



**MOTOROLA**

**MRF212**

**The RF Line**

**NPN SILICON RF POWER TRANSISTOR**

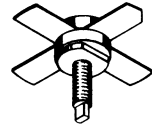
... designed for 12.5 volt VHF large-signal power amplifier applications required in commercial and industrial equipment operating to 300 MHz.

- Specified 12.5 Volt, 175 MHz Characteristics –  
 Output Power = 10 Watts  
 Minimum Gain = 9.0 dB  
 Efficiency = 50%

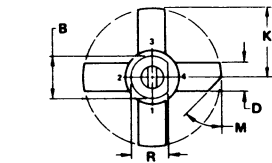
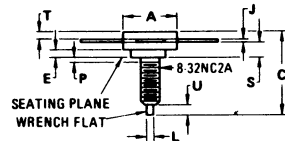
**10 W – 175 MHz**

**RF POWER TRANSISTOR**

**NPN SILICON**



**4.2**



- STYLE 1:  
 1. EMITTER  
 2. BASE  
 3. EMITTER  
 4. COLLECTOR

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	16	V <sub>dc</sub>
Collector-Base Voltage	V <sub>CBO</sub>	36	V <sub>dc</sub>
Emitter-Base Voltage	V <sub>EB0</sub>	4.0	V <sub>dc</sub>
Collector Current – Continuous	I <sub>C</sub>	2.0	A <sub>dc</sub>
Total Device Dissipation @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C (1) Derate above 25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	37.5 0.214	Watts W/°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	°C

(1) These devices are designed for RF operation. The total device dissipation rating applies only when the devices are operated as RF amplifiers.

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	R <sub>θJC</sub>	4.67	°C/W

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	9.40	9.78	0.370	0.385
B	8.13	8.38	0.320	0.330
C	17.02	20.07	0.670	0.790
D	5.46	5.97	0.215	0.235
E	1.78	—	0.070	—
J	0.08	0.18	0.003	0.007
K	12.45	—	0.490	—
L	1.40	1.78	0.055	0.070
M	45° NOM		45° NOM	
P	—	1.27	—	0.050
R	7.59	7.90	0.299	0.307
S	4.01	4.52	0.158	0.178
T	2.11	2.54	0.083	0.100
U	2.49	3.35	0.098	0.132

145A-09

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 15 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	16	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 5.0 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	36	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 2.5 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	4.0	—	—	Vdc
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 250 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	$h_{FE}$	5.0	50	150	—
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_E = 0$ , $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ )	$C_{ob}$	—	35	50	pF
<b>FUNCTIONAL TESTS (FIGURE 1)</b>					
Common-Emitter Amplifier Power Gain ( $V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}$ , $P_{out} = 10 \text{ W}$ , $f = 175 \text{ MHz}$ )	$G_{PE}$	9.0	11	—	dB
Collector Efficiency ( $V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}$ , $P_{out} = 10 \text{ W}$ , $f = 175 \text{ MHz}$ )	$\eta$	50	—	—	%

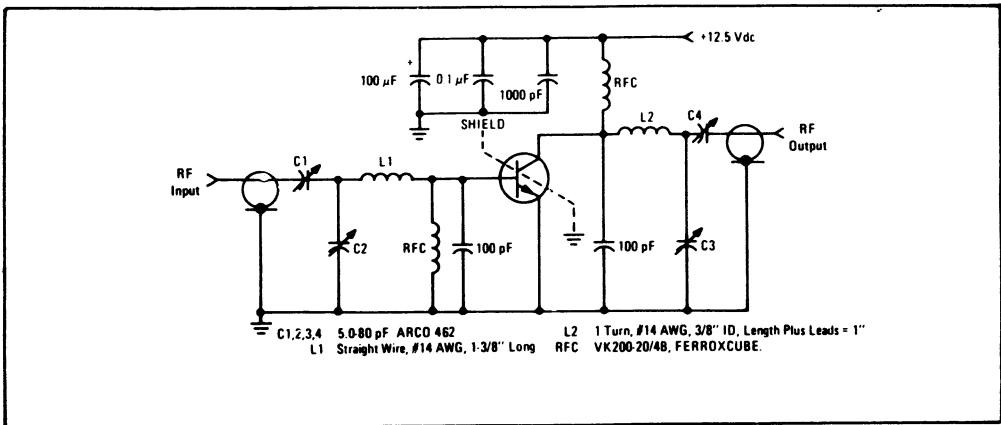
4.2

**SERIES EQUIVALENT INPUT/OUTPUT IMPEDANCE**

( $V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}$ ,  $P_{out} = 10 \text{ W}$ ,  $f = 175 \text{ MHz}$ )

$Z_{in}$ Ohms	$Z_{OL}$ Ohms
$1.74 - j3.93$	$5.86 - j7.37$

FIGURE 1 – 175 MHz TEST CIRCUIT





**MOTOROLA**

**MRF238**

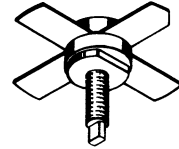
**The RF Line**

**NPN SILICON RF POWER TRANSISTOR**

... designed for 13.6 Volt VHF large-signal amplifier applications in industrial and commercial FM equipment operating to 175 MHz. Ideally suited for marine radio applications.

- Specified 13.6 Volt, 160 MHz Characteristics –  
 Output Power = 30 Watts  
 Minimum Gain = 9.0 dB  
 Efficiency = 60%

**30 W – 160 MHz  
 RF POWER  
 TRANSISTOR  
 NPN SILICON**

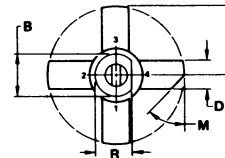
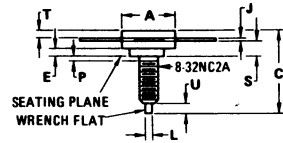


**4.2**

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	18	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	V <sub>CBO</sub>	36	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V <sub>EBO</sub>	4.0	Vdc
Collector Current – Continuous	I <sub>C</sub>	5.0	Adc
Total Device Dissipation @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	65	Watts
Derate Above 25°C		0.37	W/°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	°C
Stud Torque (1)	–	6.5	In. Lb.

(1) For Repeated Assembly use 5 In. Lb.



STYLE 1:  
 PIN 1. EMITTER  
 2. BASE  
 3. EMITTER  
 4. COLLECTOR

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	9.40	9.78	0.370	0.385
B	8.13	8.38	0.320	0.330
C	17.02	20.07	0.670	0.790
D	5.46	5.97	0.215	0.235
E	1.78	–	0.070	–
J	0.08	0.18	0.003	0.007
K	11.05	–	0.435	–
L	1.40	1.78	0.055	0.070
M	45° NOM		45° NOM	
P	–	1.27	–	0.050
R	7.59	7.80	0.299	0.307
S	4.01	4.52	0.158	0.178
T	2.11	2.54	0.083	0.100
U	2.49	3.35	0.098	0.132

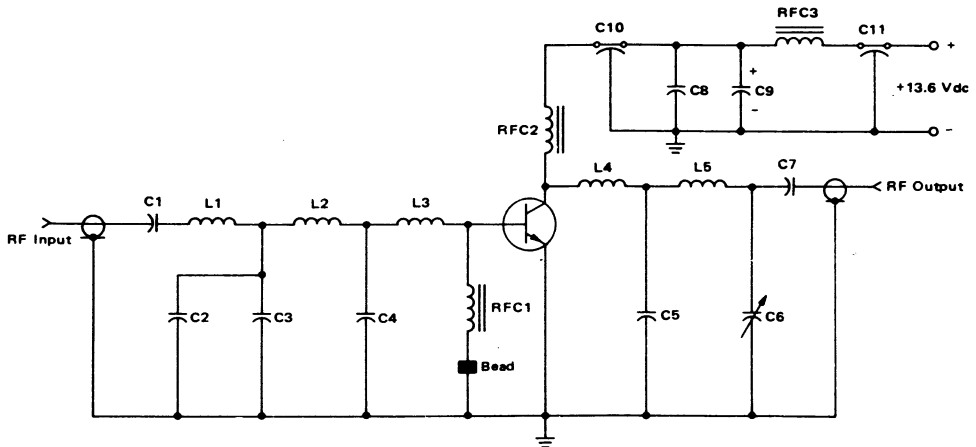
CASE 145A-07

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 100 \text{ mAdc}, I_B = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	18	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 15 \text{ mAdc}, I_E = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	36	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 5.0 \text{ mAdc}, I_C = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	4.0	—	—	Vdc
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 1.0 \text{ Adc}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	hFE	5.0	—	—	—
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ )	$C_{ob}$	—	110	130	pF
<b>FUNCTIONAL TEST (Figure 1)</b>					
Common-Emitter Amplifier Power Gain ( $V_{CC} = 13.6 \text{ Vdc}, P_{out} = 30 \text{ W}, f = 160 \text{ MHz}$ )	$G_{pe}$	9.0	10	—	dB
Collector Efficiency ( $V_{CC} = 13.6 \text{ Vdc}, P_{out} = 30 \text{ W}, f = 160 \text{ MHz}$ )	$\eta$	60	—	—	%

4.2

**FIGURE 1 — 160 MHz TEST CIRCUIT SCHEMATIC**



- |         |   |             |                                       |
|---------|---|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| C1      | 200 pF, 350 Vdc, UNELCO                       | L1          | 3.3 x 0.2 cm AIRLINE Inductor         |
| C2      | 100 pF, 350 Vdc, UNELCO                       | L2          | 1.0 x 0.2 cm AIRLINE Inductor         |
| C3      | 40 pF, 350 Vdc, UNELCO                        | L3          | 1.2 x 0.6 cm Brass Pad                |
| C4,C5   | 80 pF, 350 Vdc, UNELCO                        | L4          | 1.2 x 0.6 cm Brass Pad and            |
| C6      | 1.0-20 pF, 4 oz. ARCO Trimmer                 |             | 2.0 x 0.2 cm AIRLINE Inductor         |
| C7      | 100 pF 350 Vdc, UNELCO                        | Board:      | G10, $\epsilon_r = 5$ , $t = 62$ mils |
| C8      | 0.1 $\mu\text{F}$ ERIE Disc Ceramic           |             | 2 sided, 2 oz. Clad                   |
| C9      | 0.1 $\mu\text{F}$ TANTALUM                    | Connectors: | Type N                                |
| C10,C11 | 680 pF ALLEN BRADLEY Feedthru                 |             |                                       |
| RFC1    | 0.15 $\mu\text{H}$ Molded Choke               |             |                                       |
| RFC2    | 10 Turns, #18 AWG on 470 Ohm, 1 Watt Resistor |             |                                       |
| Bead    | FERROXCUBE Bead                               |             |                                       |
| RFC3    | FERROXCUBE Choke, VK200-4B                    |             |                                       |

FIGURE 2 – OUTPUT POWER versus INPUT POWER

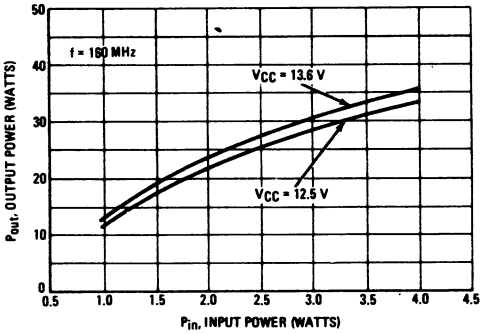


FIGURE 3 – OUTPUT POWER versus FREQUENCY

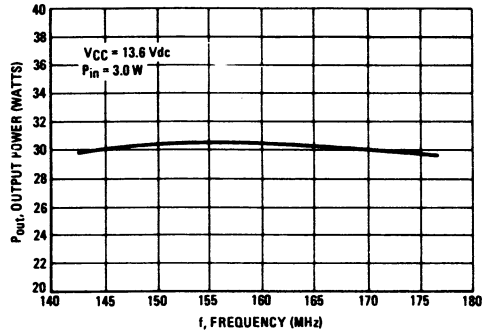


FIGURE 4 – OUTPUT POWER versus SUPPLY VOLTAGE

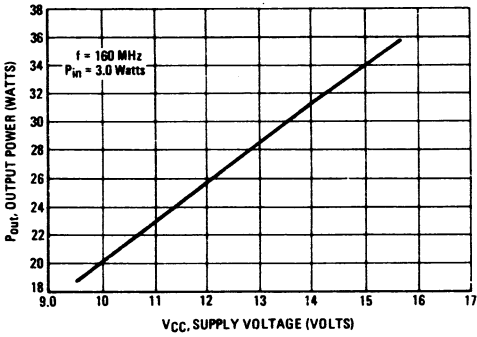
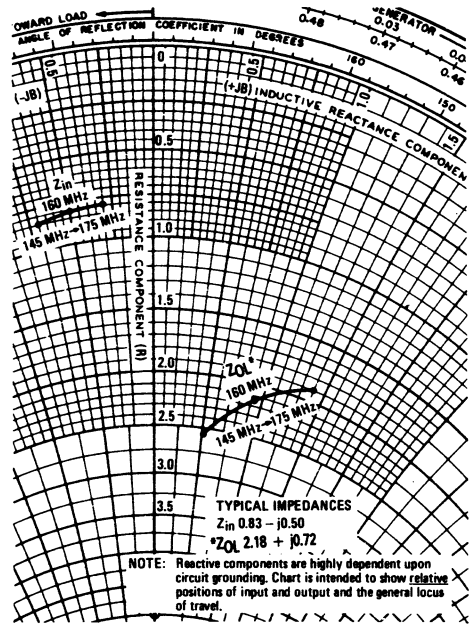


FIGURE 5 – SERIES EQUIVALENT IMPEDANCE



\* $Z_{OL}$  = Conjugate of the optimum load impedance into which the device output operates at a given output power, voltage and frequency.

# MRF239



**MOTOROLA**

## The RF Line

### NPN SILICON RF POWER TRANSISTOR

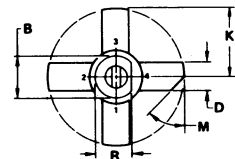
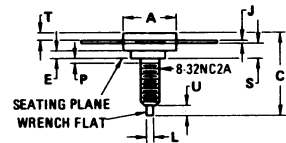
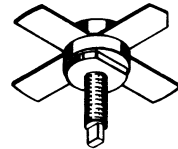
.. designed for 13.6 volt VHF large-signal class C and class AB linear power amplifier applications in commercial and industrial equipment.

- High Common Emitter Power Gain
- Specified 13.6 V, 160 MHz Performance:
  - Output Power = 30 Watts
  - Power Gain = 10 dB Min
  - Efficiency = 65% Typ
- Silicon Nitride Passivated
- Low Intermodulation Distortion,  $d_3 = -35$  dB Typ

30 W – 136–175 MHz

### RF POWER TRANSISTOR

NPN SILICON



STYLE 1:  
PIN 1. EMITTER  
2. BASE  
3. EMITTER  
4. COLLECTOR

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	9.40	9.78	0.370	0.385
B	8.13	8.38	0.320	0.330
C	17.02	20.07	0.670	0.790
D	5.46	5.97	0.215	0.235
E	1.78	—	0.070	—
J	0.08	0.18	0.003	0.007
K	12.45	—	0.490	—
L	1.40	1.78	0.055	0.070
M	—	45° NOM	—	45° NOM
P	—	1.27	—	0.050
R	7.59	7.80	0.299	0.307
S	4.01	4.52	0.158	0.178
T	2.11	2.54	0.083	0.100
U	2.49	3.35	0.098	0.132

CASE 145A-09

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CE0}$	16	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CB0}$	36	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EB0}$	4.0	Vdc
Collector Current – Continuous	$I_C$	6.0	Adc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (1) Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	75 430	Watts mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case (2)	$R_{\theta JC}$	2.33	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

- (1) This device is designed for RF operation. The total device dissipation rating applies only when the device is operated as an RF amplifier.
- (2) Thermal Resistance is determined under specified RF operating conditions by infrared measurement techniques.

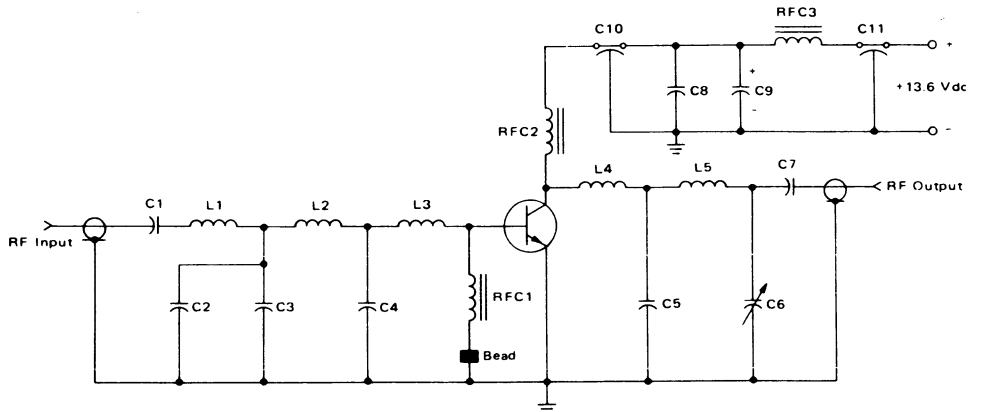
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	16	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CES}$	36	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ , $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	4.0	—	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_E = 0$ )	$I_{CES}$	—	—	5.0	mA
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 4.0 \text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	$h_{FE}$	20	—	150	—
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_E = 0$ , $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ )	$C_{ob}$	—	65	90	pF
<b>FUNCTIONAL TESTS</b>					
Common-Emitter Amplifier Power Gain ( $V_{CC} = 13.6 \text{ Vdc}$ , $P_{out} = 30 \text{ W}$ , $f = 160 \text{ MHz}$ )	GPE	10	11.5	—	dB
Collector Efficiency ( $V_{CC} = 13.6 \text{ Vdc}$ , $P_{out} = 30 \text{ W}$ , $f = 160 \text{ MHz}$ )	$\eta$	55	65	—	%
<b>TYPICAL SSB PERFORMANCE</b>					
Intermodulation Distortion (1) ( $V_{CC} = 13.6 \text{ Vdc}$ , $P_{out} = 30 \text{ W (PEP)}$ , $f_1 = 146 \text{ MHz}$ $f_2 = 146.002 \text{ MHz}$ , $I_{CQ} = 30 \text{ mA}$ )	IMD(d <sub>3</sub> )	—	-35	—	dB

4.2

(1) To MIL-STD-1311 Version A, Test Method 2204B, Two Tone, Reference Each Tone.

**FIGURE 1 – 160 MHz TEST CIRCUIT SCHEMATIC**



- |  |                                       |  |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| C1 200 pF, 350 Vdc, UNELCO             | C10,C11 680 pF ALLEN BRADLEY Feedthru | L3 1.2 x 0.6 cm Brass Pad                            |
| C2 100 pF, 350 Vdc, UNELCO             | RFC1 0.15 $\mu\text{H}$ Molded Choke  | L4 1.2 x 0.6 cm Brass Pad and                        |
| C3 40 pF, 350 Vdc, UNELCO              | RFC2 10 Turns, #18 AWG on 470 Ohm,    | 2.0 x 0.2 cm AIRLINE Inductor                        |
| C4,C5 80 pF, 350 Vdc, UNELCO           | 1 Watt Resistor                       | Board: G10, $\epsilon_r = 5$ , $t = 62 \text{ mils}$ |
| C6 1.0–20 pF, ARCO Trimmer             | Bead FERROXCUBE Bead                  | 2 sided, 2 oz. Clad                                  |
| C7 100 pF 350 Vdc, UNELCO              | RFC3 FERROXCUBE Choke, VK200-4B       | Connectors: Type N                                   |
| C8 0.1 $\mu\text{F}$ ERIE Disc Ceramic | L1 3.3 x 0.2 cm AIRLINE Inductor      |  |
| C9 1.0 $\mu\text{F}$ TANTALUM          | L2 1.0 x 0.2 cm AIRLINE Inductor      |  |

FIGURE 2 – POWER GAIN versus FREQUENCY

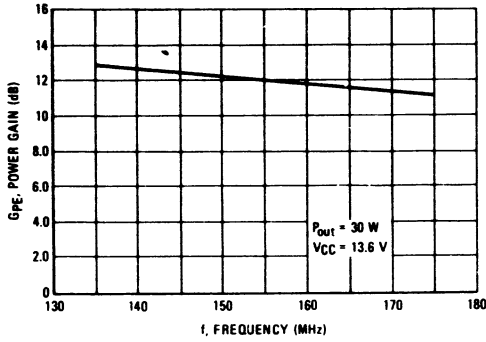


FIGURE 3 – OUTPUT POWER versus INPUT POWER

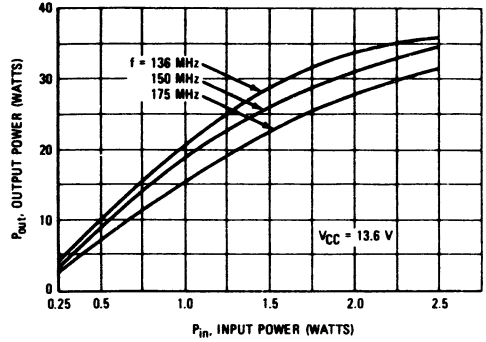


FIGURE 4 – OUTPUT POWER versus SUPPLY VOLTAGE  
136 MHz

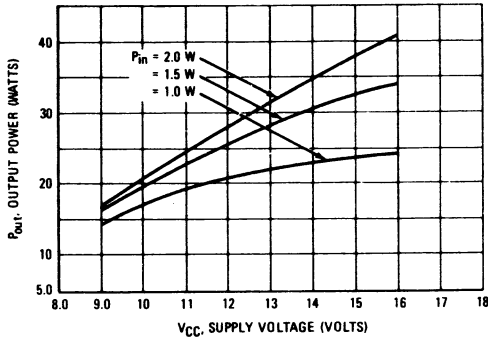


FIGURE 5 – OUTPUT POWER versus SUPPLY VOLTAGE  
150 MHz

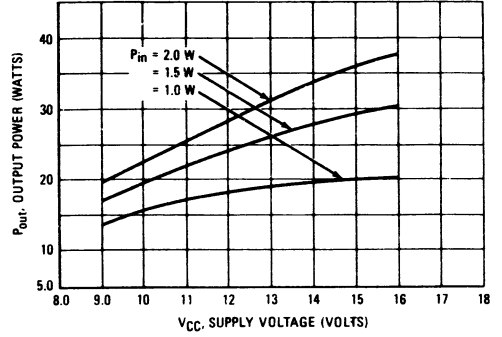
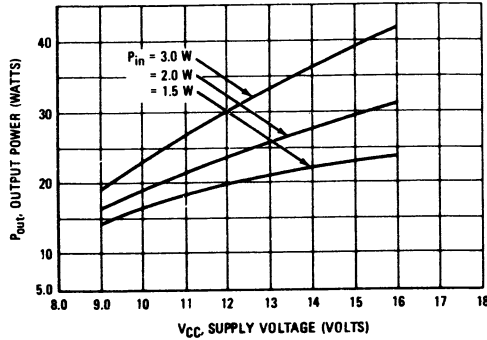


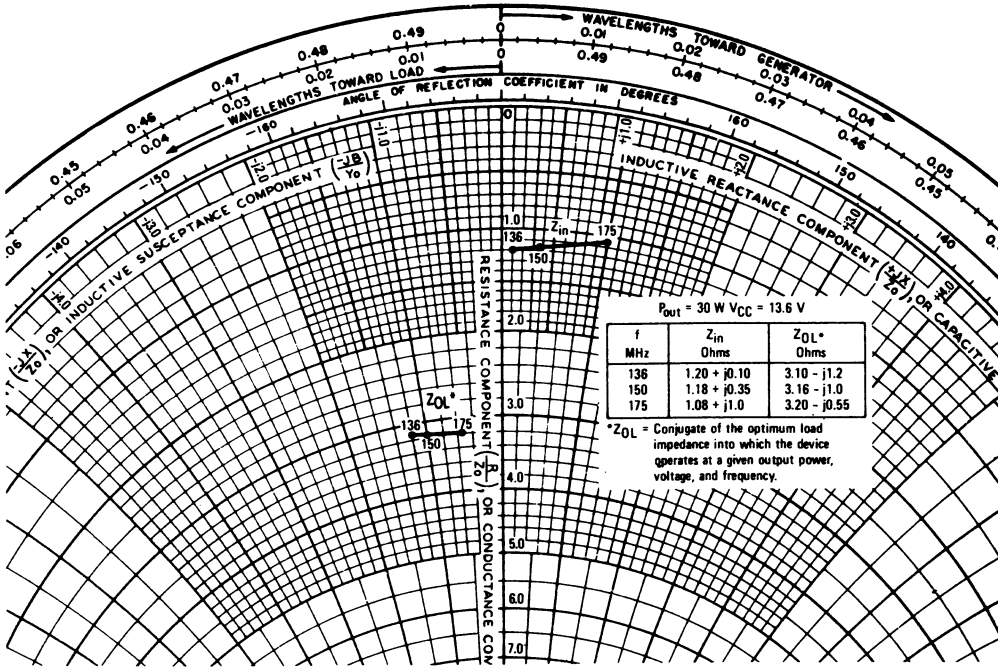
FIGURE 6 – OUTPUT POWER versus SUPPLY VOLTAGE  
175 MHz



4.2



FIGURE 7 - SERIES EQUIVALENT INPUT/OUTPUT IMPEDANCES





**MOTOROLA**

**MRF342**

**The RF Line**

**NPN SILICON RF POWER TRANSISTOR**

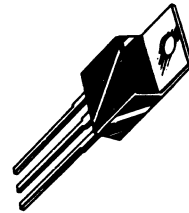
... designed primarily for use in VHF amplifiers with amplitude modulation and other communications equipment operating to 150 MHz.

- Low Cost Common Emitter TO-220 Package
- Specified 27 V, 136 MHz Performance:
  - Output Power = 24 W
  - Power Gain = 11 dB Min
  - Efficiency = 50% Min
- 20:1 VSWR Load Mismatch Capability at Rated Output Power and Supply Voltage
- Other Devices in the Series:
  - MRF340 8.0 W
  - MRF344 60 W

24 W 100-150 MHz

RF POWER TRANSISTOR

NPN SILICON



4.2

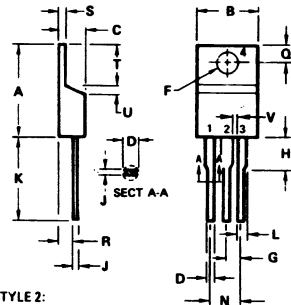
**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	35	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	V <sub>CBO</sub>	65	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V <sub>EBO</sub>	4.0	Vdc
Collector-Current – Continuous	I <sub>C</sub>	2.2	Adc
Peak		3.0	
Total Device Dissipation – T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C (1)	P <sub>D</sub>	55	Watts
Derate above 25°C		310	mW/°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	°C

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	R <sub>θJC</sub>	3.2	°C/W

1. These devices are designed for RF operation. The total device dissipation rating applies only when the devices are operated as RF amplifiers.



- STYLE 2:  
 PIN 1. BASE  
 2. EMITTER  
 3. COLLECTOR  
 4. EMITTER

NOTE:  
 1. DIM. L & H APPLIES TO ALL LEADS.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	15.11	15.75	0.595	0.620
B	9.65	10.29	0.380	0.405
C	4.96	4.82	0.160	0.190
D	0.64	0.89	0.025	0.035
F	3.61	3.73	0.142	0.147
G	2.41	2.67	0.095	0.105
H	2.79	3.30	0.110	0.130
J	0.36	0.56	0.014	0.022
K	12.70	14.27	0.500	0.562
L	1.14	1.27	0.045	0.050
N	4.83	5.33	0.190	0.210
Q	2.54	3.04	0.100	0.120
R	2.04	2.79	0.080	0.110
S	1.14	1.30	0.045	0.055
T	5.97	6.48	0.235	0.255
U	0.76	1.27	0.030	0.050
V	1.14	-	0.045	-

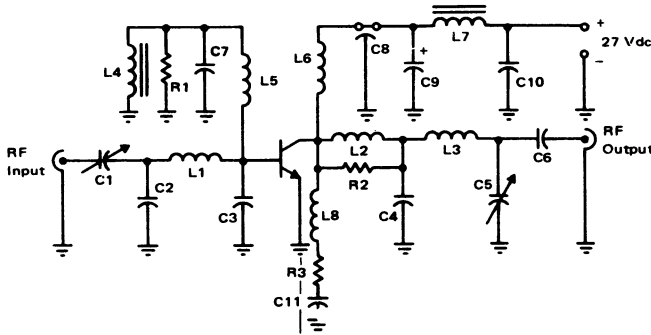
CASE 221A-02

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 20 \text{ mA dc}, I_B = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	35	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 20 \text{ mA dc}, V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CES}$	65	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 20 \text{ mA dc}, I_E = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	65	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 2.0 \text{ mA dc}, I_C = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	4.0	—	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 27 \text{ Vdc}, V_{BE} = 0$ )	$I_{CES}$	—	—	2.0	mA dc
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 1.0 \text{ A dc}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	$h_{FE}$	10	—	100	—
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 27 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ )	$C_{ob}$	—	20	30	pF
<b>FUNCTIONAL TESTS</b>					
Common-Emitter Amplifier Power Gain ( $V_{CC} = 13.5 \text{ Vdc}, P_{out} = 6.0 \text{ W}, f = 136 \text{ MHz}$ )	$G_{pE}$	10	11.5	—	dB
Common-Emitter Amplifier Power Gain ( $V_{CC} = 27 \text{ Vdc}, P_{out} = 24 \text{ W}, f = 136 \text{ MHz}$ )	$G_{pE}$	11	12.3	—	dB
Collector Efficiency ( $V_{CC} = 27 \text{ Vdc}, P_{out} = 24 \text{ W}, f = 136 \text{ MHz}$ )	$\eta$	50	60	—	%
Load Mismatch ( $V_{CC} = 27 \text{ Vdc}, P_{out} = 24 \text{ W (peak)}, f = 136 \text{ MHz}$ Drive modulated with 1.0 kHz square wave, 50% duty cycle. Load VSWR $> 20:1$ , all phase angles)	$\psi$	No Degradation in Power Output			

4.2

**FIGURE 1 — 136 MHz TEST CIRCUIT**



- C1 — Arco 404
- C2 — 25 pF UNELCO
- C3, C7 — 200 pF UNELCO
- C4 — 40 pF UNELCO
- C5 — Arco 462
- C6 — 510 pF Dipped Mica
- C8 — 680 pF Feedthru
- C9 — 1.0  $\mu\text{F}$  50 V Tantalum
- C10, C11 — 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  Erie Redcap 100 V

- L1, L2 — 3 Turns #18 AWG, 1/8" ID
- L3 — 5 Turns #18 AWG, 1/8" ID
- L4, L7 — VK-200-19/4B
- L5 — 0.15  $\mu\text{H}$  Molded Choke
- L6 — 0.22  $\mu\text{H}$  Molded Choke
- L8 — 0.47  $\mu\text{H}$  Molded Choke
- R1 — 22  $\Omega$ , 2 Watt
- R2 — 910  $\Omega$ , 1 Watt
- R3 — 12  $\Omega$ , 1 Watt

FIGURE 2 – POWER GAIN versus FREQUENCY

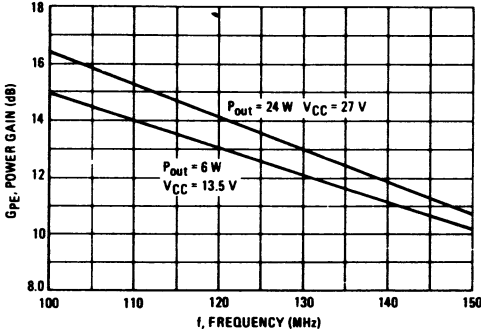


FIGURE 3 – OUTPUT POWER versus SUPPLY VOLTAGE  
( $f = 136\text{ MHz}$ )

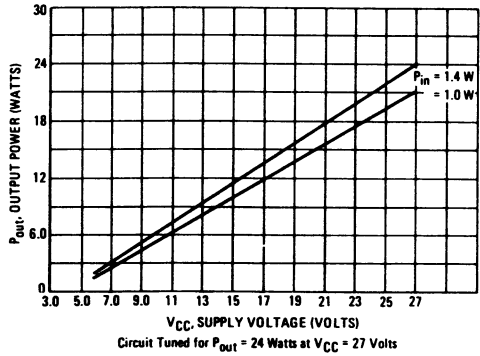


FIGURE 4 – OUTPUT POWER versus INPUT POWER  
( $V_{CC} = 27\text{ V}$ )

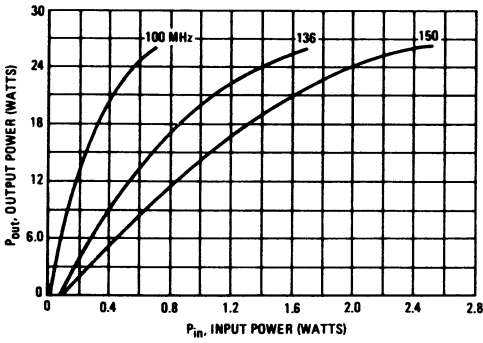
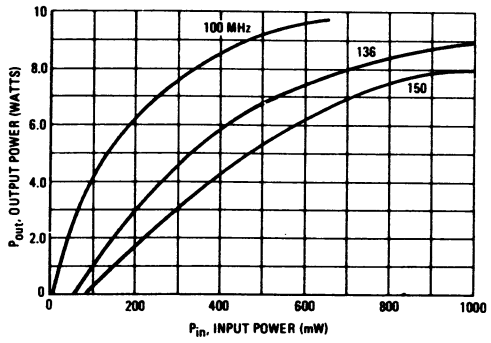
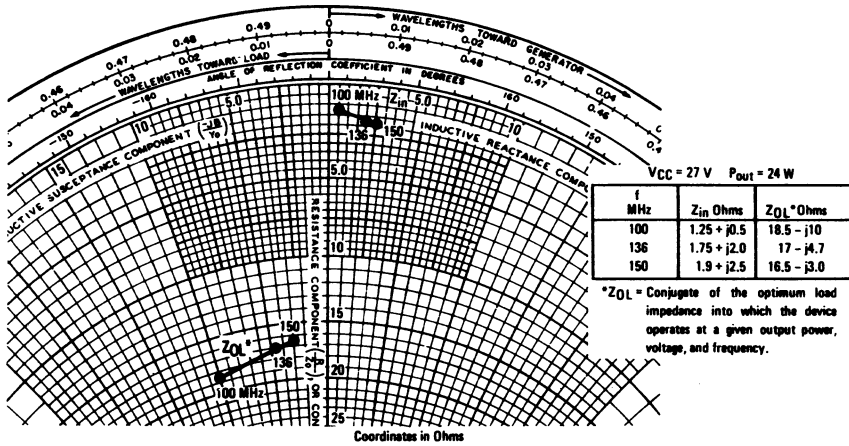


FIGURE 5 – OUTPUT POWER versus INPUT POWER  
( $V_{CC} = 13.5\text{ V}$ )



4.2

FIGURE 6 – SERIES EQUIVALENT INPUT/OUTPUT IMPEDANCES



4.2

FIGURE 7 - 136 MHz TEST AMPLIFIER

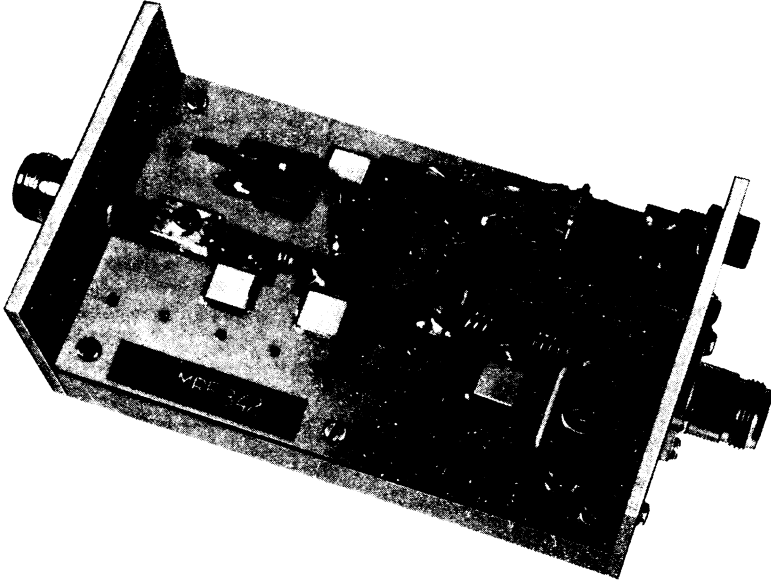


FIGURE 8 - PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD LAYOUT - 136 MHz TEST CIRCUIT

