

May 1992

Features

- 8.1A and 6.5A, 275V - 250V
- $r_{DS(on)} = 0.45\Omega$ and 0.68Ω
- Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Rated
- SOA is Power-Dissipation Limited
- Nanosecond Switching Speeds
- Linear Transfer Characteristics
- High Input Impedance
- 275V, 250V Rating - 120V AC Line System Operation

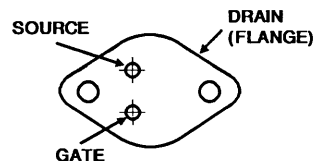
Description

The IRF234, IRF235, IRF236, and IRF237 are advanced power MOSFETs designed, tested, and guaranteed to withstand a specified level of energy in the breakdown avalanche mode of operation. These are n-channel enhancement-mode silicon gate power field-effect transistors designed for applications such as switching regulators, switching converters, motor drivers, relay drivers, and drivers for high-power bipolar switching transistors requiring high speed and low gate-drive power.

The IRF-types are supplied in the JEDEC TO-204AA steel package.

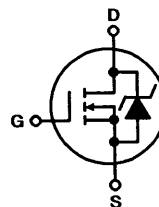
Package

TO-204AA
BOTTOM VIEW



Terminal Diagram

N-CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT MODE



Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$) Unless Otherwise Specified

	IRF234	IRF235	IRF236	IRF237	UNITS
Drain-Source Voltage (1)	V_{DS} 250	250	275	275	V
Drain-Gate Voltage ($R_{GS} = 20k\Omega$) (1)	V_{DGR} 250	250	275	275	V
Continuous Drain Current					A
$T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$	I_D 8.1	6.5	8.1	6.5	A
$T_C = +100^\circ\text{C}$	I_D 5.1	4.1	5.1	4.1	A
Pulsed Drain Current (3)	I_{DM} 32	26	32	26	A
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS} ± 20	± 20	± 20	± 20	V
Maximum Power Dissipation					W
$T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$	P_D 75	75	75	75	W
Linear Derating Factor	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Rating (4)	E_{AS} 180	180	180	180	mJ
Operating and Storage Junction	T_J, T_{STG} -55 to +150	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Temperature Range					$^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering	T_L 300	300	300	300	$^\circ\text{C}$
(0.063" (1.6mm) from case for 10s)					

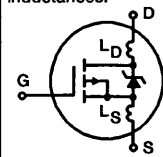
NOTES:

1. $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$ to $+150^\circ\text{C}$.
2. Pulse Test: Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$.
3. Repetitive rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature. See Transient Thermal Impedance Curve (Figure 5).
4. $V_{DD} = 50\text{V}$, starting $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 4.5\text{mH}$, $R_{GS} = 25\Omega$, $I_{PEAK} = 8.1\text{A}$. See Figures 14 & 15.

Specifications IRF234, IRF235, IRF236, IRF237

Electrical Characteristics $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS			UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage IRF236, IRF237	BV _{DSS}	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, I_D = -250\mu\text{A}$	275	-	-	V
IRF234, IRF235			250	-	-	V
Gate Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(TH)}	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = -250\mu\text{A}$	2.0	-	4.0	V
Gate-Source Leakage Forward	I _{GSS}	$V_{GS} = 20\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Gate-Source Leakage Reverse	I _{GSS}	$V_{GS} = 20\text{V}$	-	-	-100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I _{DSS}	$V_{DS} = \text{Max Rating}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	-	-	250	μA
		$V_{DS} = \text{Max Rating} \times 0.8, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, T_J = +125^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1000	μA
On-State Drain Current (Note 2) IRF234, IRF236	I _{D(ON)}	$V_{DS} > I_{D(ON)} \times r_{DS(ON)} \text{ Max}, V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$	8.1	-	-	A
			6.5	-	-	A
Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance (Note 2) IRF234, IRF236	r _{DS(ON)}	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 4.1\text{A}$	-	0.32	0.45	Ω
			-	0.48	0.68	Ω
			-	0.48	0.68	Ω
Forward Transconductance (Note 2)	g _{fs}	$V_{DS} = 2 \times V_{GS}, I_D = 4.1\text{A}$	2.9	4.3	-	S($\bar{U}$)
Input Capacitance	C _{ISS}	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, V_{DS} = 25\text{V}, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$ See Figure 10	-	600	-	pF
Output Capacitance	C _{OSS}		-	180	-	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C _{RSS}		-	52	-	pF
Turn-On Delay Time	t _{d(ON)}	$V_{DD} = 125\text{V}, I_D = 8.1\text{A}, R_G = 12\Omega$ See Figure 16. (MOSFET switching times are essentially independent of operating temperature)	-	9.1	14	ns
Rise Time	t _r		-	23	35	ns
Turn-Off Delay Time	t _{d(OFF)}		-	31	47	ns
Fall Time	t _f		-	19	29	ns
Total Gate Charge (Gate-Source + Gate-Drain)	Q _g	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 8.1\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0.8 \text{ Max Rating}$. See Figure 17 for test circuit. (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature.)	-	24	35	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q _{gs}		-	5.1	-	nC
Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	Q _{gd}		-	12	-	nC
Internal Drain Inductance	L _D	Measured between the contact screw on header that is closer to source and gate pins and center of center of die.	-	5.0	-	nH
Internal Source Inductance	L _S	Measured from the source lead, 6mm (0.25") from header and source bonding pad.				
Junction-to-Case	R _{θJC}	Mounting surface flat, smooth and greased	-	-	1.67	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Case-to-Sink	R _{θCS}		-	0.1	-	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Junction-to-Ambient	R _{θJA}		-	-	30	$^\circ\text{C/W}$



Source Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	I _S	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse P-N junction rectifier.	-	-	8.1	A
Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) (Note 3)	I _{SM}		-	-	32	A
Diode Forward Voltage (Note 2)	V _{SD}	$T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 8.1\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	-	-	2.0	V
Reverse Recovery Time	t _{rr}	$T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 8.1\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	92	180	390	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge	Q _{RR}	$T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 8.1\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	0.63	1.3	2.7	μC
Forward Turn-on Time	t _{ON}	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by L _S + L _D .	-	-	-	-

NOTES: 1. $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$ to $+150^\circ\text{C}$

2. Pulse Test: Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$

3. Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. See Transient Thermal Impedance Curve (Figure 5)

4. $V_{DD} = 50\text{V}$, Start $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 4.5\text{mH}$, $R_{GS} = 25\Omega$, $I_{PEAK} = 8.1\text{A}$ (See Figures 14 & 15)

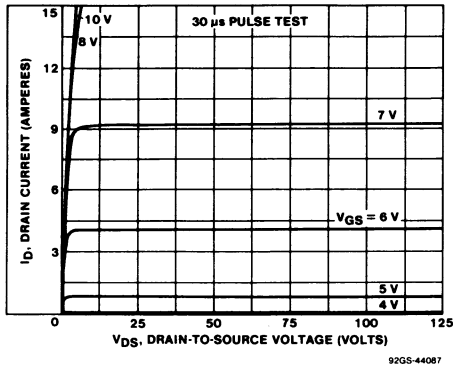


Fig. 1 - Typical output characteristics.

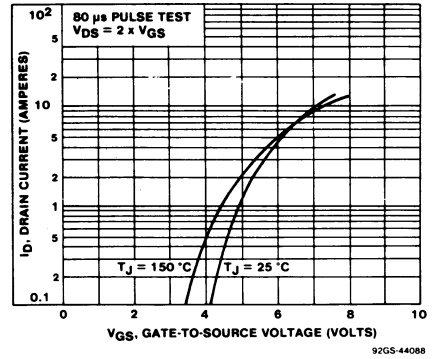


Fig. 2 - Typical transfer characteristics.

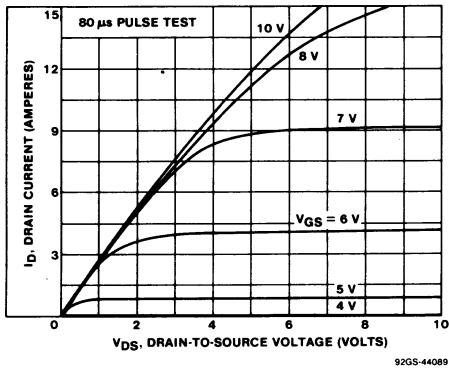


Fig. 3 - Typical saturation characteristics.

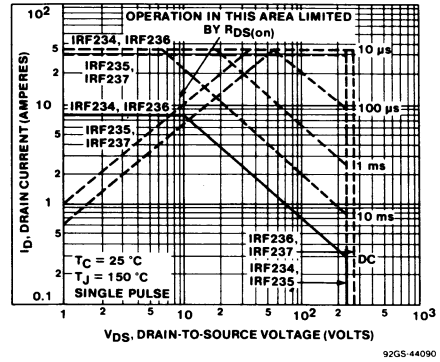


Fig. 4 - Maximum safe operating area.

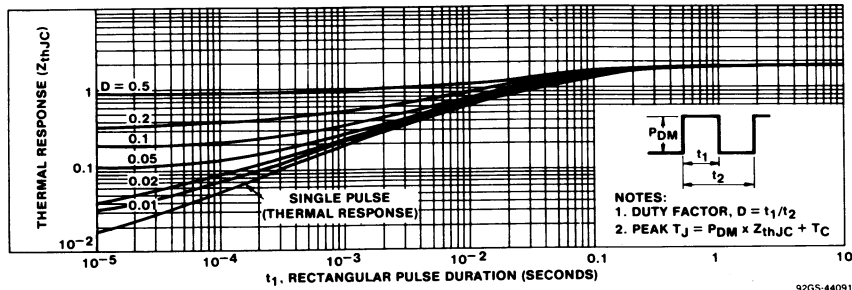


Fig. 5 - Maximum effective transient thermal impedance, junction-to-case vs. pulse duration.

IRF234, IRF235, IRF236, IRF237

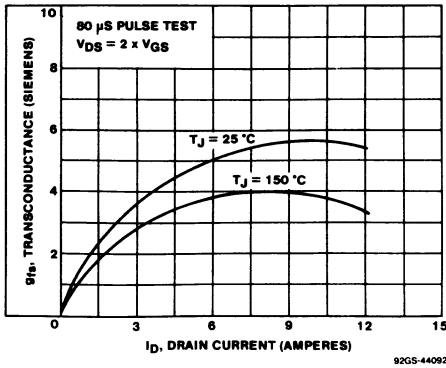


Fig. 6 - Typical transconductance vs. drain current.

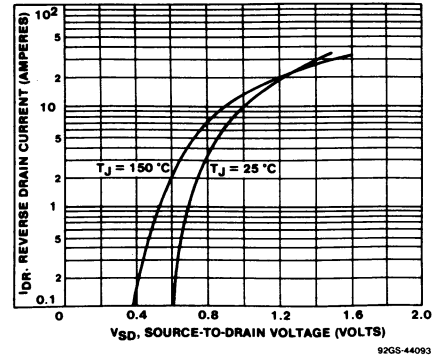


Fig. 7 - Typical source-drain diode forward voltage.

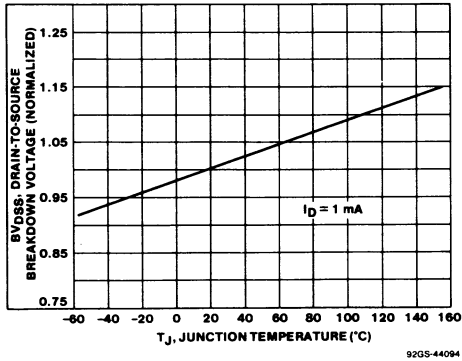


Fig. 8 - Breakdown voltage vs. temperature.

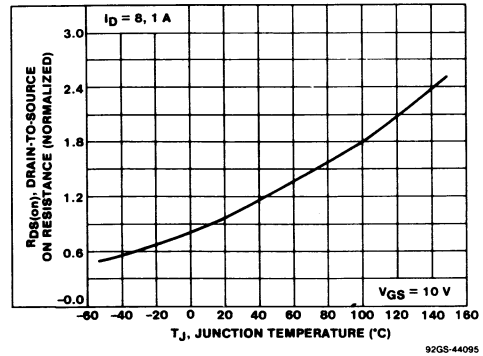


Fig. 9 - Normalized on-resistance vs. temperature.

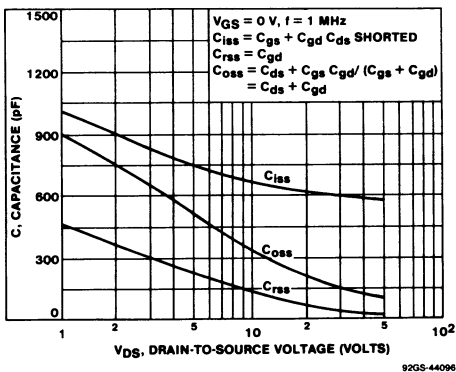


Fig. 10 - Typical capacitance vs. drain-to-source voltage.

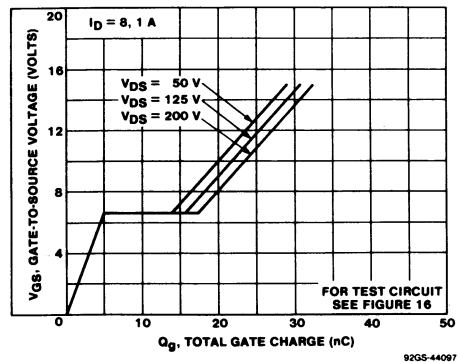


Fig. 11 - Typical gate charge vs. gate-to-source voltage.

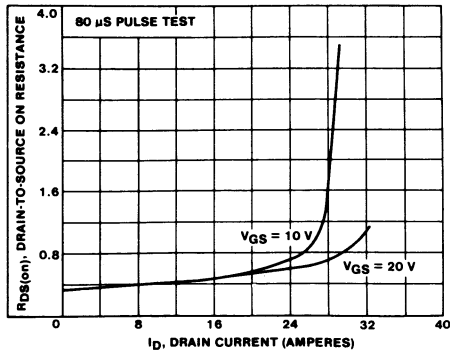


Figure 12. Typical On Resistance vs Drain Current

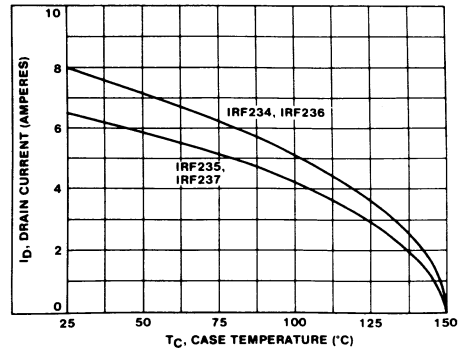


Figure 13. Maximum Drain Current vs Case Temperature

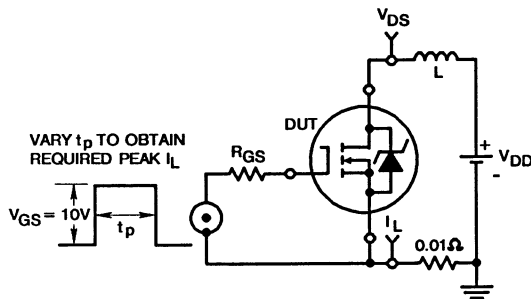


Figure 14. Unclamped Energy Test Circuit

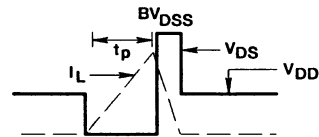


Figure 15. Unclamped Energy Waveforms

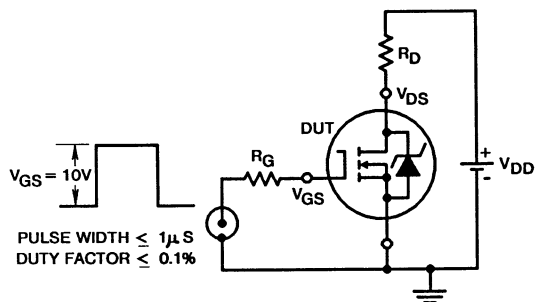


Figure 16. Switching Time Test Circuit

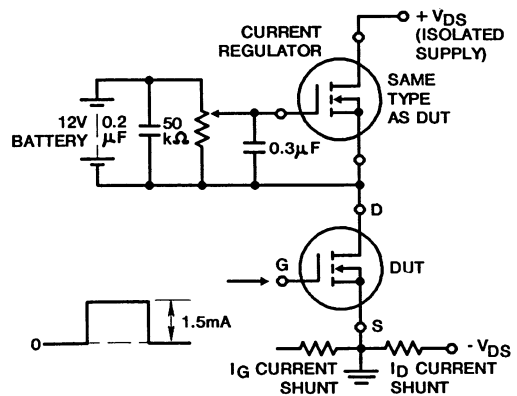


Figure 17. Gate Charge Test Circuit

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Features

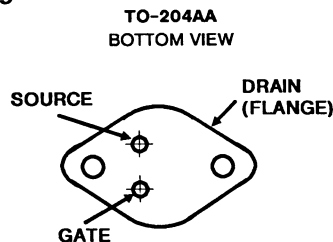
- 14A and 13A, 275V - 250V
- $r_{DS(on)} = 0.28\Omega$ and 0.34Ω
- Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Rated
- SOA is Power-Dissipation Limited
- Nanosecond Switching Speeds
- Linear Transfer Characteristics
- High Input Impedance
- 275, 250V DC Rated - 120V AC Line System Operation

Description

The IRF244, IRF245, IRF246, and IRF247 are advanced power MOSFETs designed, tested, and guaranteed to withstand a specified level of energy in the breakdown avalanche mode of operation. These are n-channel enhancement-mode silicon gate power field-effect transistors designed for applications such as switching regulators, switching converters, motor drivers, relay drivers, and drivers for high-power bipolar switching transistors requiring high speed and low gate-drive power. These types can be operated directly from integrated circuits.

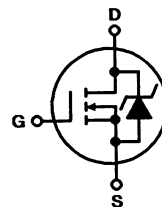
The IRF types are supplied in the JEDEC TO-204AA steel package.

Package



Terminal Diagram

N-CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT MODE



Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$), Unless Otherwise Specified

	IRF244	IRF245	IRF246	IRF247	UNITS
Drain-Source Voltage (1)	V_{DS} 250	250	275	275	V
Drain-Gate Voltage ($R_{GS} = 20k\Omega$) (1)	V_{DGR} 250	250	275	275	V
Continuous Drain Current					
$T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$	I_D 14	13	14	13	A
$T_C = +100^\circ\text{C}$	I_D 8.8	8.0	8.8	8.0	A
Pulsed Drain Current (3)	I_{DM} 56	52	56	52	A
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS} ± 20	± 20	± 20	± 20	V
Maximum Power Dissipation					
$T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$	P_D 125	125	125	125	W
Linear Derating Factor	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Rating (4)	E_{AS} 550	550	550	550	mJ
Operating and Storage Junction	T_J, T_{STG} -55 to +150	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Temperature Range					
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering	T_L 300	300	300	300	$^\circ\text{C}$
(0.063" (1.6mm) from case for 10s)					

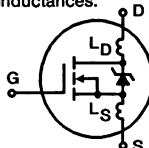
NOTES:

1. $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$ to $+150^\circ\text{C}$.
2. Pulse Test: Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$.
3. Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature. See Transient Thermal Impedance Curve (Figure 5).

4. $V_{DD} = 50\text{V}$, Starting $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 4.5\text{mH}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, Peak $I_L = 14\text{A}$ (See Figures 14 & 15).

Specifications IRF244, IRF245, 1RF246, IRF247

Electrical Characteristics $T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS			UNITS		
			MIN	TYP	MAX			
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage IRF244, 1RF245	BV _{DSS}	V _{GS} = 0V, I _D = 250μA	250	-	-	V		
IRF246, IRF247			275	-	-	V		
Gate Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(TH)}	V _{DS} = V _{GS} , I _D = 250μA	2.0	-	4.0	V		
Gate-Source Leakage Forward	I _{GSS}	V _{GS} = 20V	-	-	100	nA		
Gate-Source Leakage Reverse	I _{GSS}	V _{GS} = 20V	-	-	-100	nA		
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I _{DSS}	V _{DS} = Max Rating, V _{GS} = 0V	-	-	250	μA		
		V _{DS} = Max Rating x 0.8, V _{GS} = 0V, T _J = +125°C	-	-	1000	μA		
On-State Drain Current (Note 2) IRF244, IRF246	I _{D(ON)}	V _{DS} > I _{D(ON)} x r _{DS(ON)} Max, V _{GS} = 10V	14	-	-	A		
1RF245, IRF247			13	-	-	A		
Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance (Note 2) IRF244, IRF246	r _{DS(ON)}	V _{GS} = 10V, I _D = 8A	-	0.20	0.28	Ω		
1RF245, IRF247			-	0.24	0.34	Ω		
Forward Transconductance (Note 2)	g _{fs}	V _{DS} ≥ 50V, I _D = 8A	6.7	10	-	S(V)		
Input Capacitance	C _{ISS}	V _{GS} = 0V, V _{DS} = 25V, f = 1.0MHz See Figure 10	-	1300	-	pF		
Output Capacitance	C _{OSS}		-	320	-	pF		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C _{RSS}		-	69	-	pF		
Turn-On Delay Time	t _{d(ON)}	V _{DD} = 125V, I _D = 14A, R _G = 9.1Ω See Figure 16. (MOSFET switching times are essentially independent of operating temperature)	-	16	24	ns		
Rise Time	t _r		-	67	100	ns		
Turn-Off Delay Time	t _{d(OFF)}		-	53	80	ns		
Fall Time	t _f		-	49	74	ns		
Total Gate Charge (Gate-Source + Gate-Drain)	Q _g	V _{GS} = 10V, I _D = 14A, V _{DS} = 0.8 Max Rating. See Figure 17 for test circuit. (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature.)	-	39	59	nC		
Gate-Source Charge	Q _{gs}		-	6.6	-	nC		
Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	Q _{gd}		-	20	-	nC		
Internal Drain Inductance	L _D	Measured from the source lead, 6mm (0.25 in.) from package to center of die.			-	5.0	-	nH
Internal Source Inductance	L _S	Measured from the source lead, 6mm (0.25") from header and source bonding pad.			-	12.5	-	nH
Junction-to-Case	R _{θJC}		-	-	1.0	°C/W		
Case-to-Sink	R _{θCS}	Mounting surface flat, smooth and greased	-	0.5	-	°C/W		
Junction-to-Ambient	R _{θJA}	Free air operation	-	-	30	°C/W		

Source Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	I _S	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse P-N junction rectifier.	-	-	14	A
Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) (Note 3)	I _{SM}		-	-	56	A
Diode Forward Voltage (Note 2)	V _{SD}	T _J = +25 $^\circ$ C, I _S = 14A, V _{GS} = 0V	-	-	1.8	V
Reverse Recovery Time	t _{rr}	T _J = +25 $^\circ$ C, I _F = 14A, dI _F /dt = 100A/ μ s	150	300	640	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge	Q _{RR}	T _J = +25 $^\circ$ C, I _F = 14A, dI _F /dt = 100A/ μ s	1.6	3.4	7.2	μ C
Forward Turn-on Time	t _{ON}	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by L _S + L _D .	-	-	-	-

NOTES: 1. T_J = +25 $^\circ$ C to +150 $^\circ$ C

2. Pulse Test: Pulse width $\leq$ 300 μ s, Duty Cycle $\leq$ 2%.

3. Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature. See Transient Thermal Impedance Curve (Figure 5).

4. V_{DD} = 50V, Starting T_J = +25 $^\circ$ C, L = 4.5mH, R_G = 25 Ω , Peak I_L = 14A (See Figures 14 & 15).

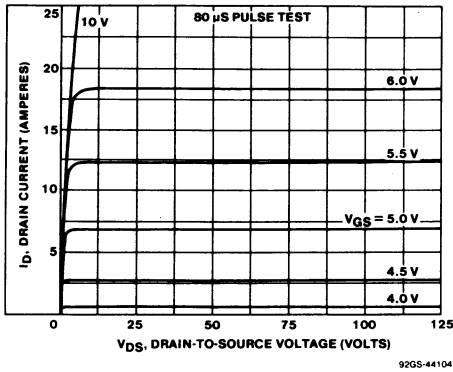


Fig. 1 - Typical output characteristics.

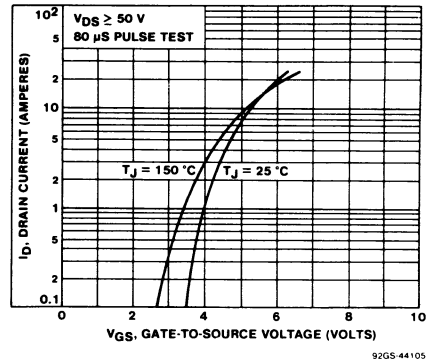


Fig. 2 - Typical transfer characteristics.

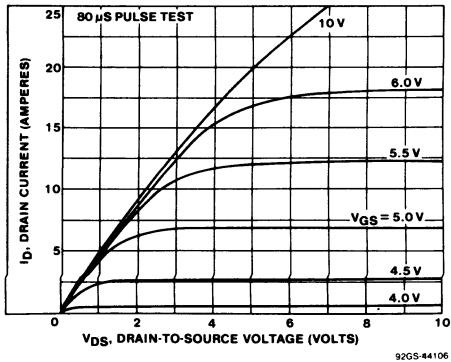


Fig. 3 - Typical saturation characteristics.

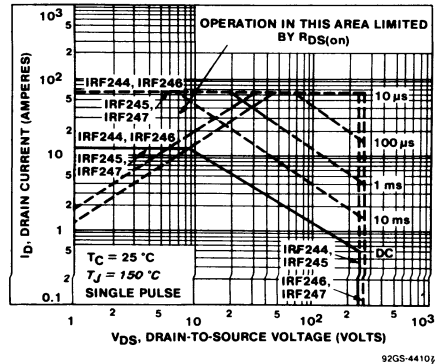


Fig. 4 - Maximum safe operating area.

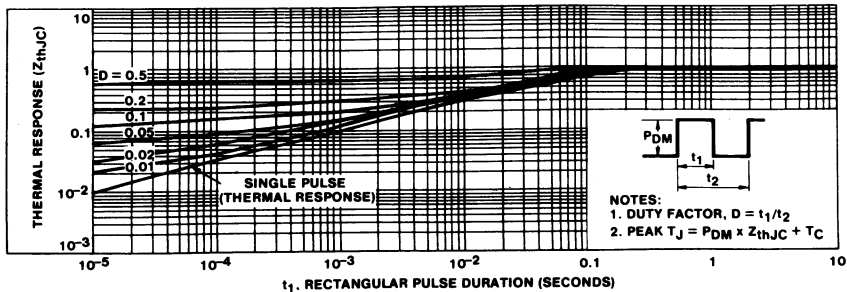


Fig. 5 - Maximum effective transient thermal impedance, junction-to-case vs. pulse duration.

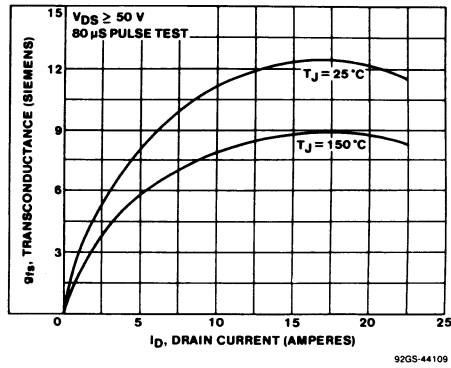


Fig. 6 - Typical transconductance vs. drain current.

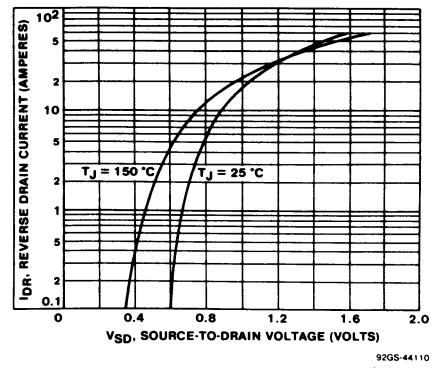


Fig. 7 - Typical source-drain diode forward voltage.

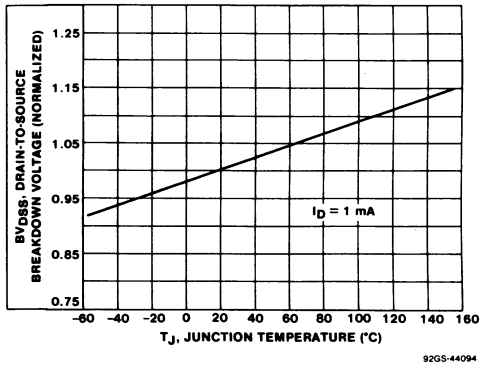


Fig. 8 - Breakdown voltage vs. temperature.

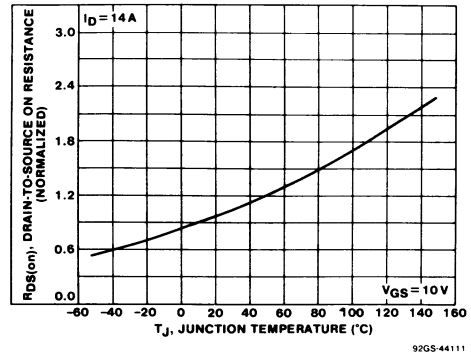


Fig. 9 - Normalized on-resistance vs. temperature.

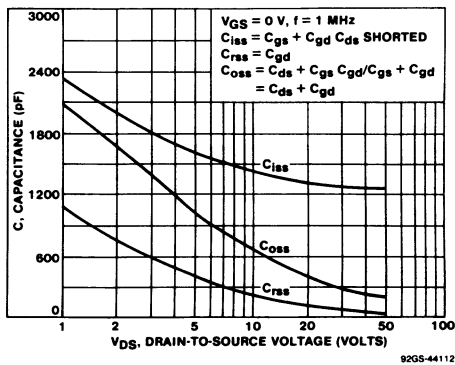


Fig. 10 - Typical capacitance vs. drain-to-source voltage.

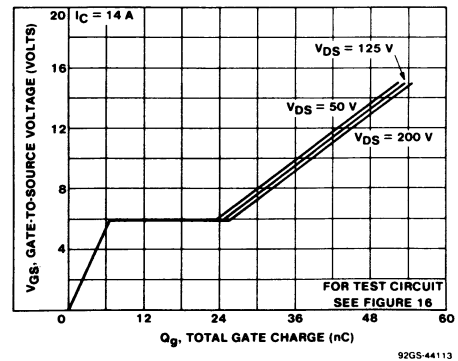


Fig. 11 - Typical gate charge vs. gate-to-source voltage.

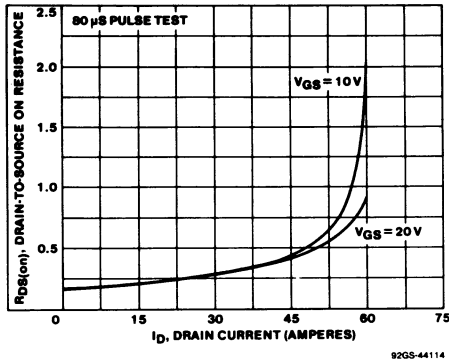


Figure 12. Typical On Resistance vs Drain Current

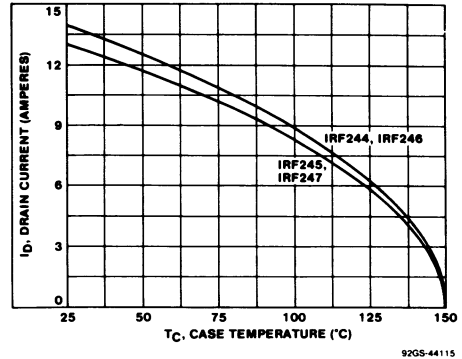


Figure 13. Maximum Drain Current vs Case Temperature

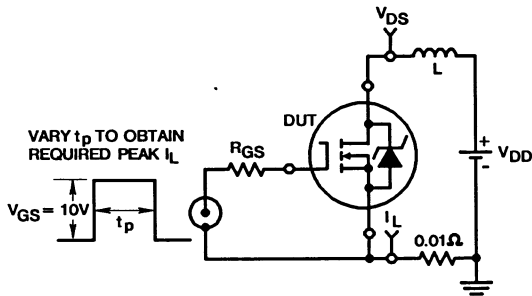


Figure 14. Unclamped Energy Test Circuit

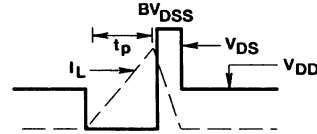


Figure 15. Unclamped Energy Waveforms

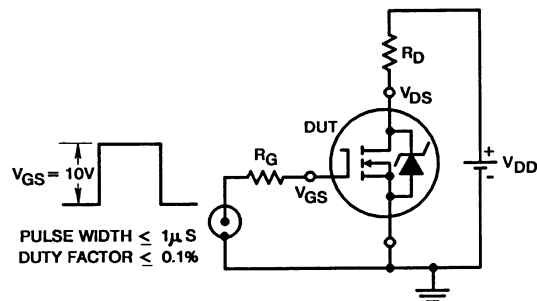


Figure 16. Switching Time Test Circuit

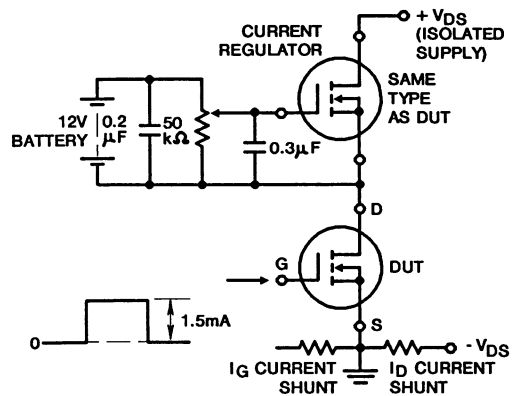


Figure 17. Gate Charge Test Circuit

August 1991

Features

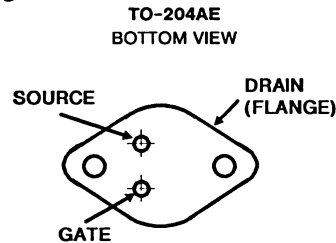
- 22A and 20A, 275V – 250V
- $r_{DS(on)} = 0.14\Omega$ and 0.17Ω
- Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Rated
- SOA is Power-Dissipation Limited
- Nanosecond Switching Speeds
- Linear Transfer Characteristics
- High Input Impedance
- 275, 250V DC Rated – 120V AC Line System Operation

Description

The IRF254, IRF255, IRF256, and IRF257 are advanced power MOSFETs designed, tested, and guaranteed to withstand a specified level of energy in the breakdown avalanche mode of operation. These are n-channel enhancement-mode silicon-gate power field-effect transistors designed for applications such as switching regulators, switching converters, motor drivers, relay drivers, and drivers for high-power bipolar switching transistors requiring high speed and low gate-drive power. These types can be operated directly from integrated circuits.

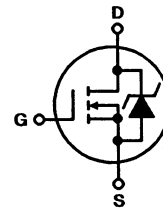
The IRF types are supplied in the JEDEC TO-204AE steel package.

Package



Terminal Diagram

N-CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT MODE



Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$), Unless Otherwise Specified

	IRF254	IRF255	IRF256	IRF257	UNITS
Drain-Source Voltage (1)	250	250	275	275	V
Drain-Gate Voltage ($R_{GS} = 20k\Omega$) (1)	250	250	275	275	V
Continuous Drain Current					A
$T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$	22	20	22	20	A
$T_C = +100^\circ\text{C}$	14	12	14	12	A
Pulsed Drain Current (3)	88	80	88	80	A
Gate-Source Voltage	± 20	± 20	± 20	± 20	V
Maximum Power Dissipation					W
$T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$	150	150	150	150	W
Linear Derating Factor	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Rating (4)	1000	1000	1000	1000	mJ
Operating and Storage Junction	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Temperature Range					
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering	300	300	300	300	$^\circ\text{C}$
(0.063" (1.6mm) from case for 10s)					

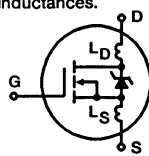
NOTES:

1. $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$ to $+150^\circ\text{C}$.
2. Pulse Test: Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$.
3. Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature. See Transient Thermal Impedance Curve (Figure 5).

4. $V_{DD} = 50\text{V}$, Starting $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 3.3\text{mH}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, Peak $I_L = 22\text{A}$ (See Figures 14 & 15).

Specifications IRF254, IRF255, 1RF256, IRF257

Electrical Characteristics $T_C = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS			UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage IRF254, 1RF255	BV _{DSS}	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	250	-	-	V
IRF256, IRF257			275	-	-	V
Gate Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(TH)}	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	2.0	-	4.0	V
Gate-Source Leakage Forward	I _{GSS}	$V_{GS} = 20\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Gate-Source Leakage Reverse	I _{GSS}	$V_{GS} = 20\text{V}$	-	-	-100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I _{DSS}	$V_{DS} = \text{Max Rating}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	-	-	250	μA
		$V_{DS} = \text{Max Rating} \times 0.8, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, T_J = +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	-	1000	μA
On-State Drain Current (Note 2) IRF254, IRF256	I _{D(ON)}	$V_{DS} > I_{D(ON)} \times r_{DS(ON)} \text{ Max}, V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$	22	-	-	A
			20	-	-	A
Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance (Note 2) IRF254, IRF256	r _{DS(ON)}	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 12\text{A}$	-	0.11	0.14	Ω
			-	0.14	0.17	Ω
Forward Transconductance (Note 2)	g _{ts}	$V_{DS} \geq 50\text{V}, I_D = 12\text{A}$	11	17	-	S(Ω)
Input Capacitance	C _{ISS}	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, V_{DS} = 25\text{V}, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$ See Figure 10	-	2700	-	pF
Output Capacitance	C _{OSS}		-	580	-	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C _{RSS}		-	130	-	pF
Turn-On Delay Time	t _{d(ON)}	$V_{DD} = 125\text{V}, I_D = 22\text{A}, R_G = 6.2\Omega$ See Figure 16. (MOSFET switching times are essentially independent of operating temperature)	-	19	29	ns
Rise Time	t _r		-	84	130	ns
Turn-Off Delay Time	t _{d(OFF)}		-	75	110	ns
Fall Time	t _f		-	65	98	ns
Total Gate Charge (Gate-Source + Gate-Drain)	Q _g	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 22\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0.8 \text{ Max Rating}$. See Figure 17 for test circuit. (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature.)	-	87	130	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q _{gs}		-	14	-	nC
Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	Q _{gd}		-	73	-	nC
Internal Drain Inductance	L _D	Measured from the source lead, 6mm (0.25 in.) from package to center of die.	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the internal device inductances. 			
Internal Source Inductance	L _S	Measured from the source lead, 6mm (0.25") from header and source bonding pad.				
Junction-to-Case	R _{0JC}	Mounting surface flat, smooth and greased	-	-	0.83	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$
Case-to-Sink	R _{0CS}		-	0.10	-	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$
Junction-to-Ambient	R _{0JA}	Free air operation	-	-	30	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$

Source Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	I _S	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse P-N junction rectifier.	-	-	22	A
Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) (Note 3)	I _{SM}		-	-	88	A
Diode Forward Voltage (Note 2)	V _{SD}	$T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, I_S = 22\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	-	-	1.8	V
Reverse Recovery Time	t _{rr}	$T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, I_F = 22\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	150	310	650	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge	Q _{RR}	$T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, I_F = 22\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	1.9	4	8.4	μC
Forward Turn-on Time	t _{ON}	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by L _S + L _D .	-	-	-	-

NOTES: 1. $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$

2. Pulse Test: Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$,
Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$.

3. Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature. See Transient Thermal Impedance Curve (Figure 5).

4. $V_{DD} = 50\text{V}$, Starting $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$,
 $L = 3.3\text{mH}, R_G = 25\Omega$, Peak $I_L = 22\text{A}$
(See Figures 14 & 15).

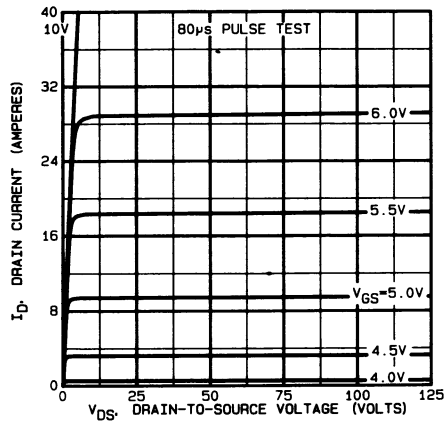


Fig. 1 - Typical output characteristics.

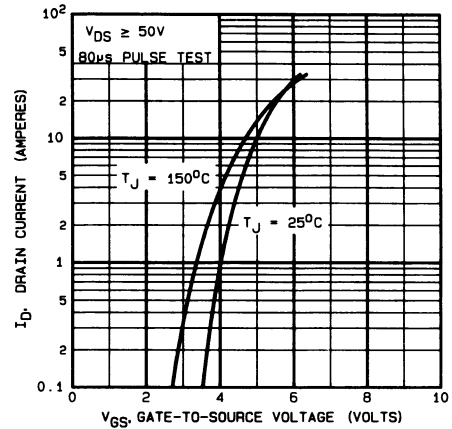


Fig. 2 - Typical transfer characteristics.

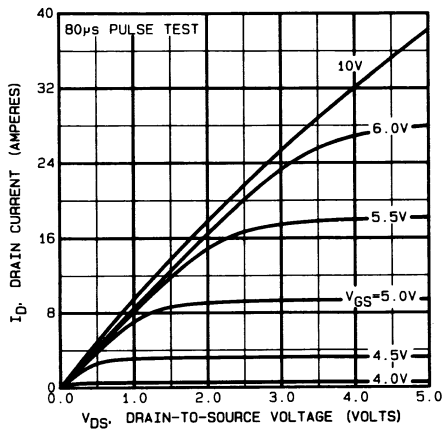


Fig. 3 - Typical saturation characteristics.

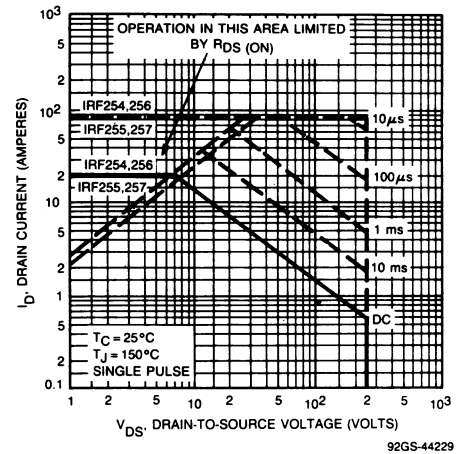


Fig. 4 - Maximum safe operating area.

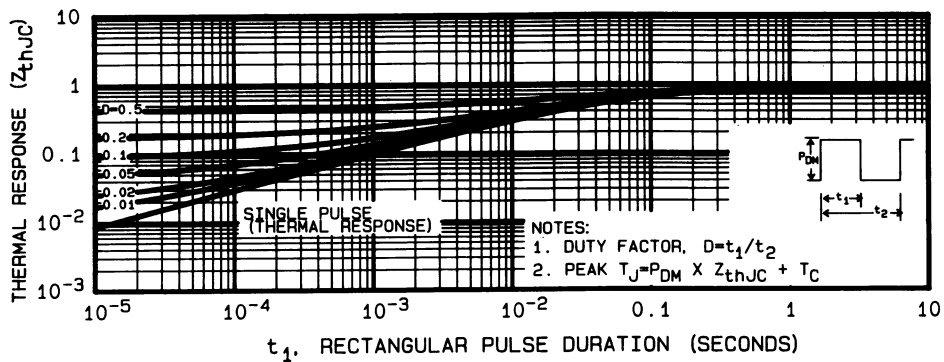


Fig. 5 - Maximum effective transient thermal impedance, junction-to-case vs. pulse duration.

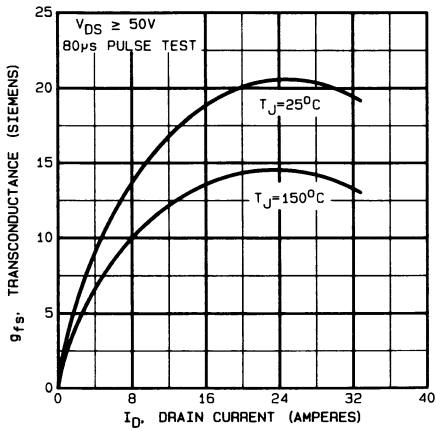


Fig. 6 - Typical transconductance vs. drain current.

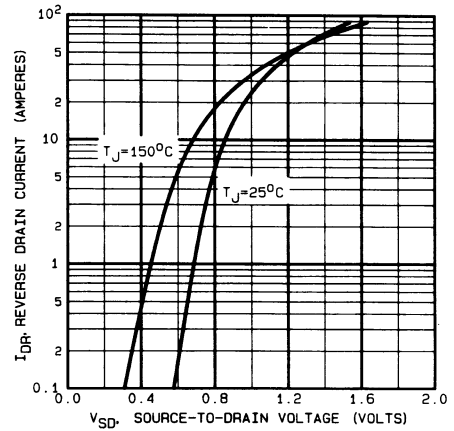


Fig. 7 - Typical source-drain diode forward voltage.

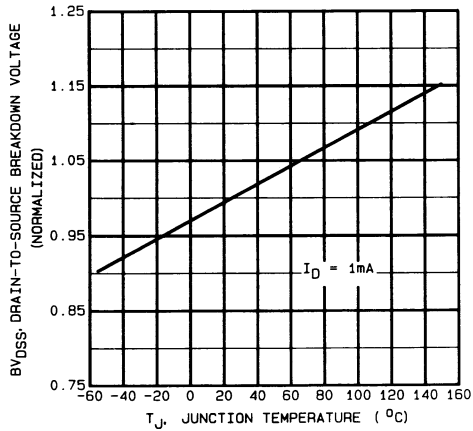


Fig. 8 - Breakdown voltage vs. temperature.

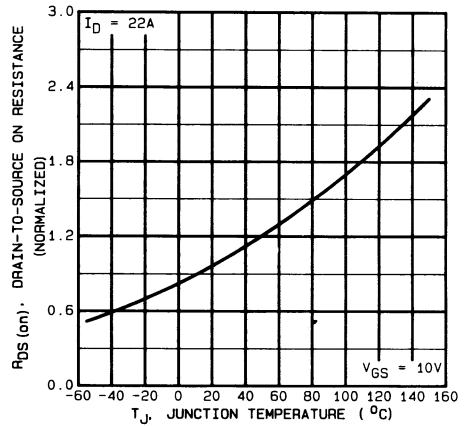


Fig. 9 - Normalized on-resistance vs. temperature.

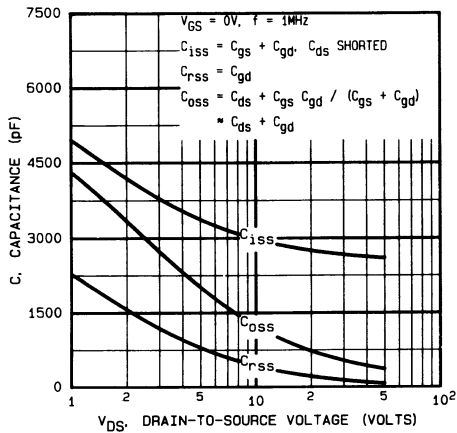


Fig. 10 - Typical capacitance vs. drain-to-source voltage.

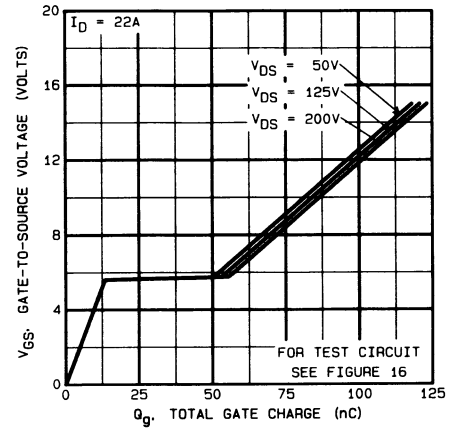


Fig. 11 - Typical gate charge vs. gate-to-source voltage.

IRF254, IRF255, IRF256, IRF257

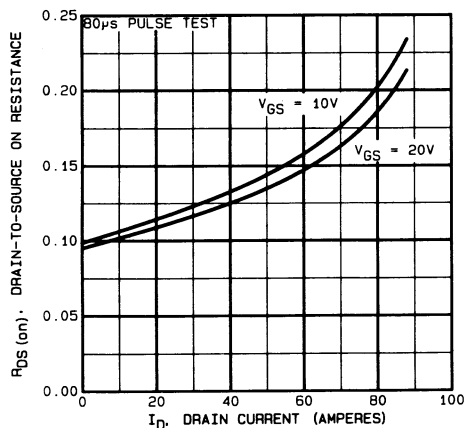


Figure 12. Typical On Resistance vs Drain Current

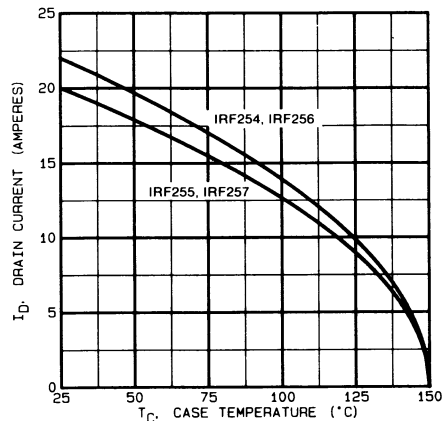


Figure 13. Maximum Drain Current vs Case Temperature

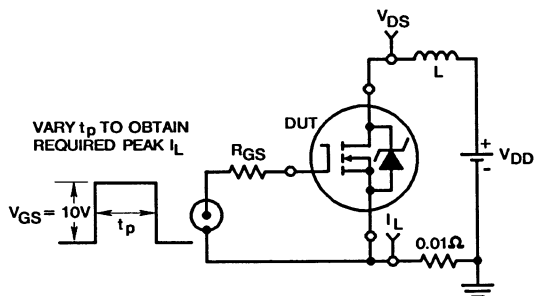


Figure 14. Unclamped Energy Test Circuit

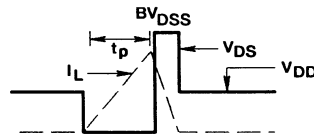


Figure 15. Unclamped Energy Waveforms

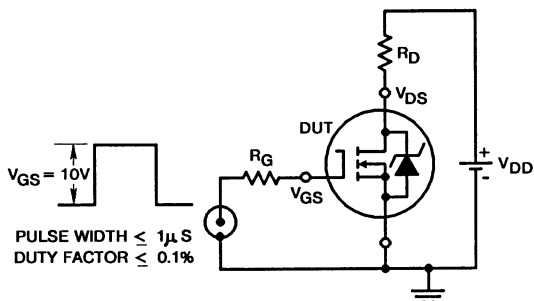


Figure 16. Switching Time Test Circuit

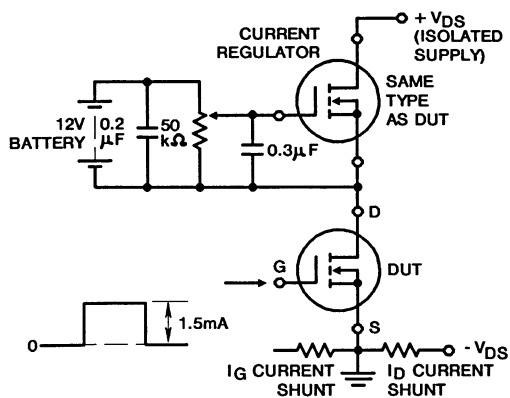


Figure 17. Gate Charge Test Circuit