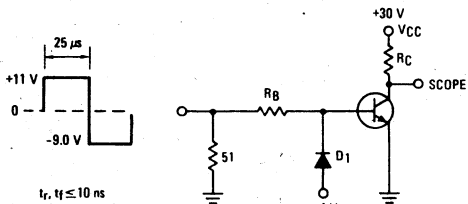
**NPN • BD361, BD361A**  
**PNP • BD362, BD362A**

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage ( $I_C = 50 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 0$ )	$V_{CE(sus)}$	20	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 32 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = 0$ ) ( $V_{CE} = 32 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = 0$ , $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ )	$I_{CBO}$	—	0.2 1.0	$\mu\text{Adc}$ mAdc
Emitter Cutoff Current ( $V_{EB} = 8 \text{ V}$ , $I_C = 0$ )	$I_{EBO}$	—	0.1	mAdc
DC Current Gain  ( $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$ )* ALL TYPES ( $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$ )* ALL TYPES ( $I_C = 2.0 \text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$ )* BD361, BD362 ( $I_C = 2.0 \text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$ )* BD361A, BD362A	$h_{FE}$	40 80 25 50	— 300 320 — —	—
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ , $I_B = 20 \text{ mA}$ )*	$V_{CE(sat)}$	—	0.6	Vdc
Base-Emitter On Voltage ( $I_C = 2.0 \text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$ )*	$V_{BE(on)}$	—	1.5	Vdc
Current-Gain bandwidth product ( $I_C = 0.1 \text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} 10 \text{ V}$ , $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ )	$f_T$	50	—	MHz

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2.0\%$

**FIGURE 1 — SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT**



$R_B$  and  $R_C$  VARIED TO OBTAIN DESIRED CURRENT LEVELS

$D_1$  MUST BE FAST RECOVERY TYPE, eg:  
 MB05300 USED ABOVE  $I_B \approx 100 \text{ mA}$   
 MSD6100 USED BELOW  $I_B \approx 100 \text{ mA}$

FOR PNP TEST CIRCUIT, REVERSE ALL POLARITIES

**FIGURE 2 — TURN-ON TIME**

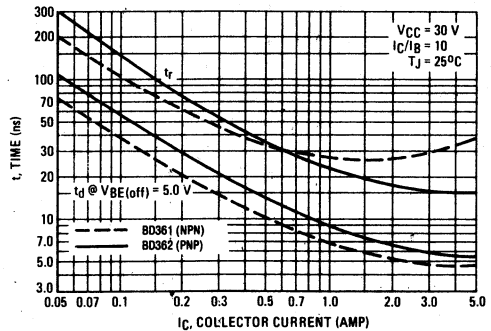


FIGURE 3 - THERMAL RESPONSE

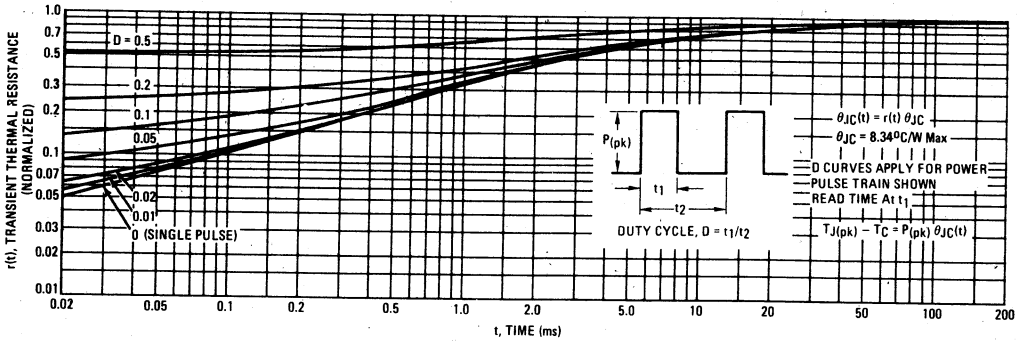
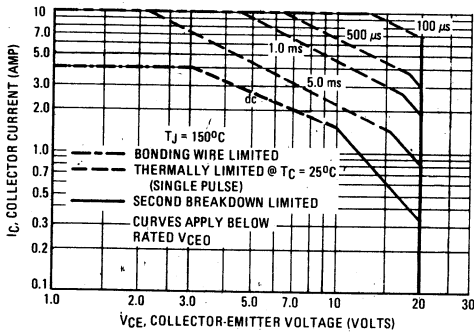


FIGURE 4 - ACTIVE REGION SAFE OPERATING AREA



There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate  $I_C$ - $V_{CE}$  limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation; i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate.

The data of Figure 4 is based on  $T_{J(pk)} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $T_C$  is variable depending on conditions. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% provided  $T_{J(pk)} \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ .  $T_{J(pk)}$  may be calculated from the data in Figure 3. At high case temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown. (See AN-415).

FIGURE 5 - TURN-OFF TIME

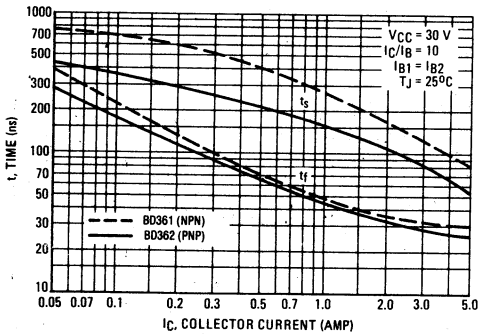
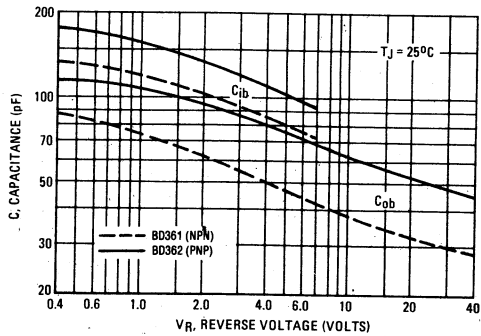


FIGURE 6 - CAPACITANCE



NPN  
 BD361, BD361A

PNP  
 BD362, BD362A

FIGURE 7 - DC CURRENT GAIN

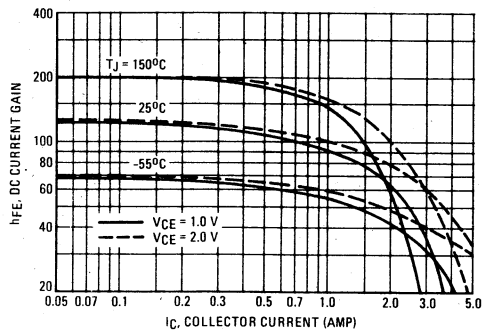
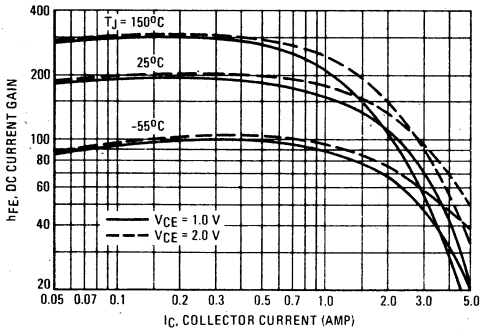


FIGURE 8 - "ON" VOLTAGE

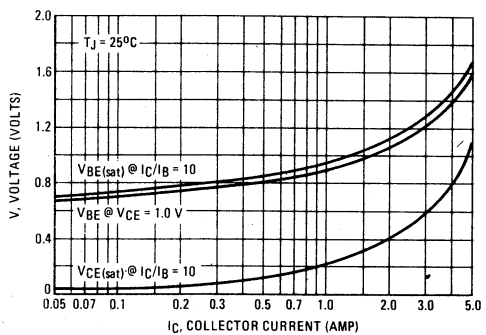
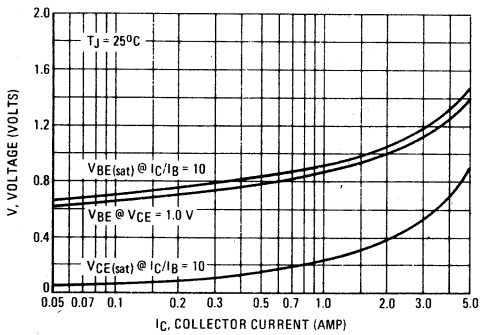
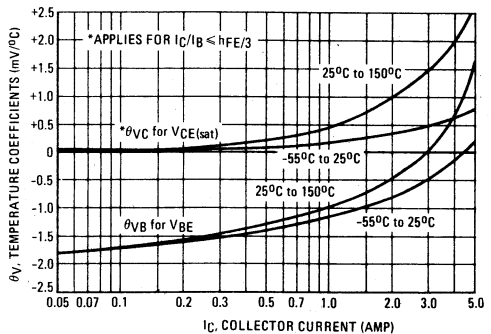
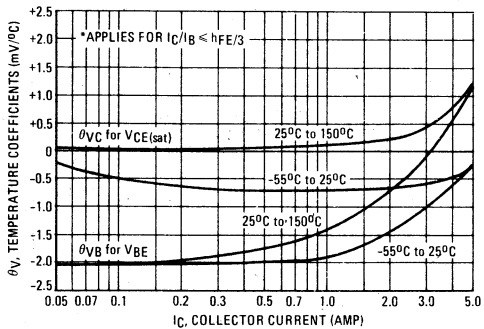


FIGURE 9 - TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENTS



# BD364, BD366, BD368 (NPN) BD365, BD367, BD369 (PNP)

## COMPLEMENTARY SILICON HIGH-POWER TRANSISTORS

... designed for high quality amplifiers operating up to 100 Watts into 4 ohm load in regular complementary operation or up to several hundred watts in 4 or 8 ohms in series connected mode

- High DC Current Gain  $h_{FE}$  min. = 20 ( $\alpha$ )  $I_C = 10$  A
- Excellent Safe Operating Area
- High Current Gain - Bandwidth Product:  
 $f_T = 4.0$  MHz ( $\alpha$ )  $I_C = 1.0$  A
- Low Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage:  
 $V_{CE\ sat} = 1$  Vdc (max.) ( $\alpha$ ) 10 A

## 20 AMPERES COMPLEMENTARY SILICON POWER TRANSISTORS

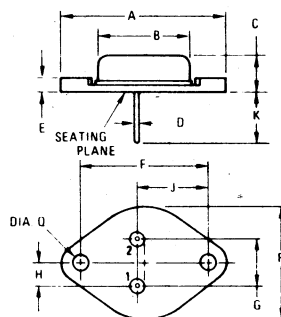
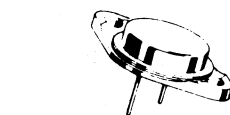
50, 60, 80 VOLTS  
200 WATTS

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	BD364 BD365	BD366 BD367	BD368 BD369	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	50	60	80	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CB}$	50	60	80	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EB}$	5.0			Vdc
Collector Current - Continuous Peak	$I_C$	20 30			Adc
Base Current - Continuous	$I_B$	7.5			Adc
Total Device Dissipation ( $\alpha$ ) $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	200 1.14			Watts W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$	-65 to +200			$^\circ\text{C}$

## THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$\theta_{JC}$	0.875	$^\circ\text{C/W}$



STYLE 1:

PIN 1: BASE

2: EMITTER

CASE: COLLECTOR

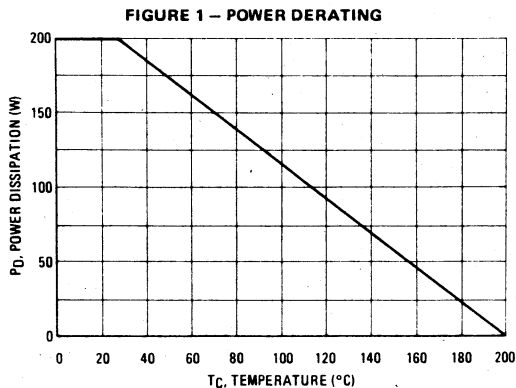
NOTE

1. DIM "Q" IS DIA

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A		39.37		1.550
B		21.08		0.830
C	6.35	7.62	0.250	0.300
D	0.99	1.09	0.039	0.043
E		3.43		0.135
F	29.90	30.40	1.177	1.197
G	10.67	11.18	0.420	0.440
H	5.33	5.59	0.210	0.220
J	16.64	17.15	0.655	0.675
K	11.18	12.19	0.440	0.480
Q	3.84	4.09	0.151	0.161
R		26.67		1.050

Collector connected to case

CASE 11 (TO-3)



**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted)**

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage (1) (I <sub>C</sub> = 200 mAdc, I <sub>B</sub> = 0)	BD364, BD365 BD366, BD367 BD368, BD369	V <sub>CEO</sub> (sus)	50 60 80	Vdc	
Collector-Base Cutoff Current (V <sub>CB</sub> = Rated V <sub>CB</sub> , I <sub>E</sub> = 0)		I <sub>CBO</sub>	—	1.0	mAdc
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current (V <sub>BE</sub> = 5.0 Vdc, I <sub>C</sub> = 0)		I <sub>EBO</sub>	—	1.0	mAdc
<b>ON CHARACTERISTIC (1)</b>					
DC Current Gain I <sub>C</sub> = 5.0 Adc, V <sub>CE</sub> = 4.0 Vdc I <sub>C</sub> = 8.0 Adc, V <sub>CE</sub> = 4.0 Vdc I <sub>C</sub> = 10 Adc, V <sub>CE</sub> = 4.0 Vdc	All types	H <sub>FE</sub>	25 25 20	—	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage I <sub>C</sub> = 10 Adc, I <sub>B</sub> = 1 Adc		V <sub>CE</sub> (sat)	—	1.0	Vdc
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage I <sub>C</sub> = 10 Adc, I <sub>B</sub> = 1 Adc		V <sub>BE</sub> (sat)	—	1.8	Vdc
Base-Emitter On Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 10 Adc, V <sub>CE</sub> = 2.0 Vdc)		V <sub>BE</sub> (on)	—	1.8	Vdc
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Current-Gain – Bandwidth Product (2) (I <sub>C</sub> = 1.0 Adc, V <sub>CE</sub> = 1 Vdc, f <sub>test</sub> = 1 MHz)		f <sub>T</sub>	4.0	—	MHz

- (1) Pulse Test: Pulse Width ≤ 300 μs, Duty Cycle ≤ 2.0%.
- (2) f<sub>T</sub> = |h<sub>fe</sub>| • f<sub>test</sub>.

**FIGURE 2 – THERMAL RESPONSE**

