

**MRF837**

**The RF Line**

**NPN SILICON RF LOW POWER TRANSISTOR**

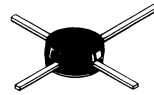
... designed primarily for wideband large signal predriver stages in 800 MHz and UHF frequency ranges.

- Specified @ 12.5 V, 870 MHz Characteristics
  - Output Power = 750 mW
  - Minimum Gain = 8.0 dB
  - Efficiency 60% (Typ)
- Low Cost Macro-X Plastic Package
- State-of-the-Art Technology
  - Fine Line Geometry
  - Gold Top Metal and Wires
  - Silicon Nitride Passivated
  - Ion Implanted Arsenic Emitters

**750 mW 870 MHz**

**RF LOW POWER TRANSISTOR**

**NPN SILICON**



**Macro-X**

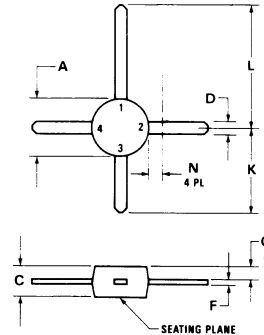
**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	16	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	V <sub>CB0</sub>	36	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V <sub>EBO</sub>	4.0	Vdc
Collector-Current — Continuous	I <sub>C</sub>	200	mAdc
Total Device Dissipation @ T <sub>C</sub> = 50°C Derate above 50°C (1)	P <sub>D</sub>	2.5 25	Watts mW/°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	°C

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	R <sub>θJC</sub>	40	°C/W

(1) Case temperature measured on collector lead immediately adjacent to body of package.



STYLE 2:  
 PIN 1. COLLECTOR  
 2. EMITTER  
 3. BASE  
 4. EMITTER

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.44	5.21	0.175	0.205
C	1.90	2.54	0.075	0.100
D	0.84	0.99	0.033	0.039
F	0.20	0.30	0.008	0.012
G	0.76	1.14	0.030	0.045
K	7.24	8.13	0.285	0.320
L	10.54	11.43	0.415	0.450
N	-	1.65	-	0.065

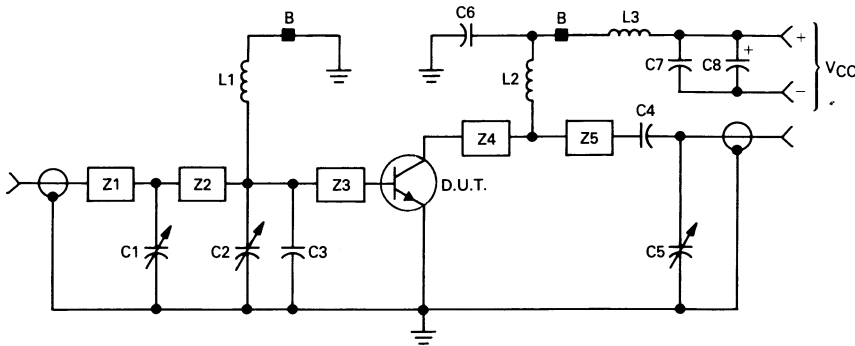
NOTE:  
 DIMENSION D NOT APPLICABLE IN ZONE N.

**CASE 317-01**

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted.)

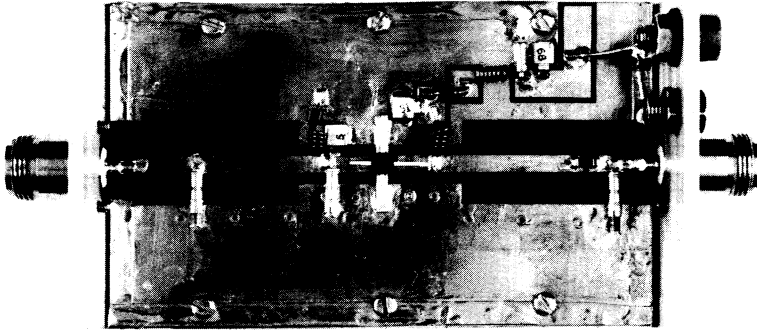
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 5.0\text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	16	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 5.0\text{ mA}$ , $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CES}$	36	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 0.1\text{ mA}$ , $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	4.0	—	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 15\text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{BE} = 0$ , $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$I_{CES}$	—	—	0.1	mA
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ )	$h_{FE}$	30	90	200	—
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 15\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_E = 0$ , $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ )	$C_{ob}$	—	1.8	2.5	pF
<b>FUNCTIONAL TESTS</b>					
Common-Emitter Amplifier Power Gain ( $V_{CC} = 12.5\text{ Vdc}$ , $P_{out} = 0.75\text{ W}$ , $f = 870\text{ MHz}$ )	$G_{pe}$	8.0	10	—	dB
Collector Efficiency ( $V_{CC} = 12.5\text{ Vdc}$ , $P_{out} = 0.75\text{ W}$ , $f = 870\text{ MHz}$ )	$\eta$	55	60	—	%

**FIGURE 1 — 800–880 MHz BROADBAND CIRCUIT**



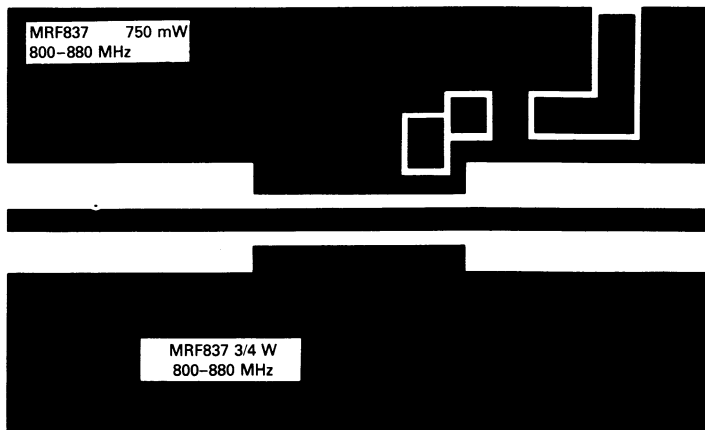
- |            |                                       |        |  |
|------------|---------------------------------------|--------|--|
| C1, C2, C5 | — 0.8–8.0 pF Johanson Gigatrim        | L1, L2 | — 4 Turns, #21 AWG, 5/32" ID                     |
| C3         | — 5.0 pF Clamped Mica, Mini-Underwood | L3     | — 7 Turns, #21 AWG, 5/32" ID                     |
| C6         | — 91 pF Clamped Mica, Mini-Underwood  | Z1     | — 0.80" x 0.163" Microstrip, $Z_0 = 50\ \Omega$  |
| C4         | — 470 pF Ceramic Chip Capacitor       | Z2     | — 1.375" x 0.163" Microstrip, $Z_0 = 50\ \Omega$ |
| C7         | — 68 pF Clamped Mica, Mini-Underwood  | Z3, Z4 | — 0.375" x 0.163" Microstrip, $Z_0 = 50\ \Omega$ |
| C8         | — 1.0 $\mu\text{F}$ 25 V Tantalum     | Z5     | — 1.35" x 0.163" Microstrip, $Z_0 = 50\ \Omega$  |
| B          | — Bead, Ferroxcube 56-590-65/3B       | PCB    | — 1/16" Glass Teflon, $\epsilon_r = 2.56$        |

FIGURE 2 — 800-880 BROADBAND CIRCUIT



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FIGURE 3 — 800-880 MHz BROADBAND CIRCUIT PHOTOMASTER



NOTE: The Printed Circuit Board shown is 75% of the original.

800/900 MHz BAND DATA

FIGURE 4 — BROADBAND PERFORMANCE

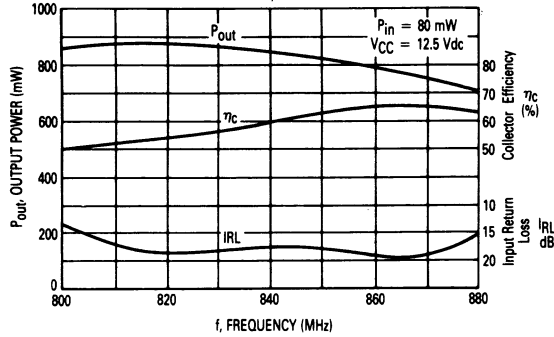


FIGURE 5 —  $Z_{in}$  AND  $Z_{OL}$  versus COLLECTOR VOLTAGE, INPUT POWER AND OUTPUT POWER

f Frequency MHz	$Z_{in}$ Ohms		$Z_{OL}^*$ Ohms	
	$V_{CC} = 7.5 \text{ V}$	$V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ V}$	$V_{CC} = 7.5 \text{ V}$	$V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ V}$
	$P_{in} = 150 \text{ mW}$	$P_{in} = 100 \text{ mW}$	$P_{out} \text{ 806 MHz} = 870 \text{ mW}$ $P_{out} \text{ 870 MHz} = 820 \text{ mW}$ $P_{out} \text{ 960 MHz} = 700 \text{ mW}$	$P_{out} \text{ 806 MHz} \leq 1.05 \text{ W}$ $P_{out} \text{ 870 MHz} = 950 \text{ mW}$ $P_{out} \text{ 960 MHz} = 725 \text{ mW}$
806	$6.1 + j3.6$	$4.3 + j0.6$	$38.3 - j16.4$	$23.2 - j31.6$
870	$5.6 + j5.2$	$6.5 + j3.6$	$40.8 - j18.9$	$41.3 - j18.4$
960	$6.1 + j6.8$	$6.4 + j4.5$	$43.8 - j14.7$	$41.4 - j19.0$

\* $Z_{OL}$  = Conjugate of the optimum load impedance into which the device output operates at a given output power, voltage, and frequency.

800/900 MHz BAND DATA (continued)

FIGURE 6 — OUTPUT POWER versus INPUT POWER  
 $f = 870 \text{ MHz}$

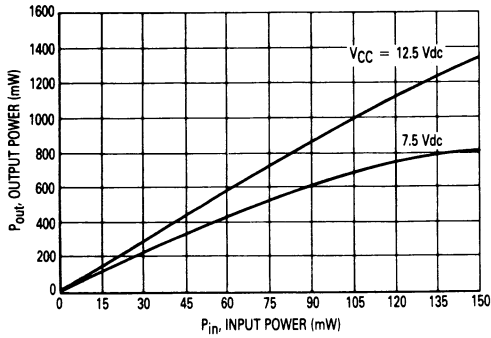


FIGURE 7 — OUTPUT POWER versus FREQUENCY  
 $V_{CC} = 7.5 \text{ Vdc}$

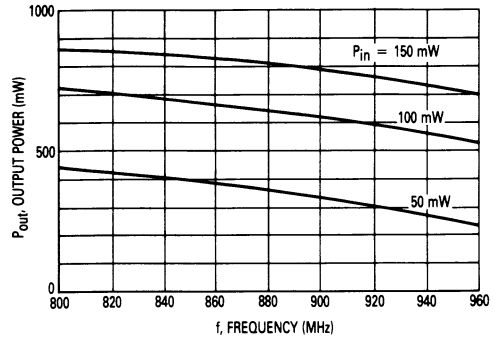


FIGURE 8 — OUTPUT POWER versus COLLECTOR VOLTAGE  
 $f = 870 \text{ MHz}$

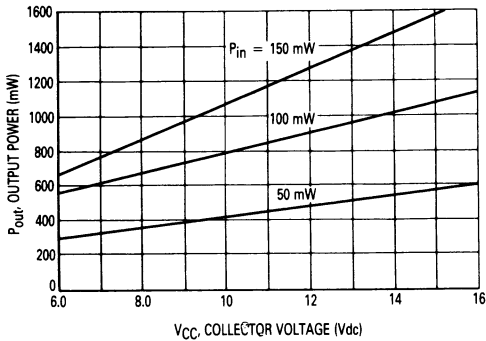
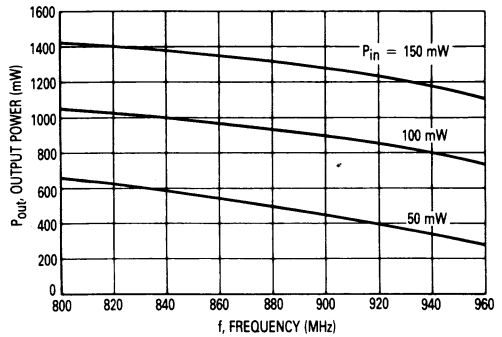


FIGURE 9 — OUTPUT POWER versus FREQUENCY  
 $V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}$



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UHF BAND DATA

FIGURE 10 —  $Z_{in}$  AND  $Z_{OL}$  versus COLLECTOR VOLTAGE, INPUT POWER, AND OUTPUT POWER

f Frequency MHz	$Z_{in}$ Ohms		$Z_{OL}^*$ Ohms	
	$V_{CC} = 7.5\text{ V}$	$V_{CC} = 12.5\text{ V}$	$V_{CC} = 7.5\text{ V}$	$V_{CC} = 12.5\text{ V}$
	$P_{in} = 75\text{ mW}$	$P_{in} = 50\text{ mW}$	$P_{out}\ 400\text{ MHz} = 875\text{ mW}$ $P_{out}\ 450\text{ MHz} = 790\text{ mW}$ $P_{out}\ 512\text{ MHz} = 675\text{ mW}$	$P_{out}\ 400\text{ MHz} = 1.25\text{ W}$ $P_{out}\ 450\text{ MHz} = 1.1\text{ W}$ $P_{out}\ 512\text{ MHz} = 775\text{ mW}$
400	9.6 - j7.5	8.2 - j11.5	37.8 + j12.3	51.8 - j7.2
450	11.3 - j7.5	9.7 - j11	35.8 + j8.6	52.2 - j16.7
512	11.5 - j6.8	12 - j9.2	42.4 + j0.24	43.7 - j5.7

\* $Z_{OL}$  = Conjugate of the optimum load impedance into which the device output operates at a given output power, voltage and frequency.

FIGURE 11 — OUTPUT POWER versus INPUT POWER  
f = 512 MHz

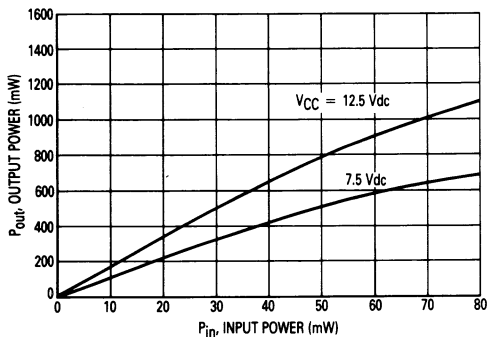


FIGURE 12 — OUTPUT POWER versus FREQUENCY  
 $V_{CC} = 7.5\text{ Vdc}$

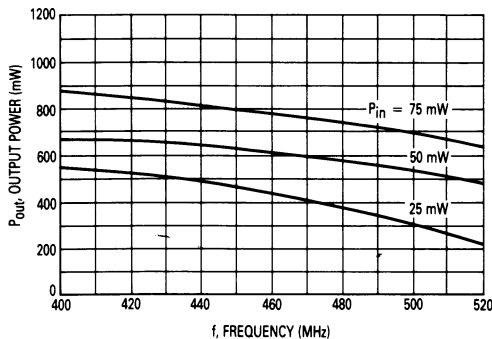


FIGURE 13 — OUTPUT POWER versus COLLECTOR VOLTAGE  
f = 512 MHz

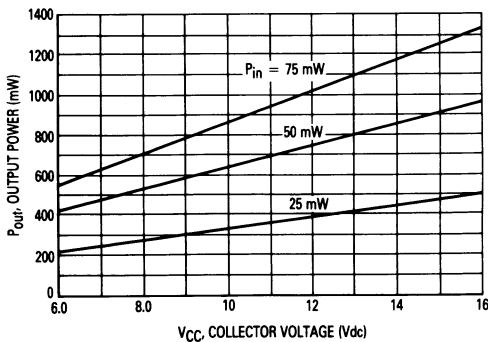
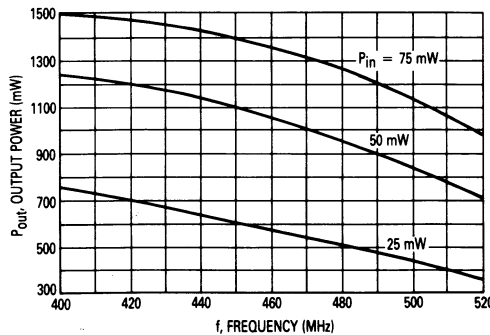


FIGURE 14 — OUTPUT POWER versus FREQUENCY  
 $V_{CC} = 12.5\text{ Vdc}$



**MRF838**  
**MRF838A**

**The RF Line**

**NPN SILICON RF POWER TRANSISTOR**

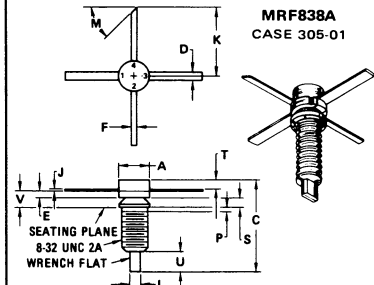
... designed for 12.5 volt UHF large-signal, common-emitter amplifier applications in industrial and commercial FM equipment operating in the range of 806-960 MHz.

- Specified 12.5 Volt, 870 MHz Characteristics:
  - Output Power = 1.0 Watt
  - Minimum Gain = 6.5 dB
  - Efficiency = 60% Typ
- Series Equivalent Large-Signal Characterization

1 W - 870 MHz

**RF POWER TRANSISTOR**

NPN SILICON



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	5.08	5.59	0.200	0.220
C	13.97	16.28	0.550	0.640
D	1.40	1.65	0.055	0.065
E	1.02	1.27	0.040	0.050
F	0.64	0.89	0.025	0.035
J	0.08	0.18	0.003	0.007
K	11.05	-	0.435	-
L	1.40	1.85	0.055	0.065
M	-	45° NOM	-	45° NOM
P	-	1.27	-	0.050
S	1.40	1.85	0.055	0.065
T	1.40	1.78	0.055	0.070
U	2.78	3.81	0.110	0.150
V	2.41	2.82	0.095	0.115

- STYLE 1:  
 PIN 1. EMITTER  
 2. BASE  
 3. EMITTER  
 4. COLLECTOR

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

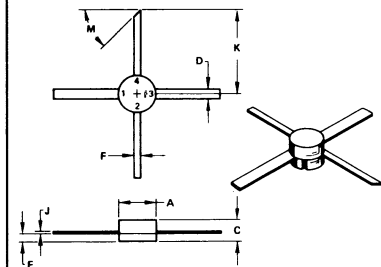
Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	16	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	36	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	4.0	Vdc
Collector Current - Continuous	$I_C$	0.3	Adc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (1) Derate Above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	2.5 0.014	Watts W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case (2)	$R_{\theta JC}$	70	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

- (1) These devices are designed for RF operation. The total device dissipation rating applies only when the devices are operated as RF amplifiers.  
 (2) Thermal Resistance is determined under specified RF operating conditions by infrared measurement techniques.

**MRF838**  
 CASE 305A-01



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	5.08	5.59	0.200	0.220
C	2.41	3.30	0.095	0.130
D	1.40	1.65	0.055	0.065
E	1.02	1.27	0.040	0.050
F	0.64	0.89	0.025	0.035
J	0.08	0.18	0.003	0.007
K	11.05	-	0.435	-
M	-	45° NOM	-	45° NOM

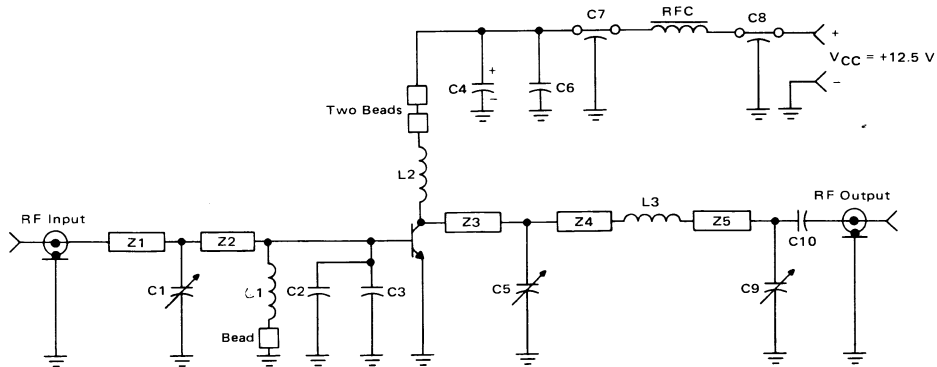
- STYLE 1:  
 PIN 1. EMITTER  
 2. BASE  
 3. EMITTER  
 4. COLLECTOR

# MRF838, MRF838A

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mA dc}, I_B = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	16	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mA dc}, V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CES}$	36	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 0.1 \text{ mA dc}, I_C = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	4.0	—	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 15 \text{ Vdc}, V_{BE} = 0, T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$I_{CES}$	—	—	1.0	mA dc
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 100 \text{ mA dc}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	$h_{FE}$	10	80	150	—
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ )	$C_{ob}$	—	5.0	7.0	pF
<b>FUNCTIONAL TEST</b>					
Common-Emitter Amplifier Power Gain ( $P_{out} = 1.0 \text{ W}, V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}, f = 870 \text{ MHz}$ )	$G_{pE}$	6.5	7.5	—	dB
Collector Efficiency ( $P_{out} = 1.0 \text{ W}, V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}, f = 870 \text{ MHz}$ )	$\eta$	50	60	—	%

FIGURE 1 — 870 MHz TEST CIRCUIT



C1, C5, C9 — 0.8–8.0 pF Johanson Gigatrim #7291  
 C2, C3 — 10 pF ATC Chip Capacitor (Case A)  
 C4 — 1.0  $\mu\text{F}$  30 V Tantalum Capacitor  
 C6 — 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  Erie Redcap 100 V  
 C7, C8 — 680 pF Feedthru  
 C10 — 100 pF Chip Capacitor (100 mil)  
 L1, L2 — 1 Turn #18 AWG 1/8" Diameter  
 L3 — #14 AWG 1/2 Turn 0.250" Diameter

RFC — Ferroxcube VK200 20/4B  
 Bead — Ferroxcube #56-590-65/3B  
 Z1, Z2 — 1.2" X 0.155" Microstrip  
 Z3 — 1.05" X 0.155" Microstrip  
 Z4 — 0.5" X 0.155" Microstrip  
 Z5 — 1.5" X 0.155" Microstrip  
 Board Material — 0.0625" Thick Glass-Teflon,  $\epsilon_r = 2.5$



FIGURE 2 – OUTPUT POWER versus INPUT POWER

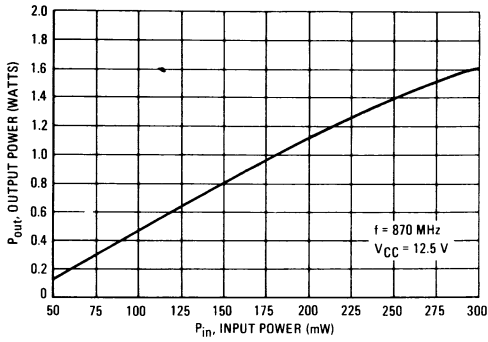


FIGURE 3 – OUTPUT POWER versus FREQUENCY

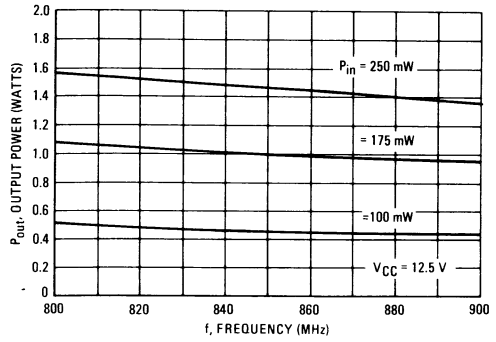


FIGURE 4 – OUTPUT POWER versus SUPPLY VOLTAGE

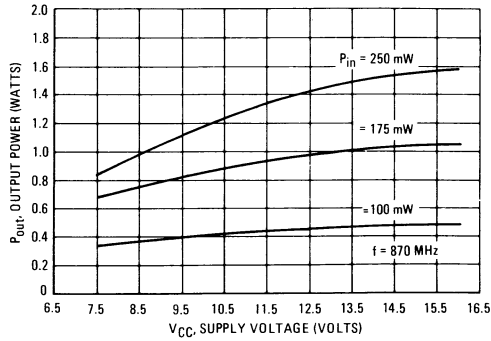


FIGURE 5 – SERIES EQUIVALENT INPUT IMPEDANCE

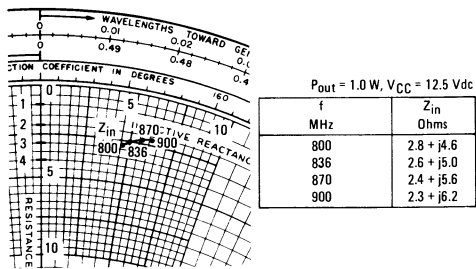


FIGURE 6 – SERIES EQUIVALENT OUTPUT IMPEDANCE

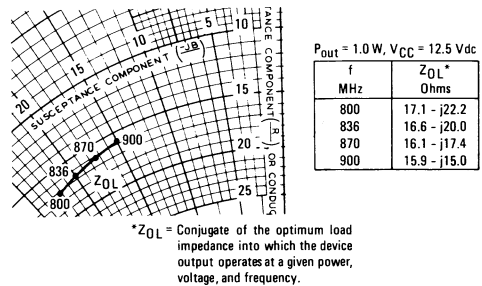
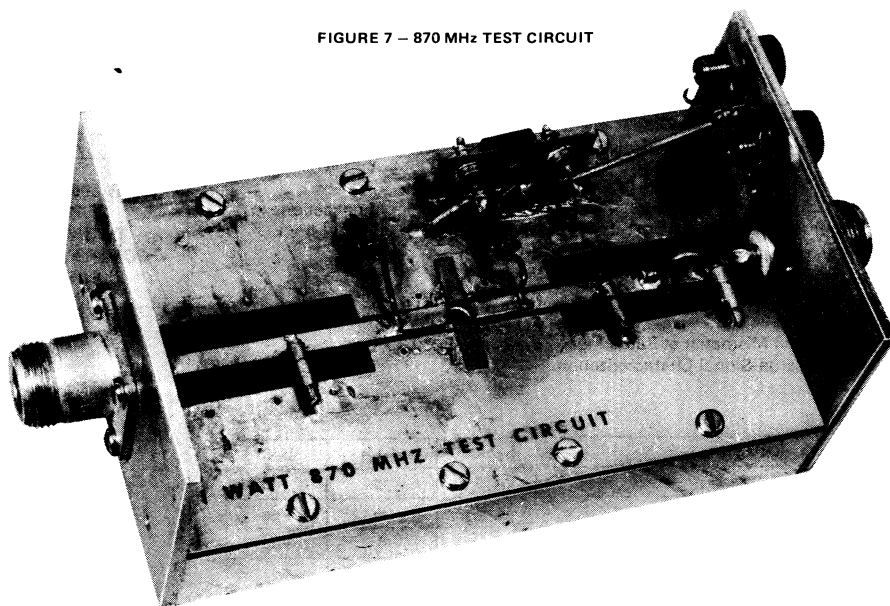
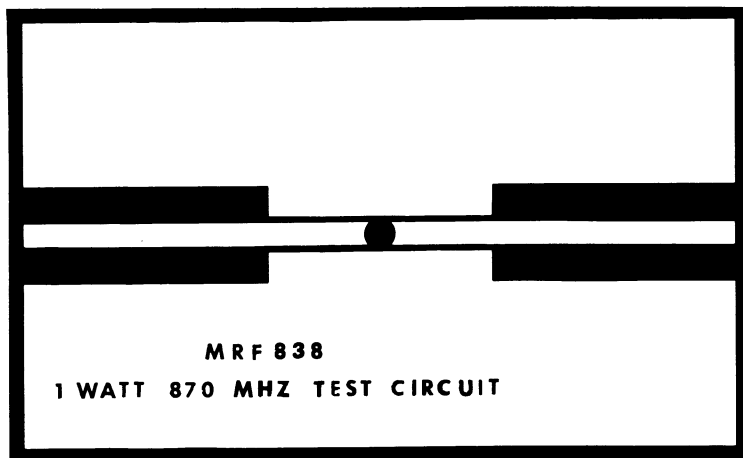


FIGURE 7 - 870 MHz TEST CIRCUIT



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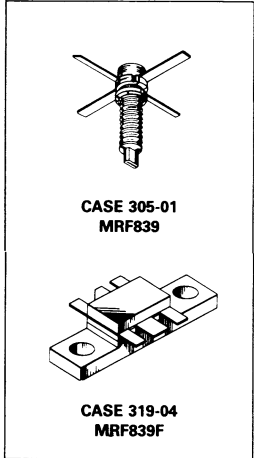
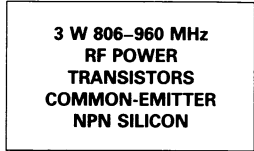


NOTE: The Printed Circuit Board shown is 75% of the original.

**The RF Line.**  
**NPN Silicon**  
**RF Power Transistors**

... designed for 12.5 Volt UHF large-signal, **common-emitter** amplifier applications in industrial and commercial FM equipment operating in the range of 806–960 MHz.

- Specified 12.5 V 870 MHz Characteristics  
 Output Power = 3 Watts  
 Minimum Gain = 8 dB  
 Minimum Efficiency = 55%
- 100% Tested for Load Mismatch at Rated Input Power and 15.5 V
- Series Equivalent Large-Signal Characterization



3

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	16	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	V <sub>CBO</sub>	36	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V <sub>EBO</sub>	4	Vdc
Collector-Current — Continuous	I <sub>C</sub>	0.6	Adc
Operating Junction Temperature	T <sub>J</sub>	200	°C
Total Device Dissipation @ T <sub>C</sub> = 110°C Derate above 110°C	P <sub>D</sub>	10 111	Watts W/°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	°C

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	R <sub>θJC</sub>	9	°C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
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**OFF CHARACTERISTICS**

Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 5 mA <sub>dc</sub> , I <sub>B</sub> = 0)	V <sub>(BR)CEO</sub>	16	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 5 mA <sub>dc</sub> , V <sub>BE</sub> = 0)	V <sub>(BR)CES</sub>	36	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage (I <sub>E</sub> = 0.1 mA <sub>dc</sub> , I <sub>C</sub> = 0)	V <sub>(BR)EBO</sub>	4	—	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current (V <sub>CE</sub> = 15 Vdc, V <sub>BE</sub> = 0, T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C)	I <sub>CES</sub>	—	—	1	mA <sub>dc</sub>

**ON CHARACTERISTICS**

DC Current Gain (I <sub>C</sub> = 100 mA <sub>dc</sub> , V <sub>CE</sub> = 5 Vdc)	h <sub>FE</sub>	10	90	150	—
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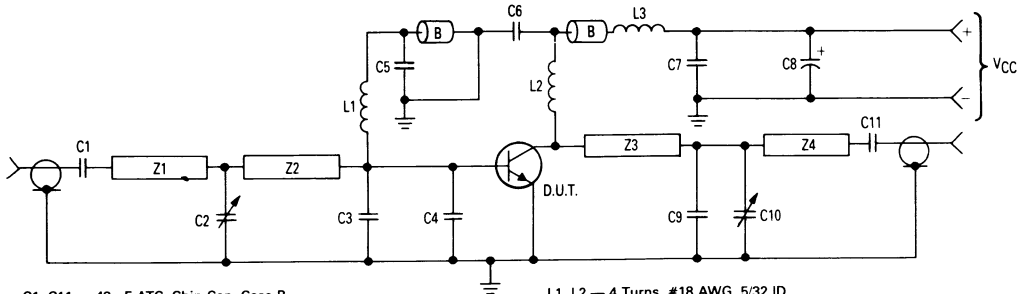
**DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

Output Capacitance (V <sub>CB</sub> = 15 Vdc, I <sub>E</sub> = 0, f = 1 MHz)	C <sub>ob</sub>	—	6.5	10	pF
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**FUNCTIONAL TESTS (FIGURE 1)**

Common-Emitter Amplifier Power Gain (P <sub>out</sub> = 3 W, V <sub>CC</sub> = 12.5 Vdc, f = 870 MHz)	G <sub>PE</sub>	8	10	—	dB
Collector Efficiency (P <sub>out</sub> = 3 W, V <sub>CC</sub> = 12.5 Vdc, f = 870 MHz)	η <sub>c</sub>	55	63	—	%
Load Mismatch Stress (V <sub>CC</sub> = 15.5 Vdc, P <sub>in</sub> = 0.5 W, f = 870 MHz, VSWR = 20:1, all phase angles)	—	No Degradation in Output Power			

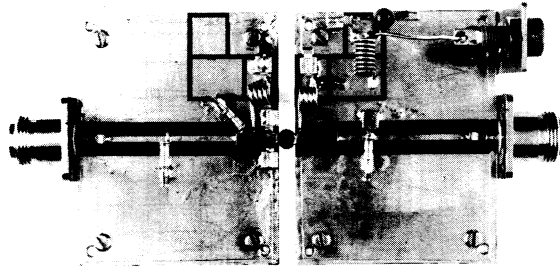
# MRF839, MRF839F



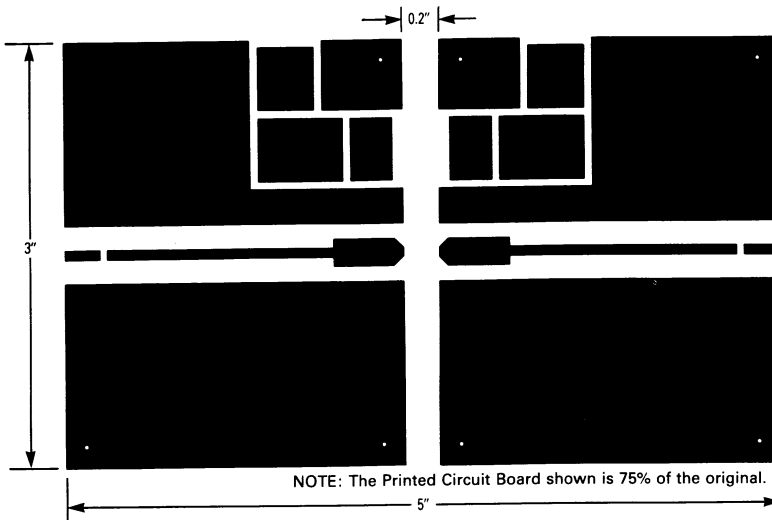
- C1, C11 — 43 pF ATC, Chip Cap, Case B
- C2, C10 — 0.8-8 Johanson Gigatrim
- C3, C4 — 10 pF Clamped Mica, Mini-Underwood
- C5, C6, C7 — 68 pF Clamped Mica, Mini-Underwood
- C8 — 10  $\mu$ F, 25 V Tantalum
- C9 — 5 pF Clamped Mica, Mini-Underwood
- B — Bead, Ferroxcube #56-590-65/3B

- L1, L2 — 4 Turns, #18 AWG, 5/32 ID
- L3 — 7 Turns, #18 AWG, 5/32 ID
- Z1 — 0.850" x 0.077" Microstrip,  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$
- Z2 — 1.100" x 0.077" Microstrip,  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$
- Z3 — 0.920" x 0.077" Microstrip,  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$
- Z4 — 1.150" x 0.077" Microstrip,  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$
- Board Material — 0.032" Glass Teflon, 2 oz. Copper Clad,  $\epsilon_r = 2.55$

**Figure 1. MRF839 800-880 MHz Broadband Test Circuit**



**Figure 2. MRF839 Broadband Test Circuit**



**Figure 3. MRF839 Photomaster**

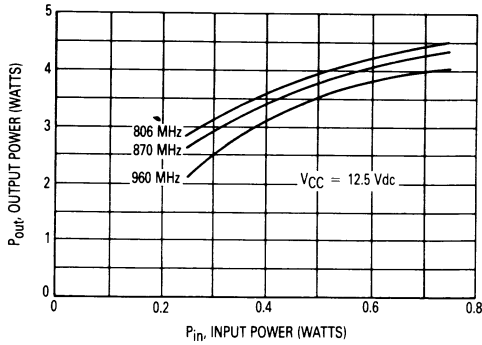


Figure 4. Output Power versus Input Power

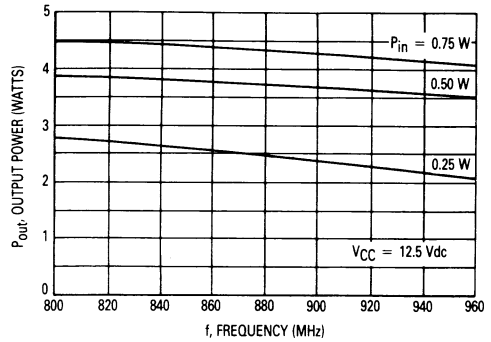


Figure 5. Output Power versus Frequency

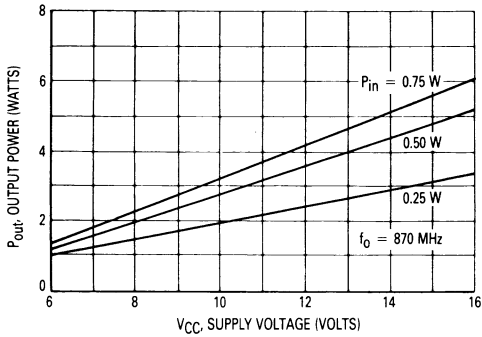


Figure 6. Output Power versus Supply Voltage

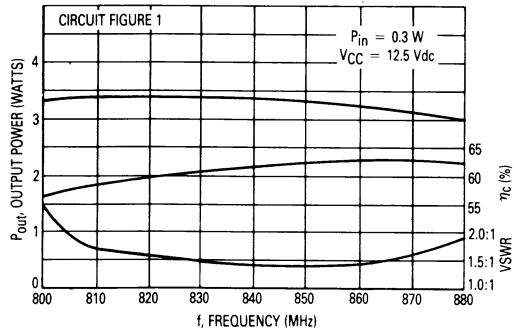


Figure 7. Broadband Performance

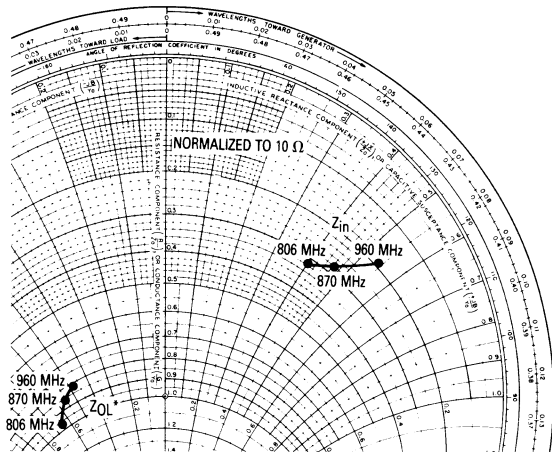


Figure 8. Series Equivalent Input/Output Impedances

$P_{out} = 3 \text{ Watts}, V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}$

f MHz	$Z_{in}$ Ohms	$Z_{OL}^*$ Ohms
806	$3.1 + j4.0$	$9.6 - j6.5$
870	$2.8 + j4.6$	$8.5 - j5.6$
960	$1.9 + j5.4$	$8.1 - j4.8$

\* $Z_{OL}$  = Conjugate of the optimum load impedance into which the device operates at a given output power, voltage, and frequency.

3

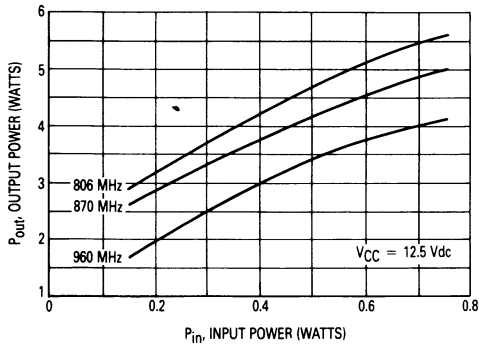


Figure 9. Output Power versus Input Power

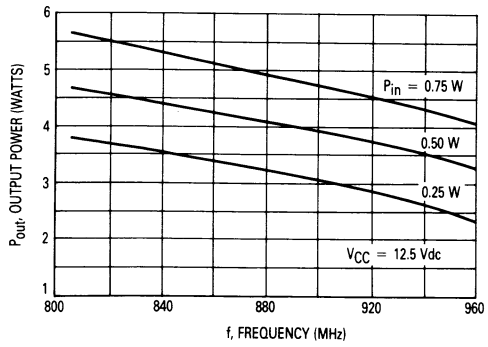


Figure 10. Output Power versus Frequency

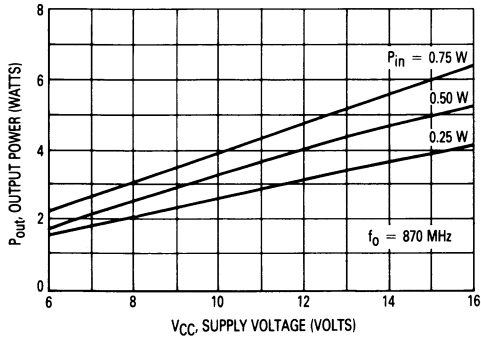


Figure 11. Output Power versus Supply Voltage

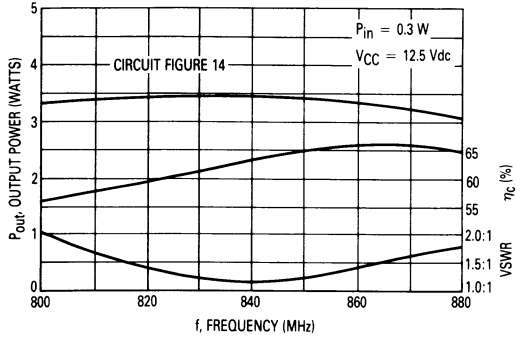


Figure 12. Broadband Performance

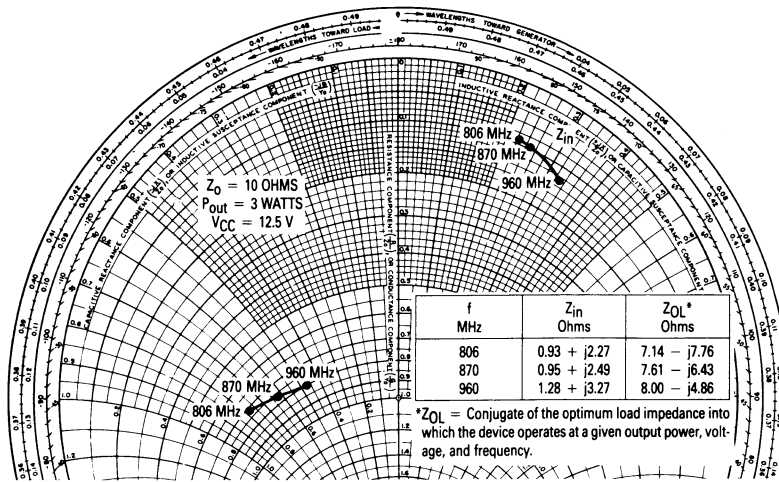
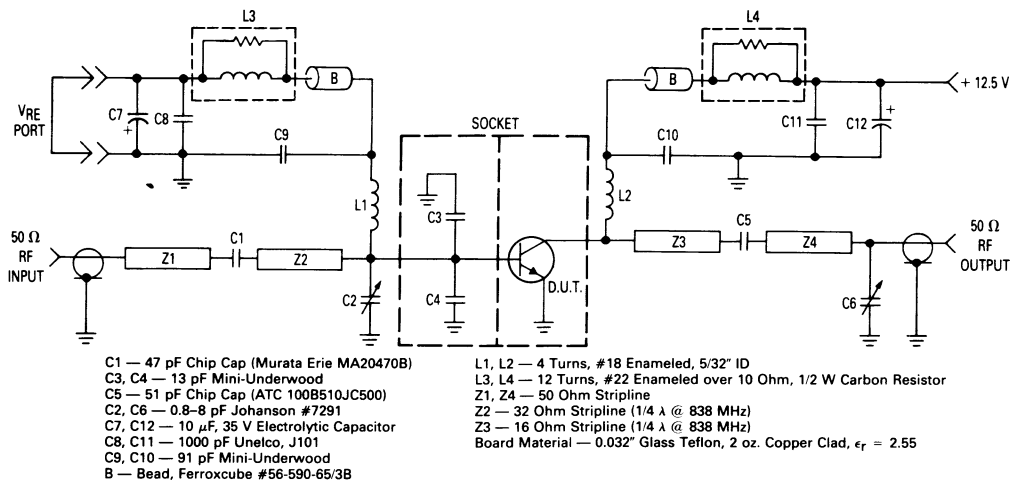
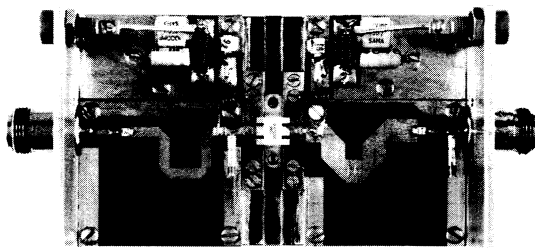


Figure 13. Series Equivalent Input/Output Impedances

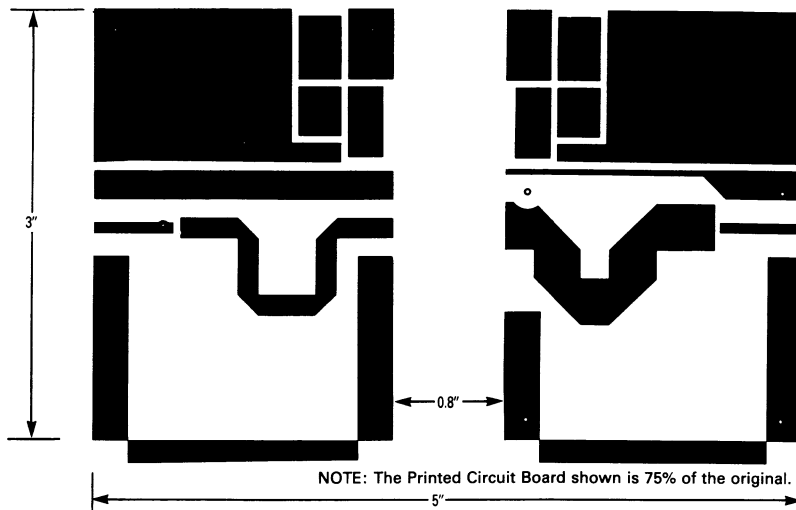
# MRF839, MRF839F



**Figure 14. MRF839F 800–880 MHz Broadband Test Circuit**

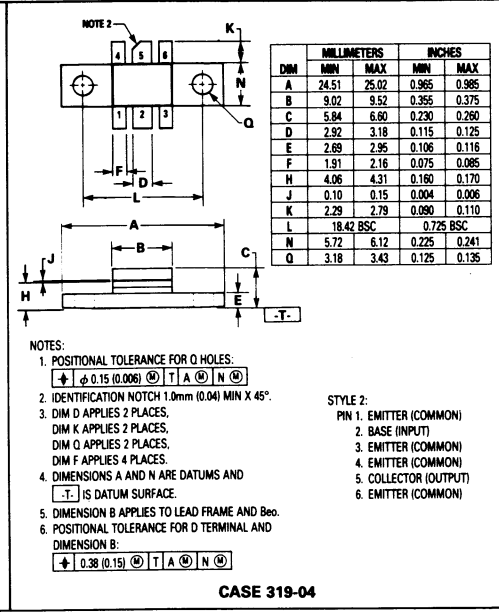
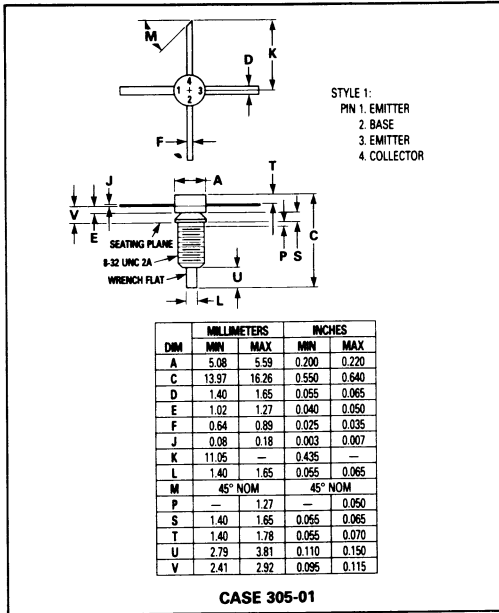


**Figure 15. MRF839F Broadband Test Circuit**



**Figure 16. MRF839F Photomaster**

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS





**MRF840**

**The RF Line**

**NPN SILICON RF POWER TRANSISTOR**

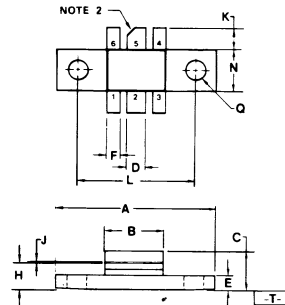
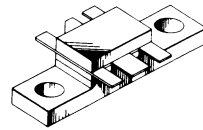
... designed for 12.5 volt UHF large-signal, common-base amplifier applications in industrial and commercial FM equipment operating in the range of 806-960 MHz.

- Specified 12.5 Volt, 870 MHz Characteristics  
Output Power = 10 Watts  
Minimum Gain = 6.0 dB  
Efficiency = 50%
- Series Equivalent Large-Signal Characterization
- Internally Matched Input for Broadband Operation
- Tested for Load Mismatch Stress at All Phase Angles with 20:1 VSWR @ 15.5 Volt Supply and 50% RF Overdrive
- Gold Metallized, Emitter Ballasted for Long Life and Resistance to Metal Migration
- Silicon Nitride Passivated

10 W - 870 MHz

**RF POWER TRANSISTOR**

NPN SILICON



- STYLE 1:  
PIN 1. BASE (COMMON)      4. BASE (COMMON)  
2. EMITTER (INPUT)      5. COLLECTOR (OUTPUT)  
3. BASE (COMMON)      6. BASE (COMMON)

- NOTES  
1 POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR Ø HOLES  
Ⓢ | Ⓢ 0.15 (Ø 0.06) | Ⓢ | T | A | Ⓢ | N | Ⓢ  
2 IDENTIFICATION NOTCH 1.0mm (Ø 0.04) MIN X 45°  
3 DIM D APPLIES 2 PLACES.  
DIM K APPLIES 2 PLACES.  
DIM Q APPLIES 2 PLACES.  
DIM F APPLIES 4 PLACES.  
4 DIMENSIONS A AND N ARE DATUMS AND T IS A DATUM SURFACE  
5 DIMENSION B APPLIES TO LEAD FRAME AND BSC  
6 POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR D TERMINAL AND DIMENSION B  
Ⓢ | 0.38 (Ø 0.15) | Ⓢ | T | A | Ⓢ | N | Ⓢ

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	16	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	V <sub>CBO</sub>	36	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V <sub>EBO</sub>	4.0	Vdc
Collector Current - Continuous	I <sub>C</sub>	3.8	Adc
Total Device Dissipation @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C (1) Derate Above 25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	40 0.32	Watts W/°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	°C

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case (2)	R <sub>θJC</sub>	3.1	°C/W

- (1) These devices are designed for RF operation. The total device dissipation rating applies only when the devices are operated as RF amplifiers.  
(2) Thermal Resistance is determined under specified RF operating conditions by infrared measurement techniques.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	24.51	25.02	0.965	0.985
B	9.02	9.52	0.355	0.375
C	5.84	6.60	0.230	0.260
D	2.92	3.18	0.115	0.125
E	2.69	2.95	0.106	0.116
F	1.91	2.16	0.075	0.085
H	4.06	4.31	0.160	0.170
J	0.10	0.15	0.004	0.006
K	2.29	2.79	0.090	0.110
L	18.42	BSC	0.725	BSC
N	5.72	6.12	0.225	0.241
Q	3.18	3.43	0.125	0.135

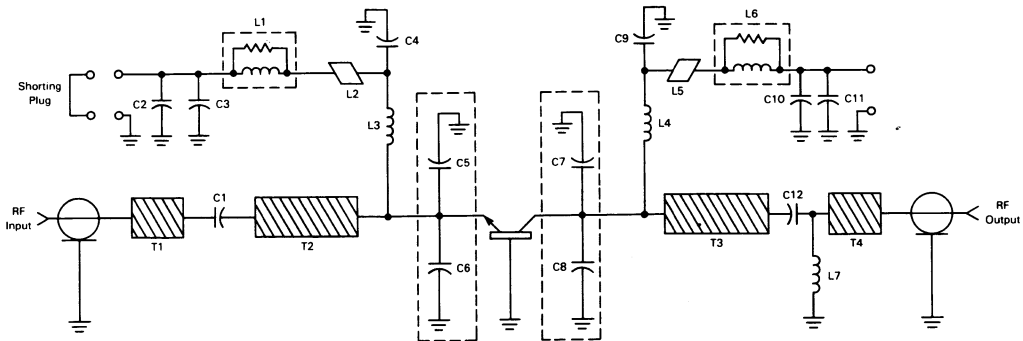
CASE 319-04

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 50 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	16	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 50 \text{ mAdc}$ , $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CES}$	36	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 5.0 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	4.0	—	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_E = 0$ )	$I_{CBO}$	—	—	2.0	mAdc
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 1.0 \text{ Adc}$ , $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	$h_{FE}$	10	—	—	—
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_E = 0$ , $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ )	$C_{ob}$	—	24	35	pF
<b>FUNCTIONAL TEST</b>					
Common-Base Amplifier Power Gain ( $P_{out} = 10 \text{ W}$ , $V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}$ , $f = 870 \text{ MHz}$ )	GPB	6.0	7.0	—	dB
Collector Efficiency ( $P_{out} = 10 \text{ W}$ , $V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}$ , $f = 870 \text{ MHz}$ )	$\eta$	50	55	—	%
Load Mismatch Stress ( $V_{CC} = 15.5 \text{ Vdc}$ , $P_{in} = 3.0 \text{ W}$ ,* $f = 870 \text{ MHz}$ , $VSWR = 20:1$ , all phase angles)	—	No Degradation in Output Power			

\* $P_{in}$  = 150% of the typical input power requirement for 10 W output power @ 12.5 Vdc.

FIGURE 1 – 870 MHz TEST CIRCUIT



- C1, C12 — 50 pF, 100 Mil Chip Capacitor
- C2, C11 — 15  $\mu\text{F}$ , 20 V Tantalum
- C3, C10 — 1000 pF, 350 V UNELCO
- C4, C9 — 91 pF Mini-Underwood
- C5 — 15 pF
- C6 — 15 pF
- C7 — 15 pF
- C8 — 15 pF

- L1, L6 — 11 Turns 20 AWG Around 10  $\Omega$  1/2 W Resistor
- L2, L5 — Ferrite Bead
- L3, L4 — 4 Turn 20 AWG 0.2" I.D.
- T1, T4 —  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$
- T2 —  $Z_0 = 30 \Omega$   $l = \lambda/4$  @ 838 MHz
- T3 —  $Z_0 = 13.5 \Omega$   $l = \lambda/4$  @ 838 MHz

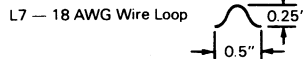


FIGURE 2 – OUTPUT POWER versus INPUT POWER

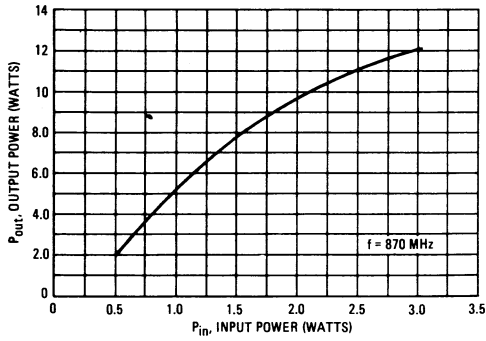


FIGURE 3 – OUTPUT POWER versus FREQUENCY

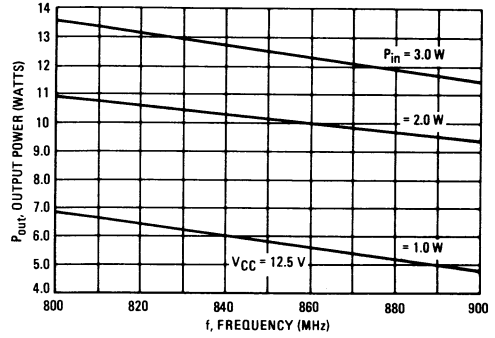


FIGURE 4 – OUTPUT POWER versus SUPPLY VOLTAGE

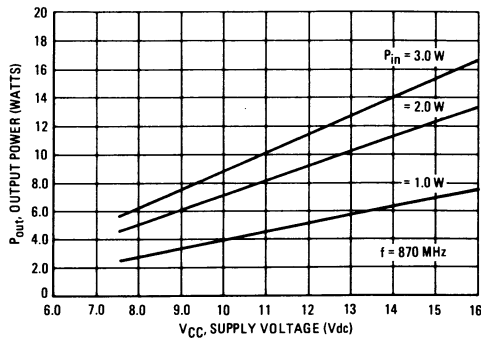
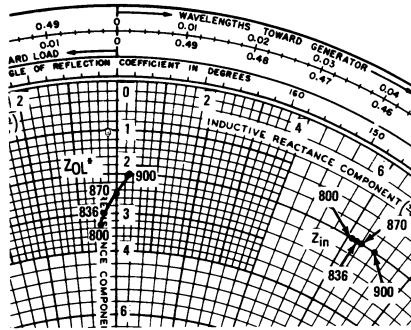


FIGURE 5 – SERIES EQUIVALENT INPUT/OUTPUT IMPEDANCE

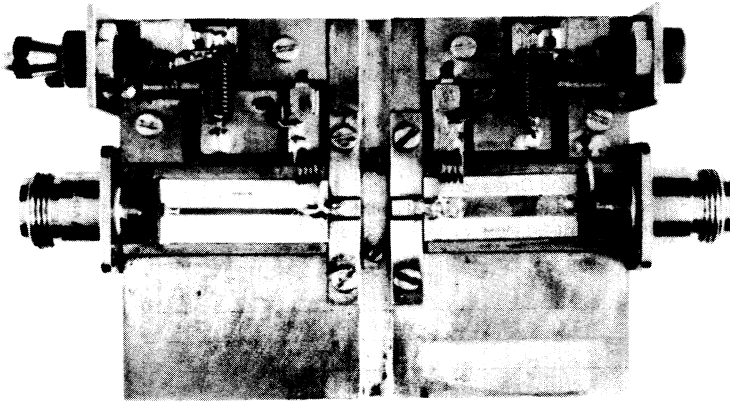


$P_{out} = 10\text{ W}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 12.5\text{ Vdc}$

f MHz	$Z_{in}$ Ohms	$Z_{DL}^*$ Ohms
800	$2.0 + j6.1$	$3.3 - j0.4$
836	$2.0 + j6.2$	$3.0 - j0.3$
870	$2.0 + j6.4$	$2.5 + j0.0$
900	$2.0 + j6.8$	$2.0 + j0.3$

\* $Z_{DL}$  = Conjugate of the optimum load impedance into which the device output operates at a given output power, voltage, and frequency.

FIGURE 6 - 870 MHz TEST CIRCUIT



**The RF Line**  
**NPN Silicon**  
**RF Power Transistors**

... designed primarily for wideband large-signal output and driver stages in the 806–960 MHz frequency range.

- Specified 12.5 Volt, 870 MHz Characteristics ( $\alpha$   $P_{out} = 5$  W  
Common Base Gain = 10 dB (Typ)  
Efficiency = 65% (Typ)
- Internally Matched Input for Broadband Operation
- Gold Metallized and Emitter Ballasted for Improved Reliability
- 100% Tested for Load Mismatch at Rated Input Power and 15.5 V

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	16	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	36	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	4	Vdc
Collector Current — Continuous	$I_C$	2	Adc
Total Device Dissipation ( $\alpha$ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate Above $25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$P_D$	25 143	Watts mW/°C
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +150	°C
Operating Junction Temperature	$T_J$	200	°C

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	7	°C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
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**OFF CHARACTERISTICS**

Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 25$ mAdc, $I_B = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	16	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 25$ mAdc, $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CES}$	36	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 5$ mAdc, $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	4	—	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 15$ Vdc, $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$I_{CES}$	—	—	1	mAdc

**ON CHARACTERISTICS**

DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 200$ mAdc, $V_{CE} = 5$ Vdc)	$h_{FE}$	10	—	150	—
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**DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

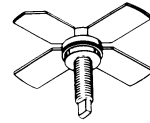
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 15$ Vdc, $I_E = 0$ , $f = 1$ MHz)	$C_{ob}$	6	9.5	15	pF
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**FUNCTIONAL TESTS** ( $f = 870$  MHz)

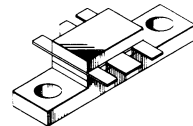
Common-Base Amplifier Power Gain ( $V_{CC} = 12.5$ Vdc, $P_{out} = 5$ W)	G <sub>PB</sub>	8.5	10	—	dB
Collector Efficiency ( $V_{CC} = 12.5$ Vdc, $P_{out} = 5$ W)	$\eta_c$	—	65	—	%
Load Mismatch ( $V_{CC} = 15.5$ Vdc, $P_{in} = 710$ mW, VSWR = 20:1, all Phase Angles)	$\psi$	No Degradation in Output Power			

**MRF841**  
**MRF841F**

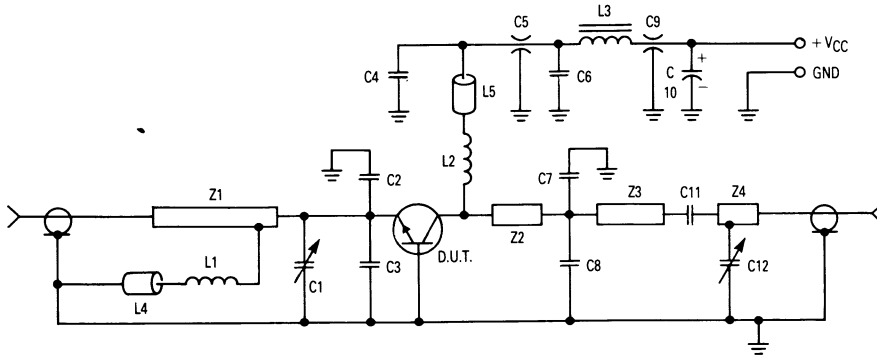
**5 W 870 MHz**  
**RF POWER**  
**TRANSISTORS**  
**NPN SILICON**



**MRF841**  
**CASE 244-04**



**MRF841F**  
**CASE 319-04**

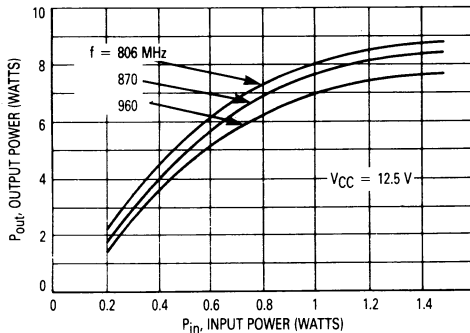


- C1, C12 — 0.8–8 pF Johanson 7290 Variable
- C2 — 5 pF Mini-Underwood Mica
- C3 — 8.2 pF Mini-Underwood Mica
- C4 — 91 pF Mini-Underwood Mica
- C5, C9 — 680 pF Feedthru
- C6 — 0.1  $\mu$ F Ceramic
- C7, C8 — 10 pF Mini-Underwood Mica
- C10 — 1  $\mu$ F Electrolytic
- C11 — 43 pF Mini-Underwood

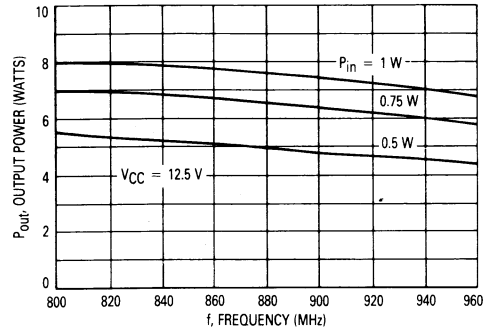
- L1, L2 — 4 Turns, #22 AWG Wire, 0.2-inch ID
- L3 — VK200 Ferroxcube
- L4, L5 — Ferrite Bead, Ferroxcube #56-590-65-3B
- Z1 — 2.36" x 0.145" Microstrip 33 Ohm Line
- Z2 — 0.5" x 0.175" Microstrip 28 Ohm Line
- Z3 — 1.40" x 0.175" Microstrip 28 Ohm Line
- Z4 — 0.40" x 0.175" Microstrip 28 Ohm Line
- Board = 0.032" Glass Teflon 2 oz. cu clad  $\epsilon_r = 2.55$

**MRF841**

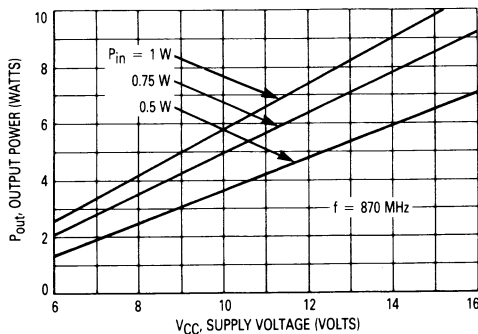
**Figure 1. 800–960 MHz Broadband Power Gain Test Circuit**



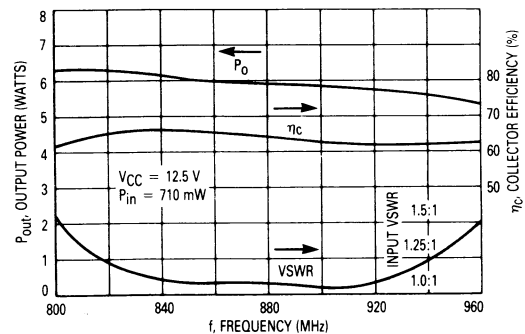
**Figure 2. Output Power versus Input Power**



**Figure 3. Output Power versus Frequency**



**Figure 4. Power Out versus Supply Voltage**



**Figure 5. Typical Performance in Broadband Circuit**

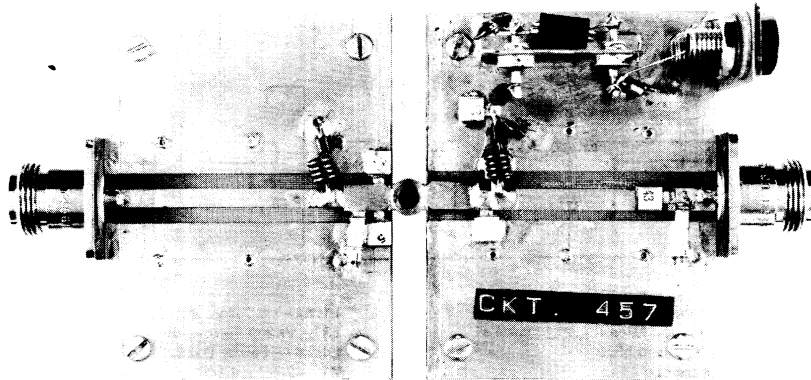


Figure 6. MRF841 Broadband Power Gain Test Circuit

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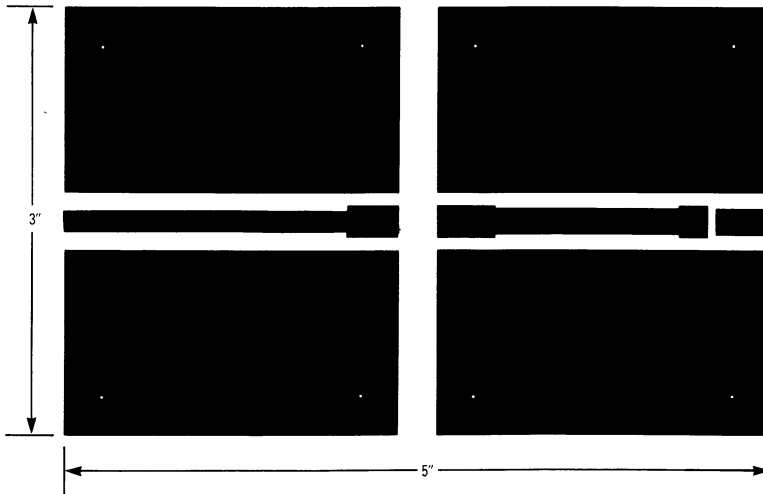


Figure 7. MRF841 Test Circuit Photomaster

NOTE: The Printed Circuit Board shown is 75% of the original.

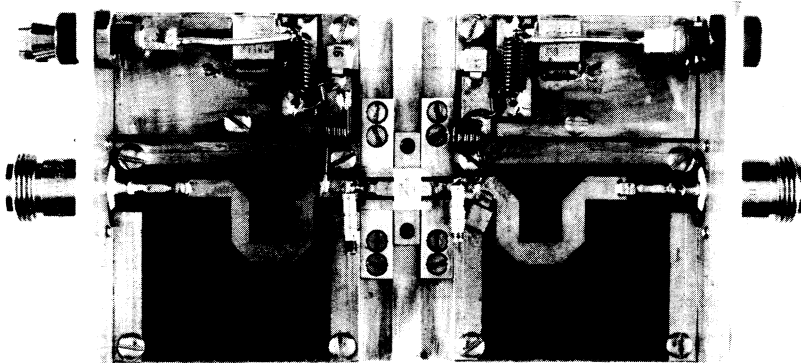


Figure 8. MRF841F Broadband Power Gain Test Circuit

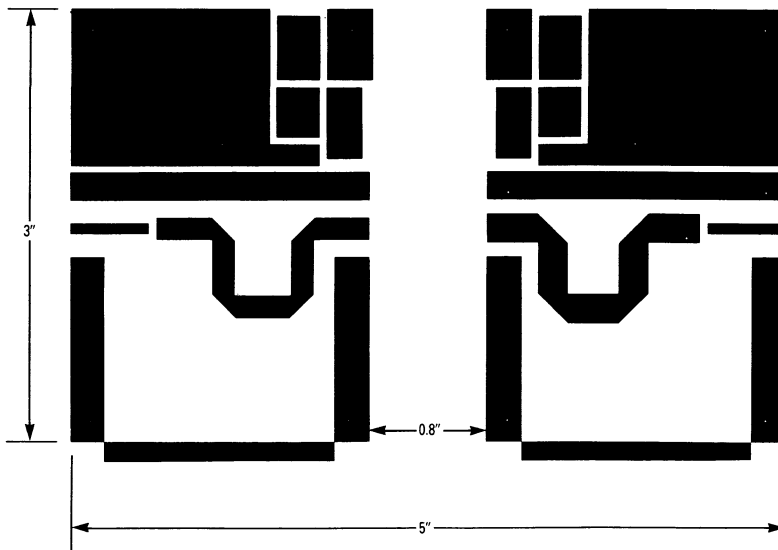
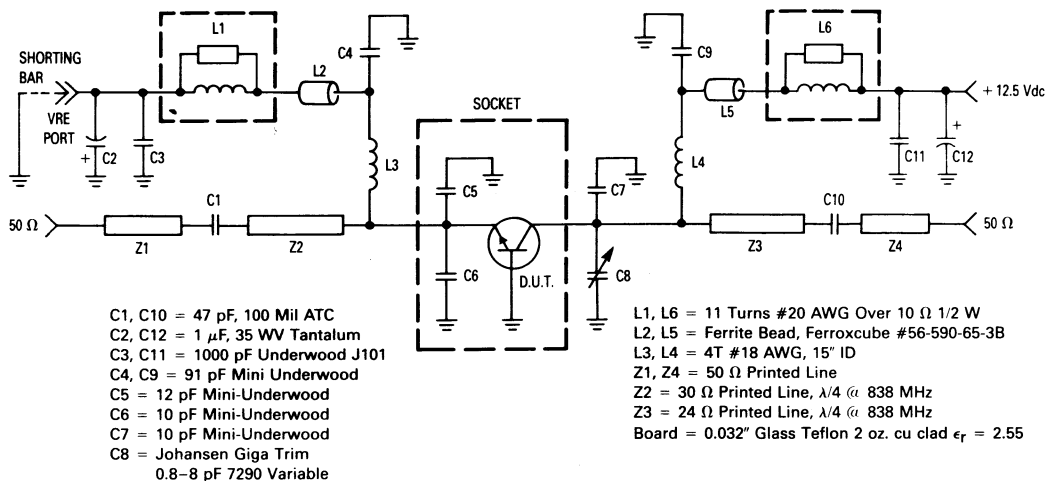


Figure 9. MRF841F Test Circuit Photomaster

NOTE: The Printed Circuit Board shown is 75% of the original.



# MRF841, MRF841F



NOTES: C7 and C8 mounted  $\approx$  250 mils down Z3 from collector edge of board

## MRF841F

Figure 10. 800-960 MHz Broadband Power Gain Test Circuit

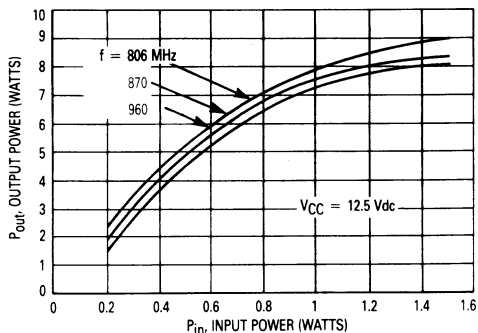


Figure 11. Output Power versus Input Power

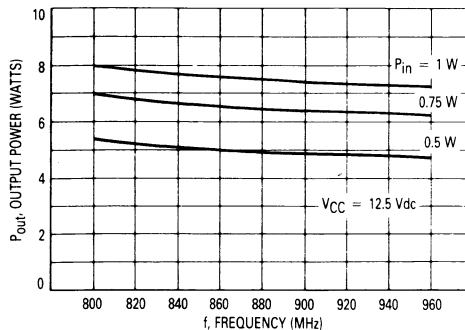


Figure 12. Output Power versus Frequency

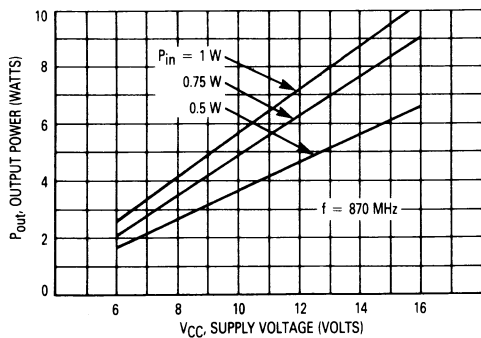


Figure 13. Output Power versus Supply Voltage

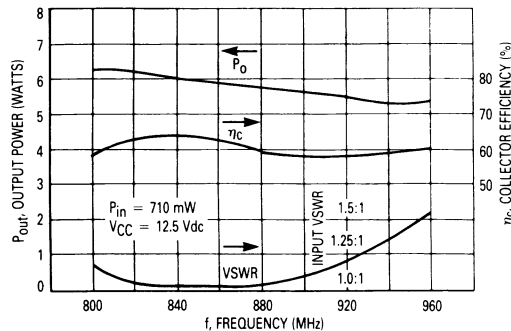


Figure 14. Typical Performance in Broadband Circuit

MRF841

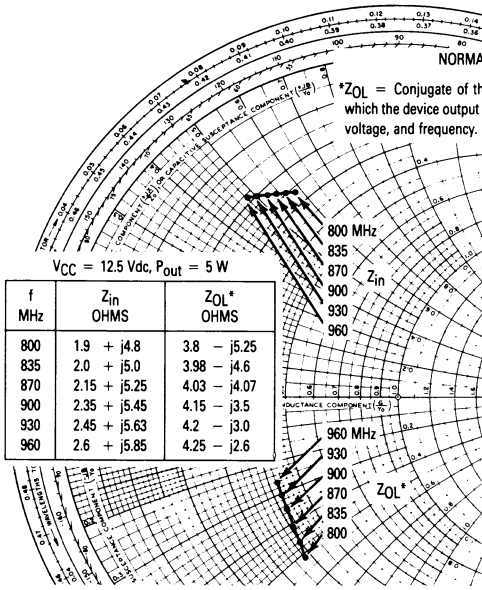


Figure 15. Series Equivalent Input/Output Impedances

MRF841F

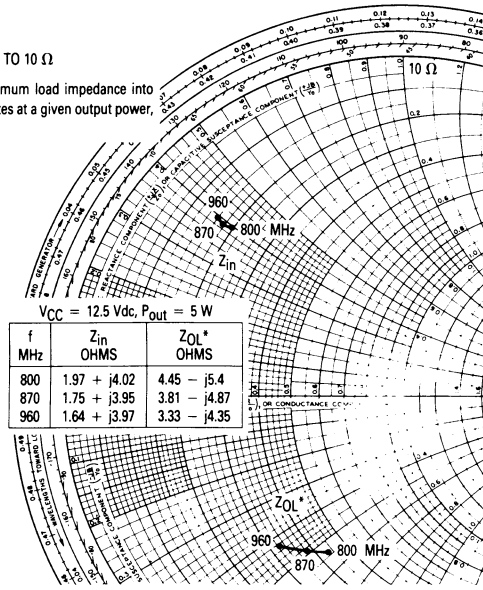
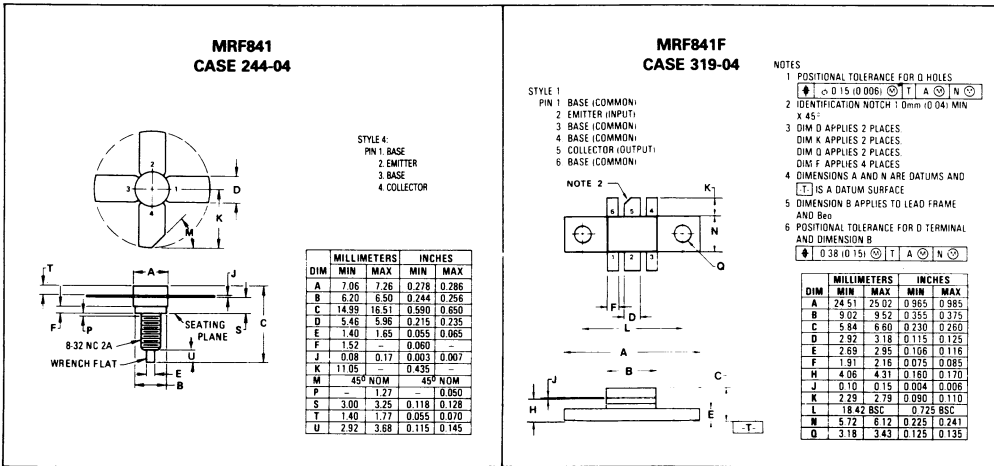


Figure 16. Series Equivalent Input/Output Impedances

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



**MRF842**

**The RF Line**

**NPN SILICON RF POWER TRANSISTOR**

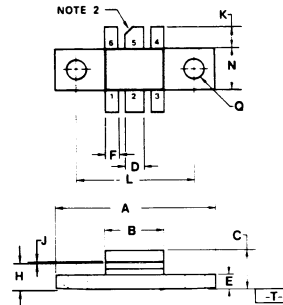
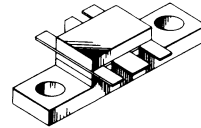
... designed for 12.5 volt UHF large-signal, common-base amplifier applications in industrial and commercial FM equipment operating in the range of 806-960 MHz.

- Specified 12.5 Volt, 870 MHz Characteristics  
 Output Power = 20 Watts  
 Minimum Gain = 6.0 dB  
 Efficiency = 50%
- Series Equivalent Large-Signal Characterization
- Internally Matched Input for Broadband Operation
- 100% Tested for Load Mismatch Stress at All Phase Angles with 20:1 VSWR @ 15.5 Volt Supply and 50% RF Overdrive
- Gold Metallized, Emitter Ballasted for Long Life and Resistance to Metal Migration
- Silicon Nitride Passivated

20 W-870 MHz

**RF POWER TRANSISTOR**

NPN SILICON



STYLE 1:

- PIN 1. BASE (COMMON)      4. BASE (COMMON)
- 2. EMITTER (INPUT)      5. COLLECTOR (OUTPUT)
- 3. BASE (COMMON)      6. BASE (COMMON)

NOTES:

1. POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR Ø HOLES:  
 $\text{⌀} \pm 0.15 \text{ (0.006)} \text{ T | A } \text{⊕} \text{ N } \text{⊙}$
2. IDENTIFICATION NOTCH 1.0mm (0.041) MIN x 45°
3. DIM D APPLIES 2 PLACES.  
 DIM K APPLIES 2 PLACES.  
 DIM F APPLIES 2 PLACES.  
 DIM F APPLIES 4 PLACES
4. DIMENSIONS A AND N ARE DATUMS AND □ IS A DATUM SURFACE
5. DIMENSION B APPLIES TO LEAD FRAME AND Bsc
6. POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR Ø TERMINAL AND DIMENSION B:  
 $\text{⌀} \pm 0.38 \text{ (0.015)} \text{ ⊕ | T | A } \text{⊕} \text{ N } \text{⊙}$

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	24.51	25.02	0.965	0.985
B	9.02	9.52	0.355	0.375
C	5.84	6.60	0.230	0.260
D	2.92	3.18	0.115	0.125
E	2.69	2.95	0.106	0.116
F	1.91	2.16	0.075	0.085
H	4.06	4.31	0.160	0.170
J	0.10	0.15	0.004	0.006
K	2.29	2.79	0.090	0.110
L	18.42 BSC		0.725 BSC	
N	5.72	6.12	0.225	0.241
Q	3.18	3.43	0.125	0.135

CASE 318-04

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	16	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	V <sub>CBO</sub>	36	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V <sub>EBO</sub>	4.0	Vdc
Collector Current - Continuous	I <sub>C</sub>	7.6	Adc
Total Device Dissipation @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C (1) Derate Above 25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	80	Watts W/°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	°C

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case (2)	R <sub>θJC</sub>	1.5	°C/W

(1) These devices are designed for RF operation. The total device dissipation rating applies only when the devices are operated as RF amplifiers.

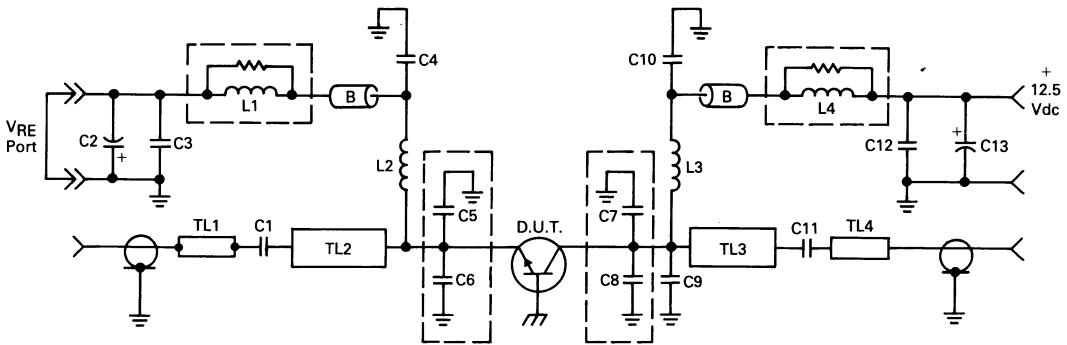
(2) Thermal Resistance is determined under specified RF operating conditions by infrared measurement techniques.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 50 \text{ mA dc}, I_B = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	16	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 50 \text{ mA dc}, V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CES}$	36	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 10 \text{ mA dc}, I_C = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	4.0	—	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0$ )	$I_{CBO}$	—	—	5.0	mA dc
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 2.0 \text{ A dc}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	$h_{FE}$	10	—	—	—
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ )	$C_{ob}$	—	45	65	pF
<b>FUNCTIONAL TEST</b>					
Common-Base Amplifier Power Gain ( $P_{out} = 20 \text{ W}, V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}, f = 870 \text{ MHz}$ )	$G_{pB}$	6.0	7.0	—	dB
Collector Efficiency ( $P_{out} = 20 \text{ W}, V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}, f = 870 \text{ MHz}$ )	$\eta$	50	55	—	%
Load Mismatch Stress ( $V_{CC} = 15.5 \text{ Vdc}, P_{in}^* = 6.0 \text{ W}, f = 870 \text{ MHz},$ $VSWR = 20:1, \text{ all phase angles}$ )	—	No Degradation in Output Power			

\* $P_{in} = 150\%$  of the typical input power requirement for 20 W output power @ 12.5 Vdc.

**FIGURE 1 — 870 MHz TEST CIRCUIT SCHEMATIC**



- C1, C11 — 51 pF, 100 Mil Chip Capacitor
- C2, C13 — 15  $\mu\text{F}$ , 20 WV Tantalum
- C3, C12 — 1000 pF Unelco J101
- C4, C10 — 91 pF Mini-Underwood
- C5 — 15 pF Mini-Underwood
- C6 — 12 pF Mini-Underwood
- C7, C8 — 21 pF Mini-Underwood
- C9 — 11 pF Mini-Underwood

- L1, L4 — 11 Turns #20 AWG Over 10 ohm 1/2 W Carbon
- L2, L3 — 4 Turns #20 AWG, 200 Mil ID
- B — Ferrite Bead, Ferroxcube 56-590-65-3B
- TL1, TL4 — Micro Strip,  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$
- TL2 — Micro Strip,  $Z_0 = 38 \Omega, \lambda/4 @ 838 \text{ MHz}$
- TL3 — Micro Strip,  $Z_0 = 24 \Omega, \lambda/4 @ 838 \text{ MHz}$
- Board — 0.032" Glass Teflon  
2 oz. Cu CLAD,  $\epsilon_r = 2.55$

FIGURE 2 – OUTPUT POWER versus INPUT POWER

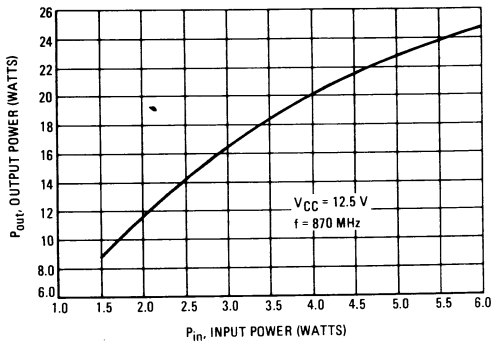


FIGURE 3 – OUTPUT POWER versus FREQUENCY

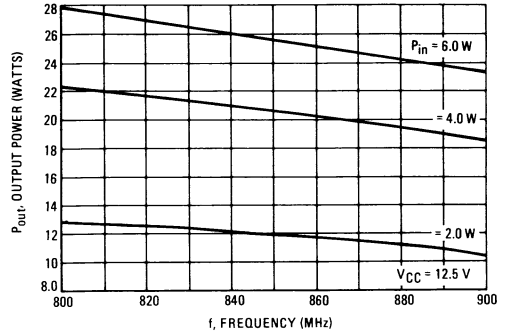


FIGURE 4 – OUTPUT POWER versus SUPPLY VOLTAGE

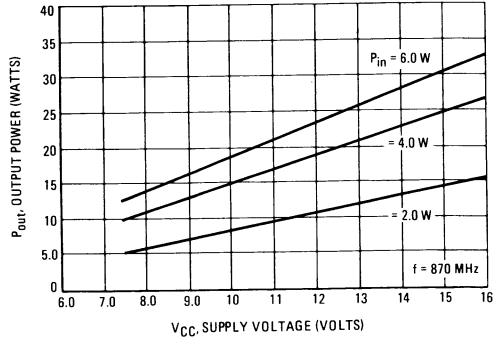
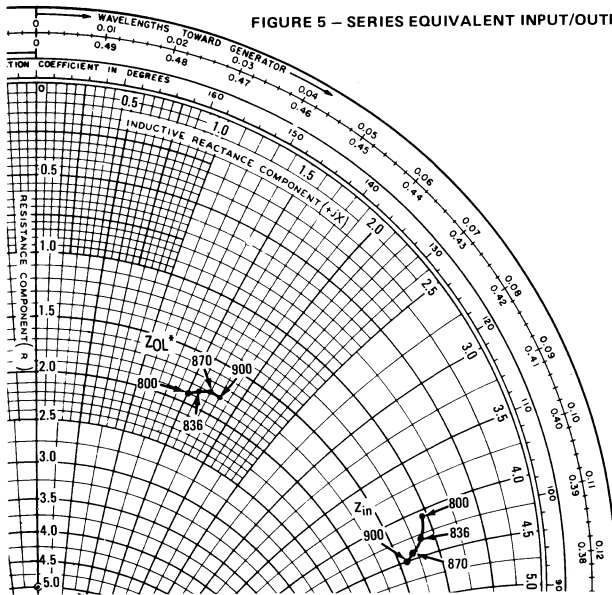


FIGURE 5 – SERIES EQUIVALENT INPUT/OUTPUT IMPEDANCE

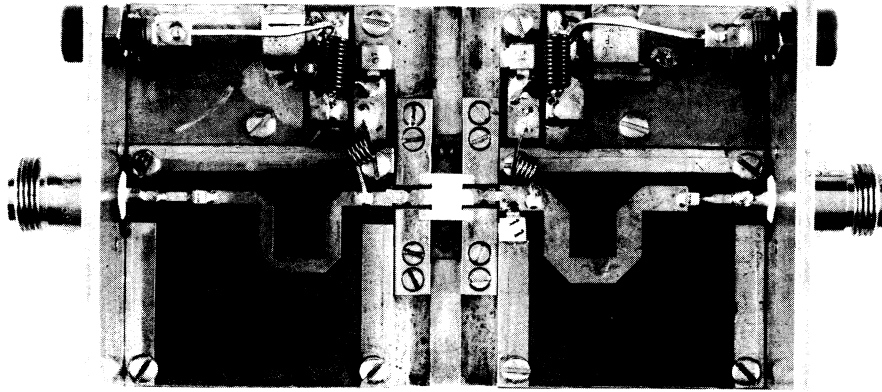


$P_{out} = 20 \text{ W}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}$

f MHz	$Z_{in}$ Ohms	$Z_{OL}^*$ Ohms
800	1.1 + j4.1	1.9 + j1.5
836	1.2 + j4.3	1.85 + j1.6
870	1.4 + j4.4	1.8 + j1.7
900	1.6 + j4.5	1.8 + j1.8

\* $Z_{OL}$  = Conjugate of the optimum load impedance into which the device output operates at a given output power, voltage, and frequency.

FIGURE 6 - 870 MHz TEST CIRCUIT



**The RF Line<sup>®</sup>**  
**NPN Silicon**  
**RF Power Transistors**

... designed for 12.5 Volt UHF large-signal, **common-base** applications in industrial and commercial FM equipment operating in the range of 806-960 MHz.

- Specified 12.5 Volt, 870 MHz Characteristics
  - Output Power = 15 Watts
  - Minimum Gain = 7 dB
  - Efficiency = 55%
- Internally Matched Input for Broadband Operation
- Gold Metallized and Emitter Ballasted for Long Life
- 100% Tested for Load Mismatch at 2 dB Overdrive and 15.5 V

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	16	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	V <sub>CBO</sub>	36	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V <sub>EBO</sub>	4	Vdc
Collector-Current — Continuous	I <sub>C</sub>	4	Adc
Operating Junction Temperature	T <sub>J</sub>	200	°C
Total Device Dissipation @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Derate above 25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	44 0.25	Watts W/°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	°C

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	R <sub>θJC</sub>	4	°C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
----------------	--------	-----	-----	-----	------

**OFF CHARACTERISTICS**

Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 25 mA <sub>dc</sub> , I <sub>B</sub> = 0)	V <sub>(BR)CEO</sub>	16	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 25 mA <sub>dc</sub> , V <sub>BE</sub> = 0)	V <sub>(BR)CES</sub>	36	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage (I <sub>E</sub> = 5 mA <sub>dc</sub> , I <sub>C</sub> = 0)	V <sub>(BR)EBO</sub>	4	—	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current (V <sub>CE</sub> = 15 Vdc, V <sub>BE</sub> = 0, T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C)	I <sub>CES</sub>	—	—	5	mA <sub>dc</sub>

**ON CHARACTERISTICS**

DC Current Gain (I <sub>C</sub> = 1 Adc, V <sub>CE</sub> = 5 Vdc)	h <sub>FE</sub>	10	—	120	—
---	-----------------	----	---	-----	---

**DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

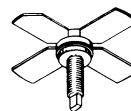
Output Capacitance (V <sub>CB</sub> = 15 Vdc, I <sub>E</sub> = 0, f = 1 MHz)	C <sub>ob</sub>	—	30	45	pF
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**FUNCTIONAL TESTS**

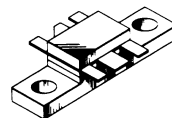
Common Base Amplifier Power Gain (V <sub>CC</sub> = 12.5 Vdc, P <sub>out</sub> = 15 W, f = 870 MHz)	G <sub>pb</sub>	7	7.9	—	dB
Collector Efficiency (V <sub>CC</sub> = 12.5 Vdc, P <sub>out</sub> = 15 W, f = 870 MHz)	η	55	60	—	%
Load Mismatch Stress (P <sub>in</sub> = 2 dB Overdrive, V <sub>CC</sub> = 15.5 V, f = 870 MHz, VSWR = 20:1 @ All Phase Angles)	ψ	No Degradation in Output Power			

**MRF843**  
**MRF843F**

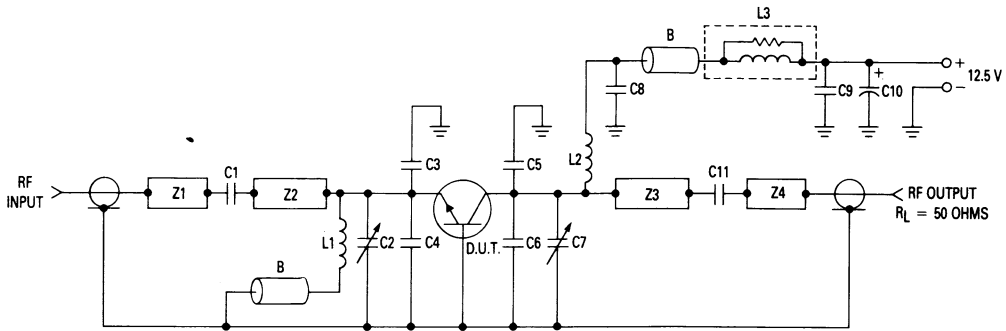
**15 W 806-960 MHz**  
**RF POWER**  
**TRANSISTORS**  
**COMMON BASE**  
**NPN SILICON**



CASE 244-04  
MRF843



CASE 319-04  
MRF843F



- |  |  |
|--|--|
| C1 — 39 pF ATC 100 Mil Ceramic Chip        | L2 — 4 Turns 0.20" ID #24 AWG  |
| C2, C7 — 0.8-8 pF Johanson Gigatrim (7290) | L3 — 10 Turns on 10 Ohm 1/2 W Resistor                                     |
| C3, C4 — 8 pF Mini Underwood Mica          | Z1 — 0.100" x 0.525" Microstrip TX Line                                    |
| C5, C6 — 10 pF Mini Underwood Mica         | Z2 — 0.100" x 1.80 36 Ohm Microstrip TX Line                               |
| C8 — 68 pF Mini Underwood Mica             | Z3 — 0.200" x 1.90" 30 Ohm Microstrip TX Line                              |
| C9 — 1000 pF Unelco                        | Z4 — 0.150" x 0.450" Microstrip TX Line                                    |
| C10 — 10 $\mu$ F Electrolytic              | B — Bead, Ferroxcube #56-590-65/3B   |
| C11 — 33 pF Mini Underwood Mica            | Board Material — 0.032" Glass Teflon 2 oz. Copper Clad $\epsilon_r = 2.55$ |
| L1 — 4 Turns 0.10" ID #24 AWG              |  |

Figure 1. MRF843 800-900 MHz Broadband Test Fixture

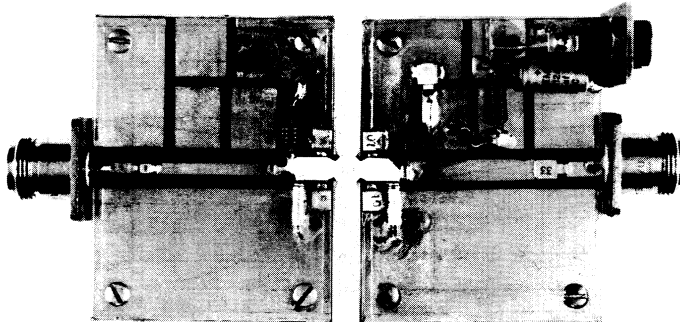


Figure 2. MRF843 800-900 MHz Test Circuit

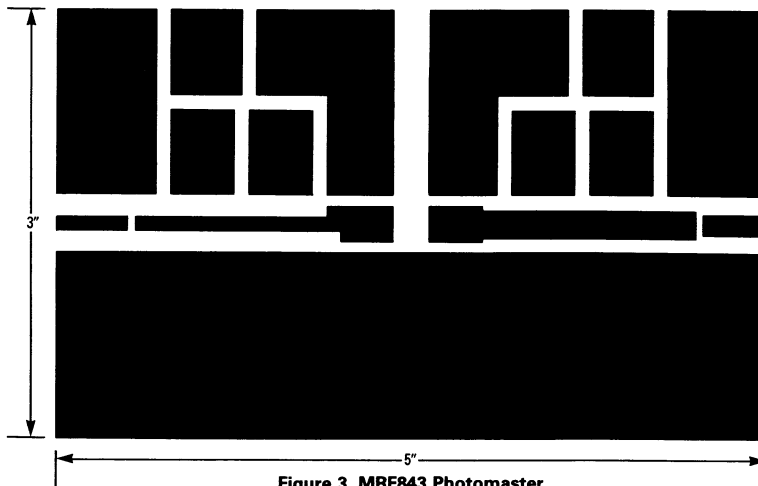


Figure 3. MRF843 Photomaster

NOTE: The Printed Circuit Board shown is 75% of the original.



MRF843

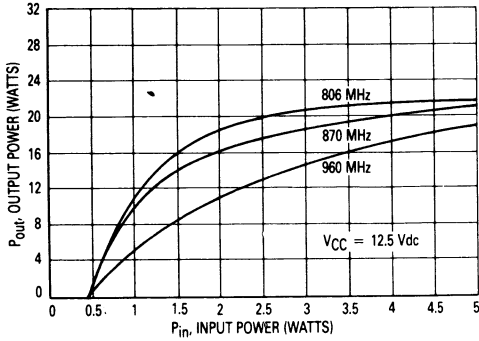


Figure 4. Output Power versus Input Power

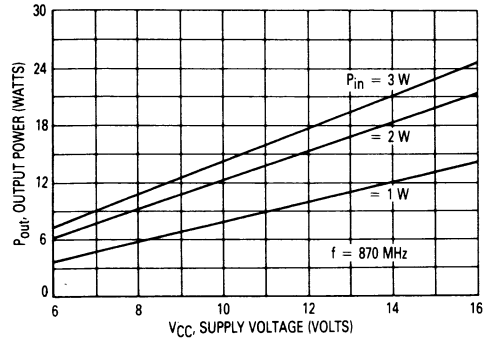


Figure 5. Output Power versus Supply Voltage

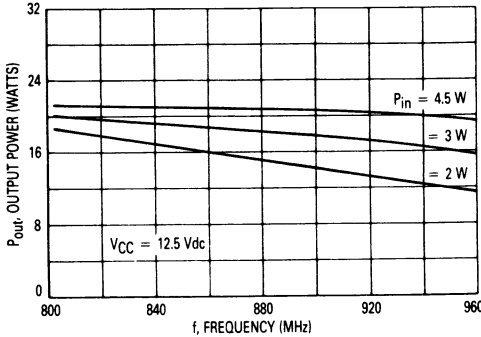


Figure 6. Output Power versus Frequency

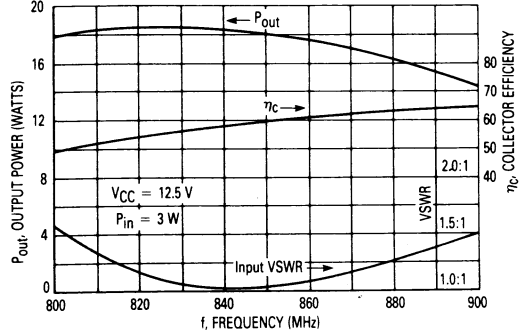


Figure 7. Typical Performance in Broadband Test Fixture

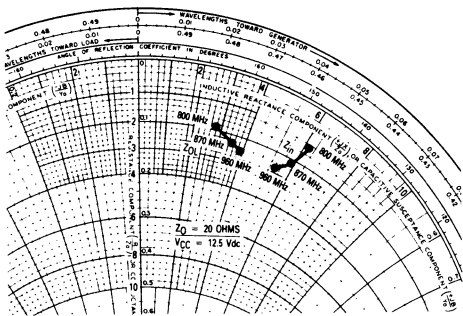


Figure 8. Series Equivalent Input and Output Impedance

f MHz	Z <sub>in</sub> Ohms	Z <sub>OL</sub> * Ohms
800	1.23 + j 6.13	1.98 + j 2.62
870	2.09 + j 5.91	2.24 + j 3.49
960	2.58 + j 5.46	2.51 + j 3.92

NOTE: Circuit tuning and input power adjusted to maintain output power of 15 W and 65% efficiency.  
\*Z<sub>OL</sub> = Conjugate of the optimum load impedance into which the device output operates at a given output power, voltage, and frequency.

MRF843F

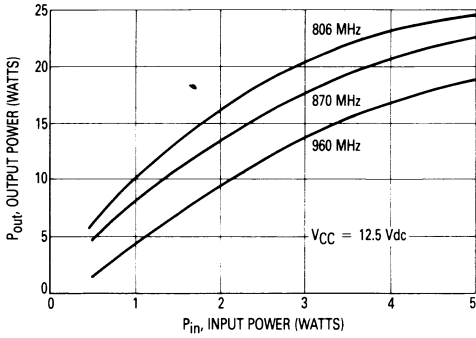


Figure 9. Output Power versus Input Power

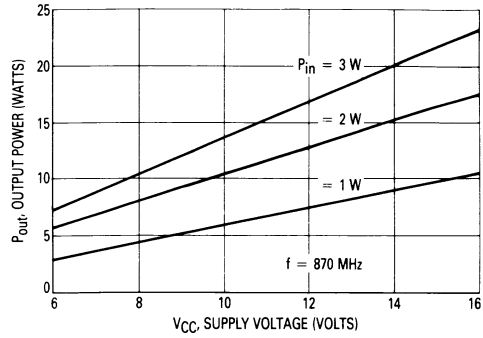


Figure 10. Output Power versus Supply Voltage

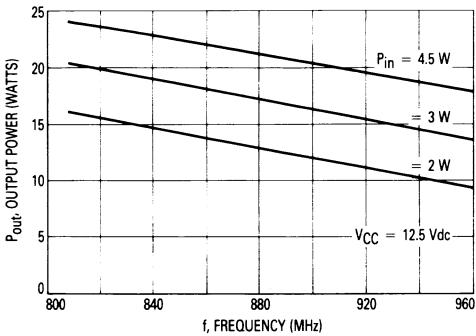


Figure 11. Output Power versus Frequency

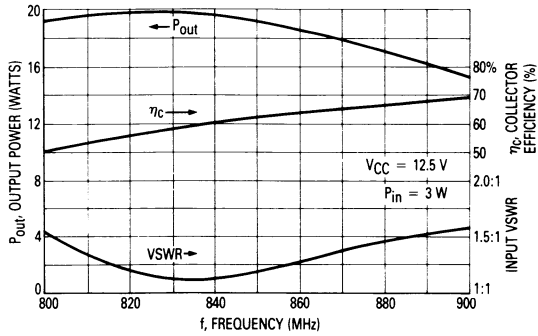


Figure 12. Typical Performance in Broadband Test Fixture

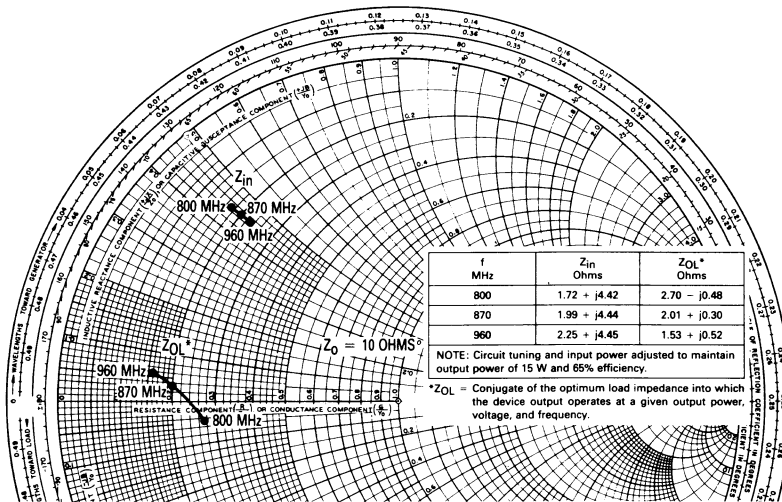
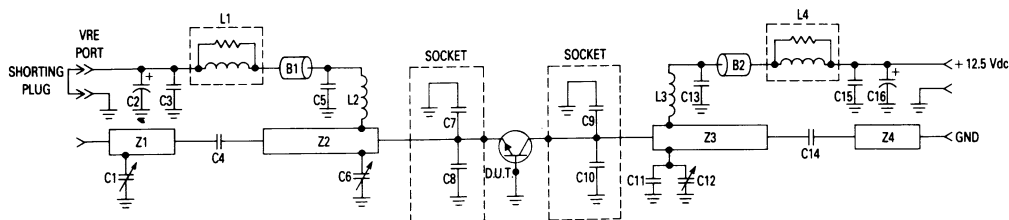


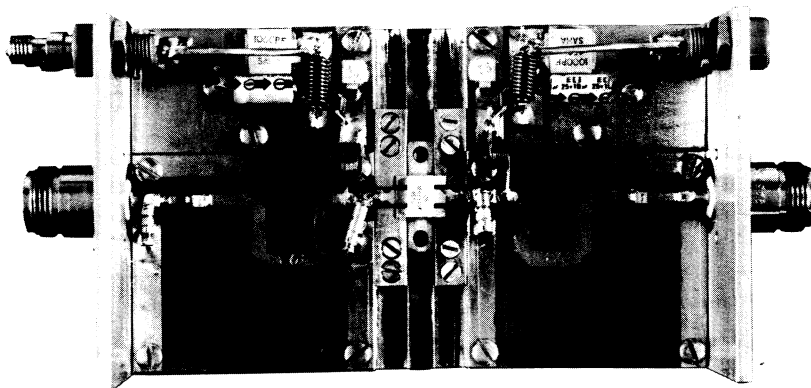
Figure 13. Series Equivalent Input and Output Impedance

# MRF843, MRF843F

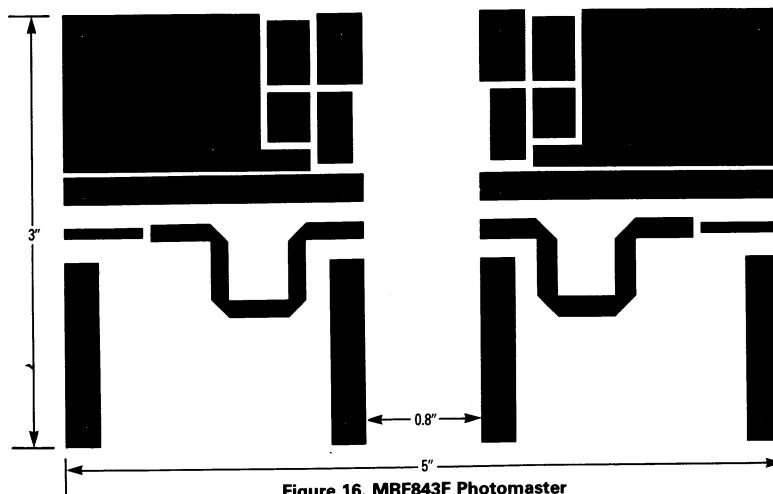


- C1 — 0.6–4.5 pF Johansen Gigatrim (7270)
- C2, C16 — 1  $\mu$ F, 35 WV Tantalum
- C3, C15 — 1000 pF Underwood Mica J101
- C4, C14 — 47 pF 100 Mil ATC
- C5, C13 — 91 pF Mini-Underwood Mica
- C6, C12 — 0.8–8 pF Johansen Gigatrim (7290)
- C7, C8 — 8 pF Mini-Underwood Mica
- C9, C10 — 15 pF Mini-Underwood Mica
- C11 — 10 pF Mini-Underwood Mica
- L1, L4 — 11 Turns #20 AWG over 100 HM  $\frac{1}{2}$  W Resistor
- L2, L3 — 4 Turns #18 AWG, 0.15" ID
- B1, B2 — Ferrite Bead, Ferroxcube 56-590-65-3B
- Z1, Z4 — 50 Ohm Microstrip
- Z2 — 36 Ohm Microstrip  $\lambda/4$  @ 838 MHz
- Z3 — 32 Ohm Microstrip  $\lambda/4$  @ 838 MHz
- Board Material — 0.032" Glass Teflon, 2 oz. Copper Clad,  $\epsilon_r = 2.55$

**Figure 14. MRF843F 800–900 MHz Broadband Test Circuit**



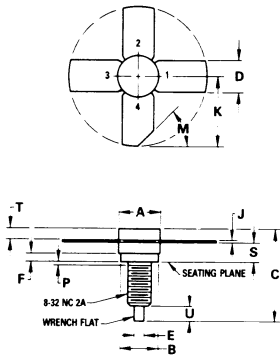
**Figure 15. MRF843F Broadband Test Circuit**



**Figure 16. MRF843F Photomaster**

NOTE: The Printed Circuit Board shown is 75% of the original.

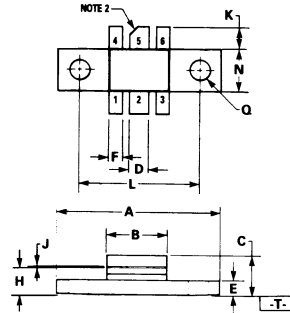
OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



STYLE 4:  
 PIN 1. BASE 3. BASE  
 2. EMITTER 4. COLLECTOR

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	7.06	7.26	0.278	0.286
B	6.20	6.50	0.244	0.256
C	14.99	16.51	0.590	0.650
D	5.46	5.96	0.215	0.235
E	1.40	1.65	0.055	0.065
F	1.52	—	0.060	—
J	0.08	0.17	0.003	0.007
K	11.05	—	0.435	—
M	45° NOM		45° NOM	
P	—	1.27	—	0.050
S	3.00	3.25	0.118	0.128
T	1.40	1.77	0.055	0.070
U	2.92	3.68	0.115	0.145

CASE 244-04



NOTES:

1. POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR Q HOLES:  
 $\pm 0.15$  (0.006) T A N
2. IDENTIFICATION NOTCH 1.0mm (0.04) MIN X 45°
3. DIM D APPLIES 2 PLACES.  
 DIM K APPLIES 2 PLACES.  
 DIM Q APPLIES 2 PLACES.  
 DIM F APPLIES 4 PLACES.
4. DIMENSIONS A AND N ARE DATUMS AND  
 -T IS DATUM SURFACE.
5. DIMENSION B APPLIES TO LEAD FRAME AND BeO.
6. POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR D TERMINAL AND  
 DIMENSION B:  
 $\pm 0.38$  (0.15) T A N

STYLE 1:

- PIN 1. BASE (COMMON)
- EMITTER (INPUT)
- BASE (COMMON)
- BASE (COMMON)
- COLLECTOR (OUTPUT)
- BASE (COMMON)

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	24.51	25.02	0.965	0.985
B	9.02	9.52	0.355	0.375
C	5.84	6.60	0.230	0.260
D	2.92	3.18	0.115	0.125
E	2.69	2.95	0.106	0.116
F	1.91	2.16	0.075	0.085
H	4.06	4.31	0.160	0.170
J	0.10	0.15	0.004	0.006
K	2.29	2.79	0.090	0.110
L	18.42 BSC		0.725 BSC	
N	5.72	6.12	0.225	0.241
Q	3.18	3.43	0.125	0.135

CASE 319-04

**MRF844**

**The RF Line**

**NPN SILICON RF POWER TRANSISTOR**

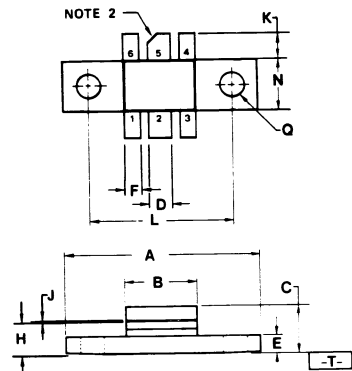
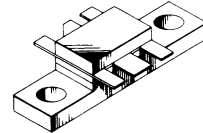
... designed for 12.5 volt UHF large-signal, common-base amplifier applications in industrial and commercial FM equipment operating in the range of 806-960 MHz.

- Specified 12.5 Volt, 870 MHz Characteristics  
 Output Power = 30 Watts  
 Minimum Gain = 5.2 dB  
 Efficiency = 50%
- Series Equivalent Large-Signal Characterization
- Internally Matched Input for Broadband Operation
- Tested for Load Mismatch Stress at All Phase Angles with 20:1 VSWR @ High Line and RF Overdrive
- Gold Metallized, Emitter Ballasted for Long Life and Resistance to Metal Migration
- Silicon Nitride Passivated

30 W-870 MHz

**RF POWER  
 TRANSISTOR**

NPN SILICON



NOTE 2  
 STYLE 1:  
 PIN 1: BASE (COMMON) 4: BASE (COMMON)  
 2: EMITTER (INPUT) 5: COLLECTOR (OUTPUT)  
 3: BASE (COMMON) 6: BASE (COMMON)

NOTES:  
 1 POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR Ø HOLES:  
 Ⓢ ± 0.15 (0.006) Ⓢ T A Ⓢ N Ⓢ  
 2 IDENTIFICATION NOTCH 1.0mm (0.04) MIN X 45°  
 3 DIM D APPLIES 2 PLACES,  
 DIM K APPLIES 2 PLACES,  
 DIM Q APPLIES 2 PLACES,  
 DIM F APPLIES 4 PLACES  
 4 DIMENSIONS A AND N ARE DATUMS AND  
 T IS A DATUM SURFACE  
 5 DIMENSION B APPLIES TO LEAD FRAME AND BeO  
 6 POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR D TERMINAL AND DIMENSION E:  
 Ⓢ ± 0.38 (0.15) Ⓢ T A Ⓢ N Ⓢ

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	16	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	V <sub>CBO</sub>	36	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V <sub>EB0</sub>	4.0	Vdc
Collector Current - Continuous	I <sub>C</sub>	10.9	Adc
Total Device Dissipation @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C (1) Derate Above 25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	115 0.66	Watts W/°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	°C

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case (2)	R <sub>θJC</sub>	1.5	°C/W

- (1) These devices are designed for RF operation. The total device dissipation rating applies only when the devices are operated as RF amplifiers.
- (2) Thermal Resistance is determined under specified RF operating conditions by infrared measurement techniques.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	24.51	25.02	0.965	0.985
B	9.02	9.52	0.355	0.375
C	5.84	6.60	0.230	0.260
D	2.92	3.18	0.115	0.125
E	2.69	2.95	0.106	0.116
F	1.91	2.16	0.075	0.085
H	4.08	4.31	0.160	0.170
J	0.10	0.15	0.004	0.006
K	2.29	2.79	0.090	0.110
L	18.42 BSC		0.725 BSC	
N	5.72	6.12	0.225	0.241
Q	3.18	3.43	0.125	0.135

CASE 319-04

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 50 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B \approx 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	16	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 50 \text{ mAdc}$ , $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CES}$	36	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 10 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	4.0	—	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_E = 0$ )	$I_{CBO}$	—	—	10	mAdc
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 2.0 \text{ Adc}$ , $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	$h_{FE}$	10	40	—	—
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_E = 0$ , $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ )	$C_{ob}$	—	60	90	pF
<b>FUNCTIONAL TEST</b>					
Common-Base Amplifier Power Gain ( $P_{out} = 30 \text{ W}$ , $V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}$ , $f = 870 \text{ MHz}$ )	$G_{PB}$	5.2	6.0	—	dB
Collector Efficiency ( $P_{out} = 30 \text{ W}$ , $V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}$ , $f = 870 \text{ MHz}$ )	$\eta$	50	55	—	%
Load Mismatch Stress ( $V_{CC} = 15.5 \text{ Vdc}$ , $P_{in} = 12 \text{ W}^*$ , $f = 870 \text{ MHz}$ , $VSWR = 20:1$ , all phase angles)	—	No Degradation in Output Power			

\* $P_{in} = 150\%$  of the typical input power requirement for 30 W output power @ 12.5 Vdc.

FIGURE 1 — 870 MHz TEST CIRCUIT

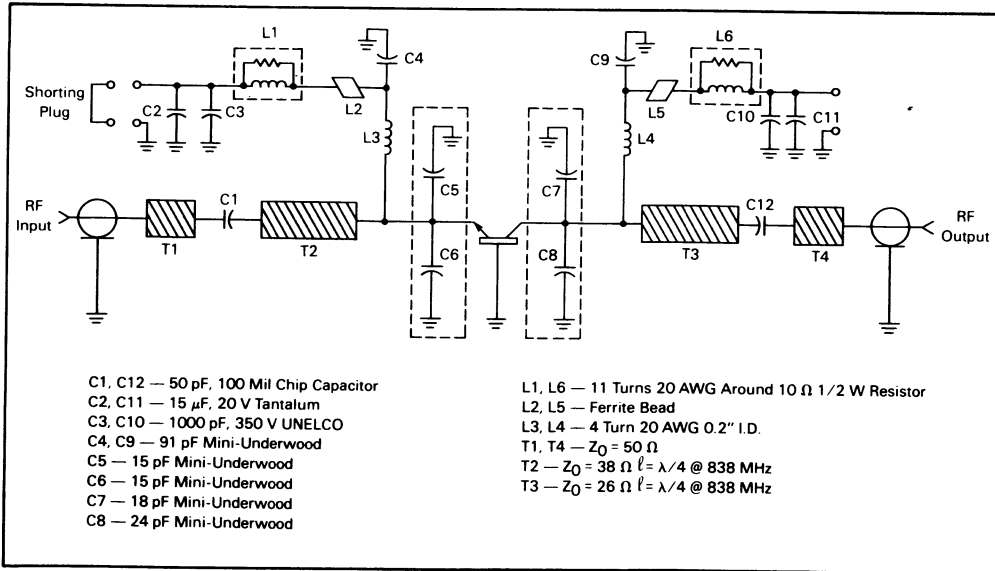


FIGURE 2 – OUTPUT POWER versus INPUT POWER

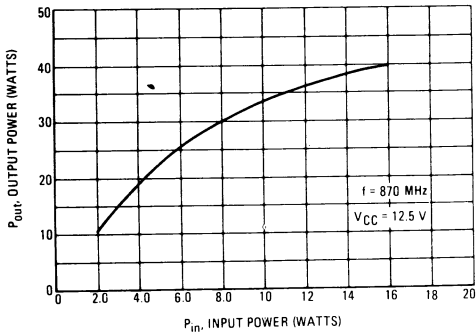


FIGURE 3 – OUTPUT POWER versus FREQUENCY

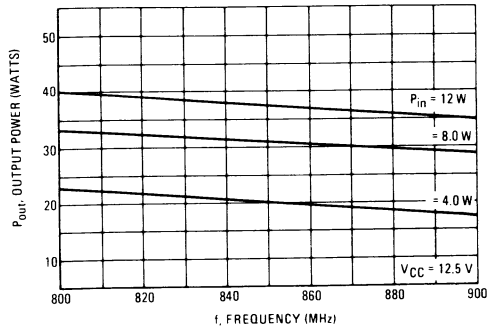


FIGURE 5 – SERIES EQUIVALENT INPUT/OUTPUT IMPEDANCE

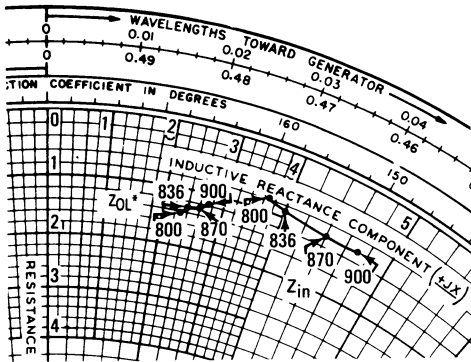
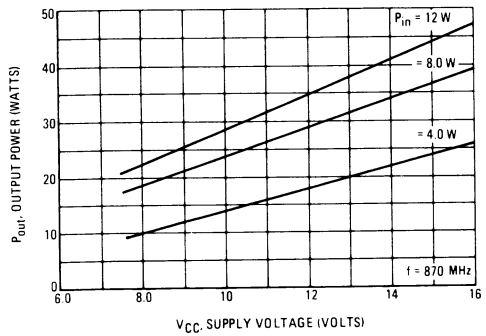
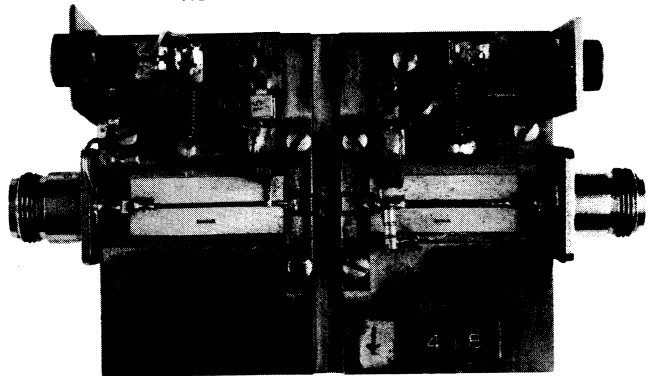


FIGURE 4 – OUTPUT POWER versus SUPPLY VOLTAGE



3

FIGURE 6 – 870 MHz TEST CIRCUIT



$P_{in} = 7.5 \text{ W}$ ,  $P_{out} = 30 \text{ W}$ ,  $V_{DC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}$

f MHz	$Z_{in}$ Ohms	$Z_{OL}^*$ Ohms
800	$0.8 + j3.7$	$1.4 + j2.3$
836	$0.9 + j4.0$	$1.3 + j2.4$
870	$1.0 + j4.4$	$1.25 + j2.6$
900	$1.0 + j4.7$	$1.2 + j2.7$

\* $Z_{OL}$  = Conjugate of the optimum load impedance into which the device output operates at a given output power, voltage, and frequency.

**MRF846**

**The RF Line**

40 W-870 MHz

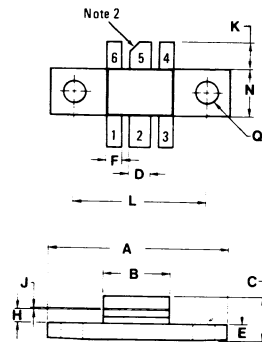
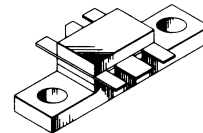
**RF POWER  
TRANSISTOR**

NPN SILICON

**NPN SILICON RF POWER TRANSISTOR**

... designed for 12.5 volt UHF large-signal, common-base amplifier applications in industrial and commercial FM equipment operating in the range of 806-960 MHz.

- Specified 12.5 Volt, 870 MHz Characteristics  
Output Power = 40 Watts  
Minimum Gain = 4.3 dB  
Efficiency = 50%
- Series Equivalent Large-Signal Characterization
- Internally Matched Input for Broadband Operation
- Tested for Load Mismatch Stress at All Phase Angles with 10:1 VSWR @ High Line and RF Overdrive
- Gold Metallized, Emitter Ballasted for Long Life and Resistance to Metal Migration
- Silicon Nitride Passivated



STYLE 1:

- PIN 1. BASE (COMMON)
- 2. EMITTER (INPUT)
- 3. BASE (COMMON)
- 4. BASE (COMMON)
- 5. COLLECTOR (OUTPUT)
- 6. BASE (COMMON)

NOTES:

1. HOLES WITHIN 0.15 mm (0.006) TRUE POSITION TO EACH OTHER AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
2. IDENTIFICATION NOTCH 1.0 mm (0.04) MIN x 45°.
3. DIM D APPLIES 2 PLACES, DIM K APPLIES 2 PLACES, DIM Q APPLIES 2 PLACES, DIM F APPLIES 4 PLACES.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	24.51	25.02	0.965	0.985
B	8.76	9.02	0.345	0.355
C	5.72	6.48	0.225	0.255
D	2.92	3.18	0.115	0.125
E	2.29	2.54	0.090	0.100
F	1.78	2.03	0.070	0.080
H	1.65	1.90	0.065	0.075
J	0.10	0.15	0.004	0.006
K	2.29	2.79	0.090	0.110
L	18.42	BSC	0.725	BSC
N	5.72	5.97	0.225	0.235
Q	3.05	3.30	0.120	0.130

CASE 319-04

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	16	V <sub>dc</sub>
Collector-Base Voltage	V <sub>CBO</sub>	36	V <sub>dc</sub>
Emitter-Base Voltage	V <sub>EBO</sub>	4.0	V <sub>dc</sub>
Collector Current - Continuous	I <sub>C</sub>	14.0	A <sub>dc</sub>
Total Device Dissipation @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C (1) Derate Above 25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	150 0.86	Watts W/°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	°C

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case (2)	R <sub>θJC</sub>	1.17	°C/W

(1) These devices are designed for RF operation. The total device dissipation rating applies only when the devices are operated as RF amplifiers.

(2) Thermal Resistance is determined under specified RF operating conditions by infrared measurement techniques.

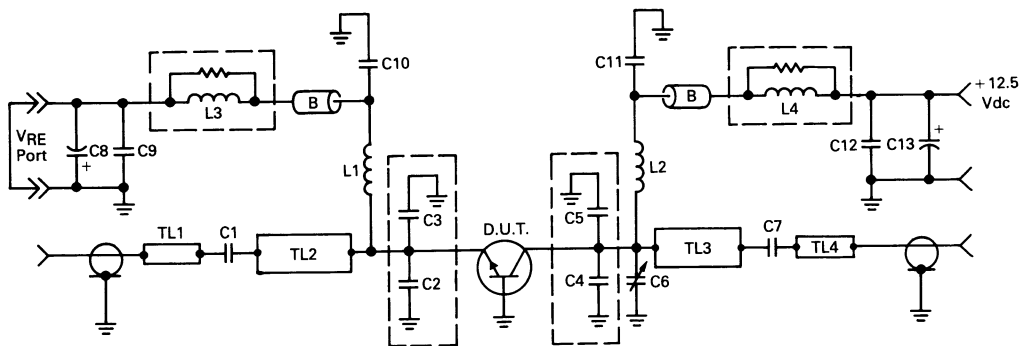


**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 50 \text{ mA dc}, I_B = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	16	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 50 \text{ mA dc}, V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CES}$	36	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 10 \text{ mA dc}, I_C = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	4.0	—	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0$ )	$I_{CBO}$	—	—	10	mA dc
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 2.0 \text{ A dc}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	$h_{FE}$	10	50	—	—
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ )	$C_{ob}$	—	85	120	pF
<b>FUNCTIONAL TEST</b>					
Common-Base Amplifier Power Gain ( $P_{out} = 40 \text{ W}, V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}, f = 870 \text{ MHz}$ )	$G_{PB}$	4.3	5.2	—	dB
Collector Efficiency ( $P_{out} = 40 \text{ W}, V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}, f = 870 \text{ MHz}$ )	$\eta$	50	55	—	%
Load Mismatch Stress ( $V_{CC} = 15.5 \text{ Vdc}, P_{in} = 15 \text{ W}, f = 870 \text{ MHz},$ $VSWR = 10:1, \text{ all phase angles}$ )	—	No Degradation in Output Power			

\* $P_{in}$  = 125% of the typical input power requirement for 40 W output power @ 12.5 Vdc.

**FIGURE 1 — 870 MHz TEST CIRCUIT SCHEMATIC**



- C1 — 43 pF, 100 Mil Chip Capacitor
- C2 — 12 pF Mini-Unelco
- C3 — 15 pF Mini-Unelco
- C4 — 21 pF Mini-Unelco
- C5 — 18 pF Mini-Unelco
- C6 — 0.8–8.0 pF Johanson Gigatrim
- C7 — 47 pF, 100 Mil Chip Capacitor
- C8 — 10  $\mu\text{F}$ , 25 WV
- C9, C12 — 1000 pF Unelco J101
- C10, C11 — 91 pF Mini-Unelco
- C13 — 25  $\mu\text{F}$ , 25 WV

- L1, L2 — 4 Turns #18 Enameled; 200 Mil ID
- L3, L4 — 15 Turns #24 Enameled Over 12 ohm Carbon Resistor
- B — Ferrite Bead; Ferroxcube 56-590-65-3B
- TL1, TL4 — Micro Strip; 50  $\Omega$
- TL2 — Micro Strip;  $Z_0 = 34 \Omega, \lambda/4 @ 838 \text{ MHz}$
- TL3 — Micro Strip;  $Z_0 = 30 \Omega, \lambda/4 @ 838 \text{ MHz}$
- Board — 0.032" Glass Teflon
- 2 oz. Cu CLAD,  $\epsilon_r = 2.55$

FIGURE 2 — OUTPUT POWER versus INPUT POWER

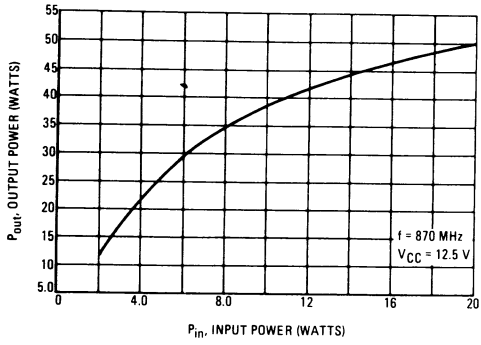


FIGURE 3 — OUTPUT POWER versus FREQUENCY

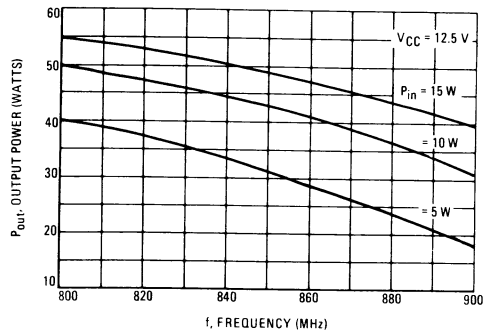


FIGURE 4 — OUTPUT POWER versus SUPPLY VOLTAGE

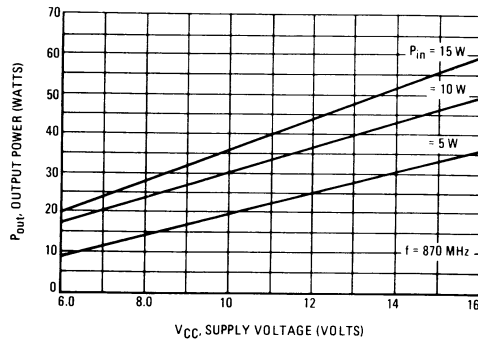


FIGURE 5 — 870 MHz TEST CIRCUIT

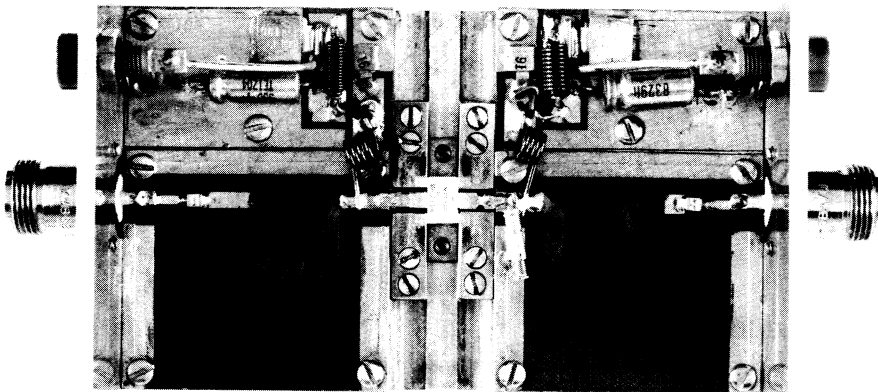
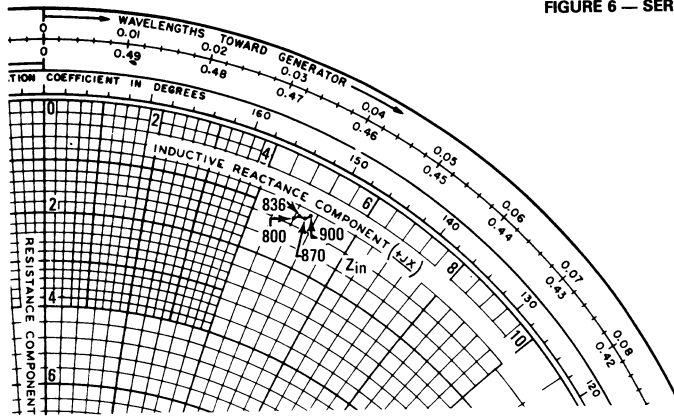


FIGURE 6 — SERIES EQUIVALENT INPUT IMPEDANCES

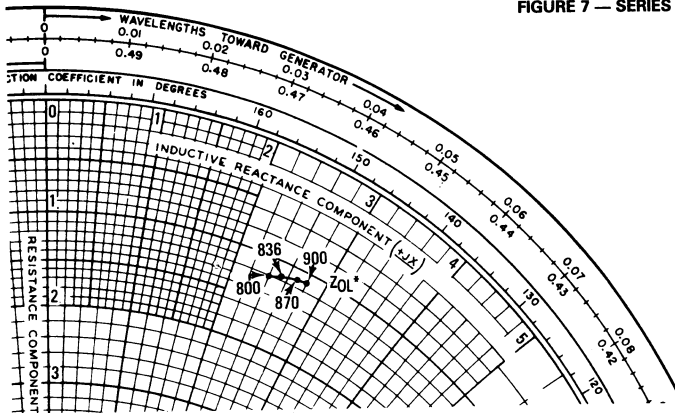


$V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}, P_{in} = 12 \text{ W}$

f MHz	$Z_{in}$ Ohms
800	$1.1 + j4.8$
836	$1.0 + j4.9$
870	$1.0 + j5.0$
900	$0.9 + j5.1$

3

FIGURE 7 — SERIES EQUIVALENT OUTPUT IMPEDANCES



$V_{CC} = 12.5 \text{ Vdc}, P_{out} = 40 \text{ W}$

f MHz	$Z_{OL}^*$ Ohms
800	$1.2 + j2.4$
836	$1.15 + j2.5$
870	$1.1 + j2.7$
900	$1.1 + j2.8$

\* $Z_{OL}$  = Conjugate of the optimum load impedance into which the device output operates at a given output power, voltage, and frequency.

**MRF848**

**Advance Information**

**The RF Line**

**NPN SILICON RF POWER TRANSISTOR**

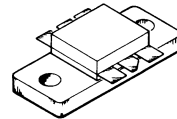
... designed for 12.5 Volt UHF large-signal, common base amplifier applications in industrial and commercial FM equipment operating in the range of 804-960 MHz.

- Motorola Advanced Amplifier Concept Package
- Specified 12.5 Volt, 870 MHz Characteristics  
 Output Power = 60 Watts  
 Minimum Gain = 4.0 dB  
 Efficiency = 60%
- Double Input/Output Matched for Wideband Performance and Simplified External Matching
- Series Equivalent Large-Signal Characterization
- Gold Metallized, Emitter Ballasted for Long Life and Resistance to Metal Migration
- Silicon Nitride Passivated

**60 W 800-960 MHz**

**RF POWER TRANSISTOR**

**NPN SILICON**



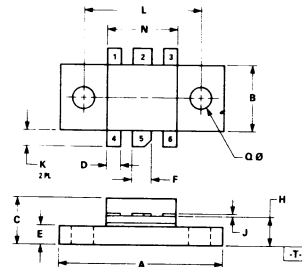
**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	16	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	V <sub>CBO</sub>	36	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V <sub>EBO</sub>	4.0	Vdc
Collector-Current — Continuous	I <sub>C</sub>	14	Adc
Total Device Dissipation @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Derate above 25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	175 1.0	Watts W/°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	°C

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	R <sub>θJC</sub>	1.00	°C/W

This document contains information on a new product. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.



**NOTES:**

1. DIMENSIONS A AND B ARE DATUMS AND T IS A DATUM PLANE.
2. POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR Q HOLES:  
 $\phi \pm .13 (0.005) \text{ (M)} \text{ (A)} \text{ (B)} \text{ (C)}$       STYLE 1:  
 PIN 1. BASE  
 2. EMITTER  
 3. BASE  
 4. BASE  
 5. COLLECTOR  
 6. BASE
3. DIMENSION -D- FOUR PLACES.  
 DIMENSION -F- TWO PLACES.
4. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER Y14.5M, 1982.
5. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	24.51	25.02	0.965	0.985
B	9.91	10.41	0.390	0.410
C	6.86	7.36	0.270	0.290
D	1.91	2.28	0.075	0.090
E	2.42	2.92	0.095	0.115
F	5.47	5.96	0.110	0.130
H	3.94	4.44	0.155	0.175
J	0.10	0.15	0.004	0.006
K	2.29	2.94	0.090	0.116
L	18.41 BSC		0.725 BSC	
N	10.54	11.04	0.415	0.435
Q	3.18	3.42	0.125	0.135

**CASE 333A**

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 50\text{ mAdc}, I_B = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	16	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 50\text{ mAdc}, V_{BE} = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CES}$	36	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 5.0\text{ mAdc}, I_C = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	4.0	—	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 15\text{ Vdc}, V_{BE} = 0, T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$I_{CES}$	—	—	10	mAdc
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 2.0\text{ Adc}, V_{CE} = 5.0\text{ Vdc}$ )	$h_{FE}$	20	50	150	—
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 12.5\text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0, f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ )	$C_{ob}$	—	88	110	pF
<b>FUNCTIONAL TESTS</b>					
Common-Base Amplifier Power Gain ( $V_{CC} = 12.5\text{ Vdc}, P_{out} = 60\text{ W}, f = 870\text{ MHz}$ )	$G_{pb}$	4.0	4.8	—	dB
Collector Efficiency ( $V_{CC} = 12.5\text{ Vdc}, P_{out} = 60\text{ W}, f = 870\text{ MHz}$ )	$\eta$	60	68	—	%
Output Mismatch Stress ( $V_{CC} = 15.5\text{ Vdc}, P_{in} = 24\text{ W}, f = 870\text{ MHz},$ $VSWR = 10:1, \text{ all phase angles}$ )	$\psi$	No degradation in output power			

3

**FIGURE 1 — 800–870 MHz BROADBAND TEST CIRCUIT**

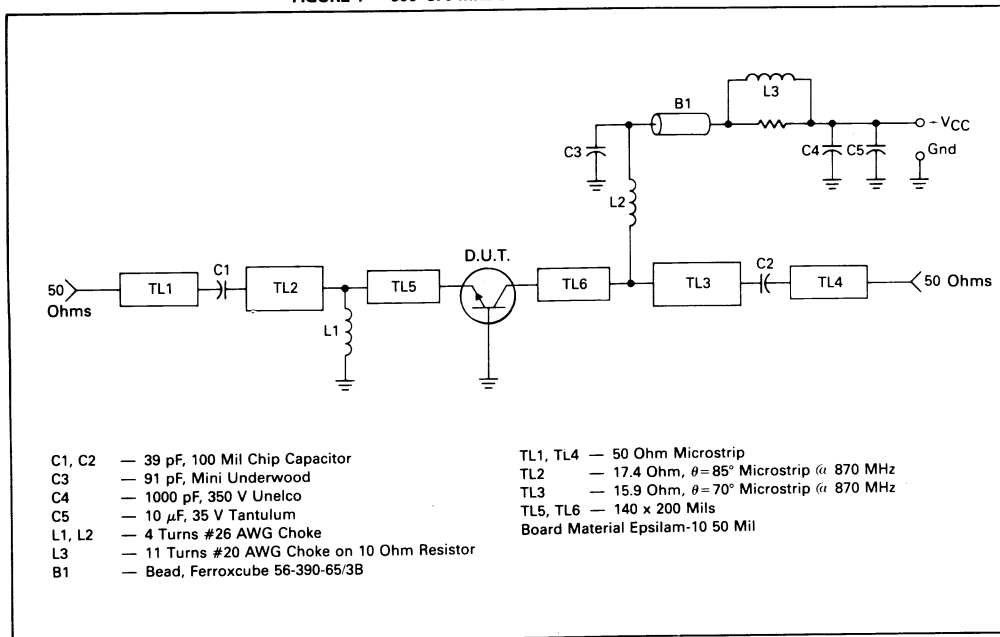


FIGURE 2 — OUTPUT POWER versus INPUT POWER

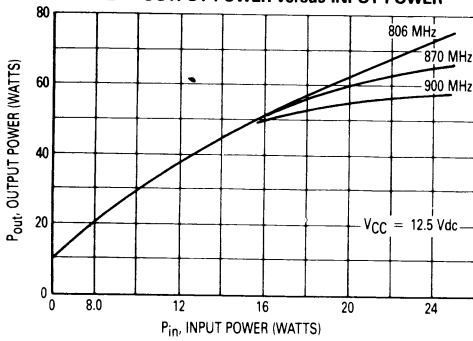


FIGURE 3 — OUTPUT POWER versus SUPPLY VOLTAGE

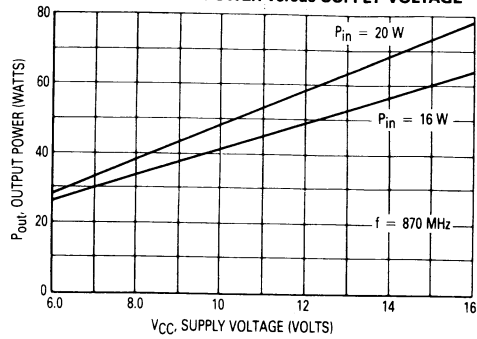


FIGURE 4 — OUTPUT POWER versus FREQUENCY

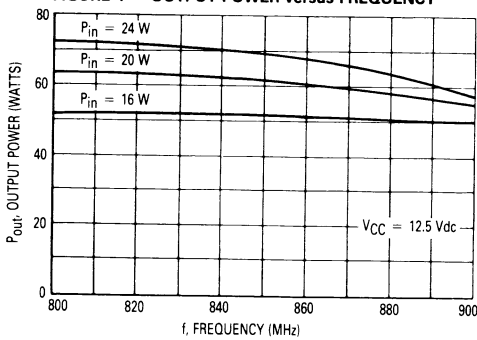


FIGURE 5 — TYPICAL BROADBAND CIRCUIT PERFORMANCE

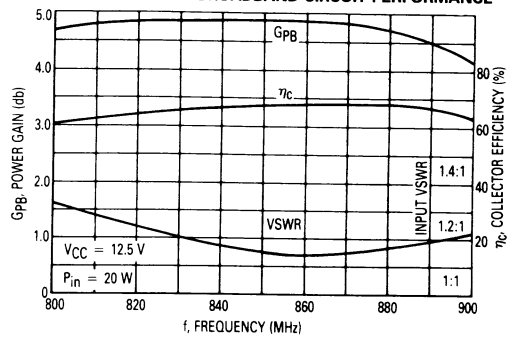
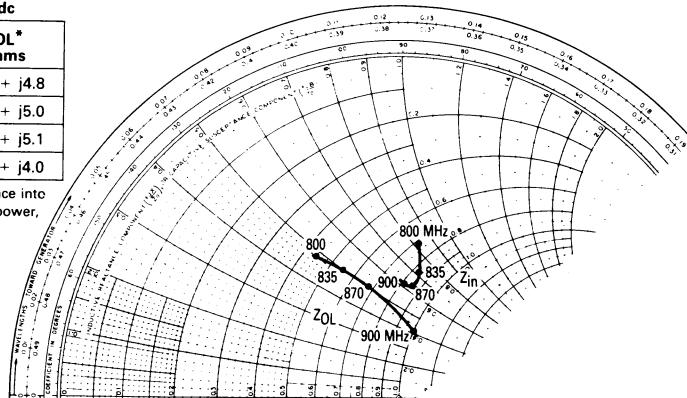


FIGURE 6 — INPUT/OUTPUT IMPEDANCE

$P_{out} = 60$  Watts,  $V_{CC} = 12.5$  Vdc

f MHz	$Z_{in}$ Ohms	$Z_{OL}^*$ Ohms
800	$7.16 + j8.2$	$4.5 + j4.8$
835	$8.7 + j6.9$	$5.45 + j5.0$
870	$8.76 + j6.17$	$6.75 + j5.1$
900	$8.25 + j6.06$	$10.2 + j4.0$

\* $Z_{OL}$  = Conjugate of optimum load impedance into which the device operates at a given output power, voltage and frequency.



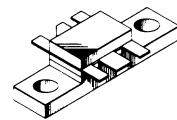
**The RF Line**  
**NPN Silicon**  
**RF Power Transistor**

... designed for 12.5 Volt UHF large-signal, **common-emitter** applications in industrial and commercial FM equipment operating in the range of 806-960 MHz.

- Specified 12.5 Volt, 870 MHz Characteristics
  - Output Power = 15 Watts
  - Minimum Gain = 7 dB
  - Efficiency = 60%
- Internally Matched Input for Broadband Operation
- Series Equivalent Large-Signal Characterization
- Capable of withstanding 20:1 VSWR Load Mismatch at Rated Input Power and 15.5 Vdc
- Gold Metallized, Emitter Ballasted for Long Life and Resistance to Metal Migration
- Silicon Nitride Passivated

**MRF873**

**15 W 806-960 MHz**  
**RF POWER**  
**TRANSISTOR**  
**COMMON-EMITTER**  
**NPN SILICON**



CASE 319-04

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	16.5	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CES</sub>	38	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V <sub>EBO</sub>	4	Vdc
Collector-Current — Continuous	I <sub>C</sub>	2.4	Adc
Operating Junction Temperature	T <sub>J</sub>	200	°C
Total Device Dissipation (at T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Derate above 25°C)	P <sub>D</sub>	44 0.25	Watts W/°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	°C

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	R <sub>θJC</sub>	4	°C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
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**OFF CHARACTERISTICS**

Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 20 mAdc, I <sub>B</sub> = 0)	V <sub>(BR)CEO</sub>	16.5	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 20 mAdc, V <sub>BE</sub> = 0)	V <sub>(BR)CES</sub>	38	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage (I <sub>E</sub> = 5 mAdc, I <sub>C</sub> = 0)	V <sub>(BR)EBO</sub>	4	—	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current (V <sub>CE</sub> = 15 Vdc, V <sub>BE</sub> = 0, T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C)	I <sub>CES</sub>	—	—	5	mAdc

**ON CHARACTERISTICS**

DC Current Gain (I <sub>C</sub> = 1 Adc, V <sub>CE</sub> = 5 Vdc)	h <sub>FE</sub>	40	—	200	—
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**DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

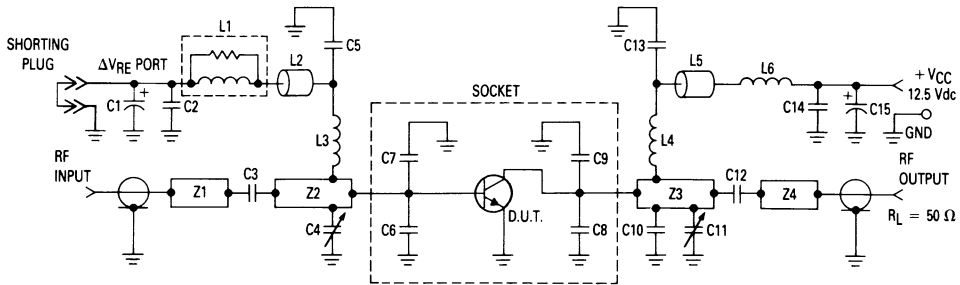
Output Capacitance (V <sub>CB</sub> = 12.5 Vdc, I <sub>E</sub> = 0, f = 1 MHz)	C <sub>ob</sub>	—	19.5	25	pF
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- (1) These devices are designed for RF operation. The total device dissipation rating applies only when the devices are operated as RF amplifiers.  
 (2) Thermal Resistance is determined under specified RF operating conditions by infrared measurement techniques.

(continued)

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS — continued** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>FUNCTIONAL TESTS</b>					
Common-Emitter Amplifier Power Gain (Broadband) ( $V_{CC} = 12.5\text{ Vdc}$ , $P_{Out} = 15\text{ W}$ , $f = 870\text{ MHz}$ )	$G_{pe}$	7	8	—	dB
Collector Efficiency ( $V_{CC} = 12.5\text{ Vdc}$ , $P_{Out} = 15\text{ W}$ , $f = 870\text{ MHz}$ )	$\eta$	60	69	—	%
Load Mismatch Stress ( $V_{CC} = 15.5\text{ Vdc}$ , $f = 870\text{ MHz}$ , $P_{in} = 3\text{ W}$ , VSWR = 20:1, all phase angles)	$\psi$	No degradation in output power			

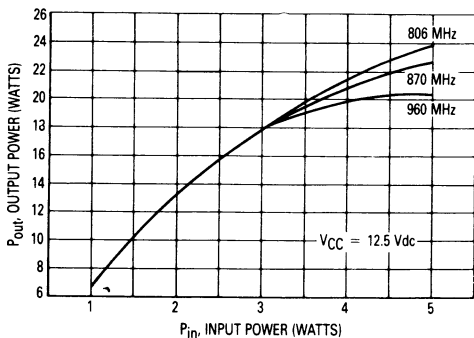


- C1, C15 — 10  $\mu\text{F}$ , 25 V Tantalum
- C2, C14 — 1000 pF, 350 V Unelco
- C3, C12 — 43 pF, 100 Mil ATC Chip Capacitor
- C5, C13 — 91 pF, Mini-Unelco
- C4, C11 — 0.8-8 pF Johansen Gigatrim 7290 Variable
- C6 — 16 pF Mini-Underwood
- C7, C8, C9 — 12 pF Mini-Underwood
- C10 — 10 pF Mini-Underwood

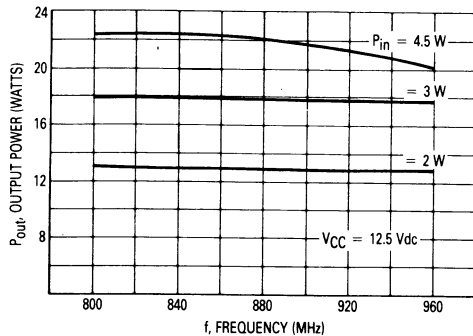
- L1 — 13 Turn #20 AWG Around 10  $\Omega$  1/2 W Resistor
  - L2, L5 — Ferroxcube Bead #56-590-65-3B
  - L3, L4 — 4 Turns #20 AWG Choke ID 0.2"
  - L6 — 6 Turns #20 AWG Choke ID 0.2"
  - Z1, Z4 — 50 Ohm Microstrip
  - Z2 — 36 Ohm Microstrip  $\lambda/4 @ 838\text{ MHz}$
  - Z3 — 26 Ohm Microstrip  $\lambda/4 @ 838\text{ MHz}$
- Board Material — 0.032" Glass Teflon 2 oz. Copper Clad  $\epsilon_r = 2.55$

NOTE: C11 = 0.4" down Z3 from socket edge.

**Figure 1. 806-900 MHz Broadband Test Fixture**



**Figure 2. Output Power versus Input Power**



**Figure 3. Output Power versus Frequency**



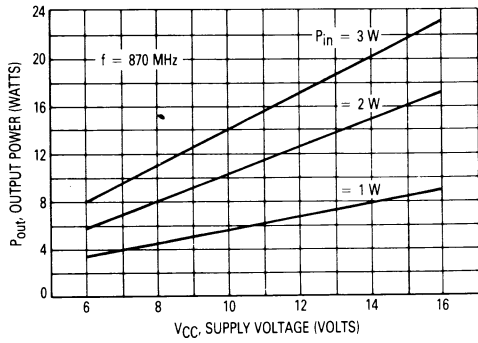


Figure 4. Output Power versus Supply Voltage

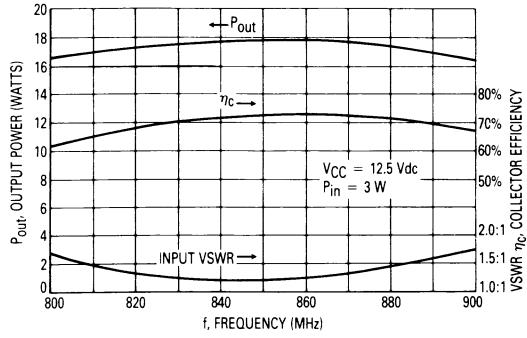


Figure 5. Typical Performance in Broadband Test Fixture

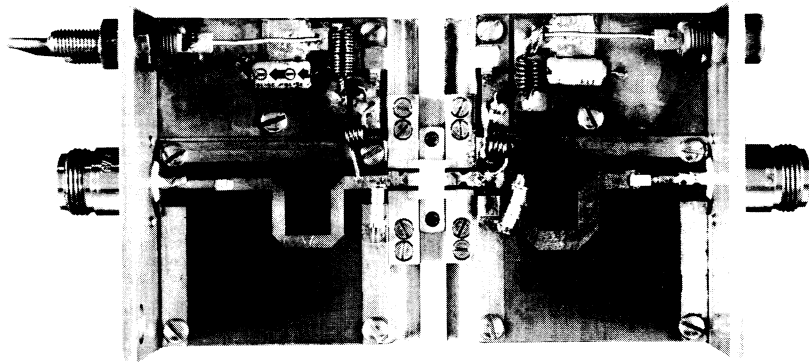


Figure 6. Photo Test Circuit

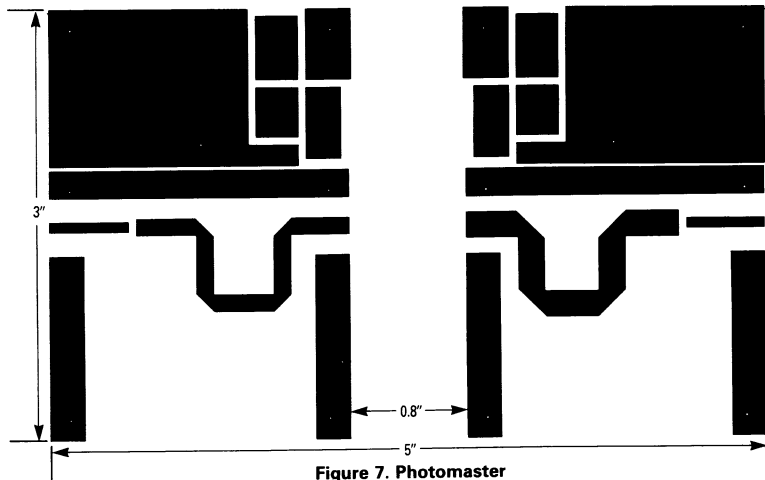


Figure 7. Photomaster

NOTE: The Printed Circuit Board shown is 75% of the original.

3

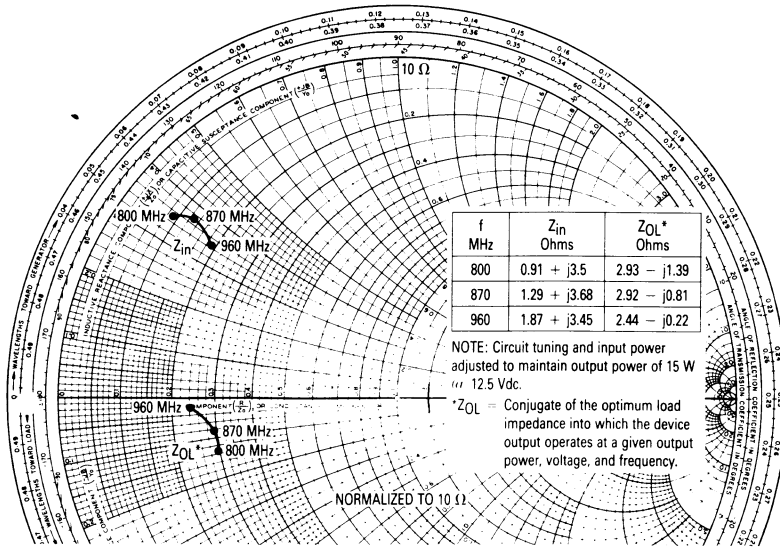
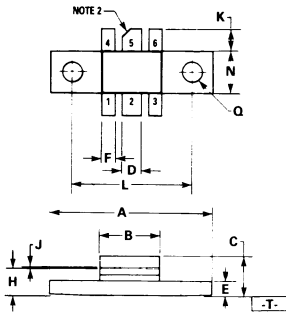


Figure 8. Series Equivalent Input/Output Impedances

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



- NOTES:
- 1 POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR Q HOLES  
 $\phi \pm 0.15 (0.006) \text{ T A } \text{N}$
  - 2 IDENTIFICATION NOTCH 1.0mm (0.041) MIN X 45°
  - 3 DIM D APPLIES 2 PLACES.  
 DIM K APPLIES 2 PLACES.  
 DIM Q APPLIES 2 PLACES.  
 DIM F APPLIES 4 PLACES
  - 4 DIMENSIONS A AND N ARE DATUMS AND  
 -.T- IS DATUM SURFACE
  - 5 DIMENSION B APPLIES TO LEAD FRAME AND BeO
  - 6 POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR D TERMINAL AND  
 DIMENSION B:  
 $\phi \pm 0.38 (0.15) \text{ T A } \text{N}$

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	24.51	25.02	0.965	0.985
B	9.02	9.52	0.355	0.376
C	5.84	6.60	0.230	0.260
D	2.92	3.18	0.115	0.125
E	2.69	2.95	0.106	0.116
F	1.91	2.16	0.075	0.085
H	4.06	4.31	0.160	0.170
J	0.10	0.15	0.004	0.006
K	2.29	2.79	0.090	0.110
L	18.42 BSC		0.725 BSC	
N	5.72	6.12	0.225	0.241
Q	3.18	3.43	0.125	0.135

- STYLE 2:
- PIN 1. EMITTER (COMMON)
  - 2. BASE (INPUT)
  - 3. EMITTER (COMMON)
  - 4. EMITTER (COMMON)
  - 5. COLLECTOR (OUTPUT)
  - 6. EMITTER (COMMON)

CASE 319-04