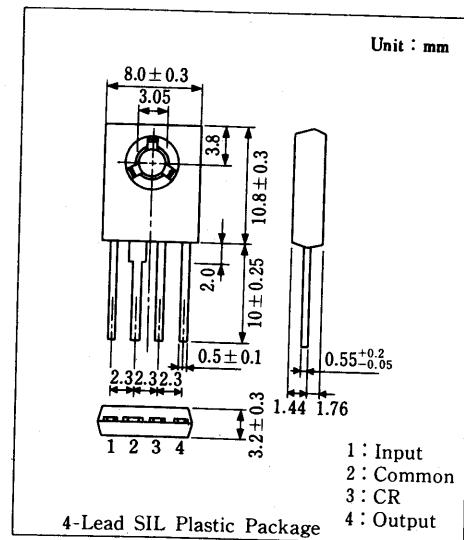
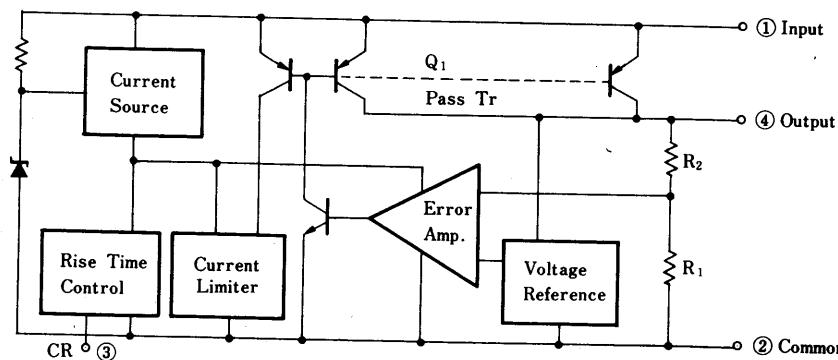


**AN6540****Terminal Voltage Regulator with Adjustable Rise Time****Outline**

AN6540 is an integrated circuit designed for a 4-terminal voltage regulator with adjustable rise time. A capacitor sets any setting of output voltage rise time and reduced heat at power on, and are best suited for power circuits with current capacity up to 240mA. It can be used up to the maximum input/output Voltage difference 0.3V (typ.).

**Features**

- dropout voltage : 0.3V (typ.)
- control of output voltage rise time
- internal short-circuit protection
- temperature coefficient of output voltage

**Block Diagram**

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	$V_{cc}$	20	V
Supply Surge Voltage	$V_{surge}^*$	40	V
Power Dissipation ( $T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$P_D$	6	W
Operating Ambient Temperature	$T_{opr}$	$-30 \sim +80$	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	$-40 \sim +150$	$^\circ\text{C}$

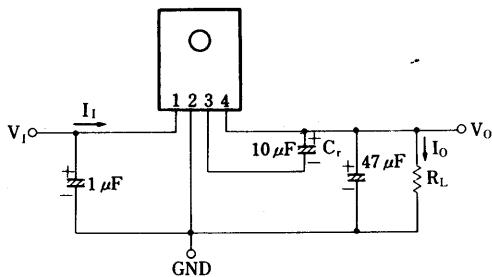
\*  $t=200\text{ms}$

■ Electrical Characteristics ( $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

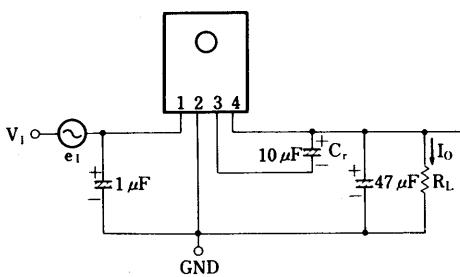
Item	Symbol	Test Circuit	Condition	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
Output Voltage	$V_o$	1	$V_1=13.2\text{V}, I_o=200\text{mA}$	8.1	8.5	8.9	V
Bias Current	$I_{Bias}$	1	$V_1=13.2\text{V}, I_o=200\text{mA}$		25	50	mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_1$	1	$V_1=13.2\text{V}, I_o=0 \sim 200\text{mA}$			$\pm 50$	%
Input Regulation	$\Delta V_2$	1	$V_1=9.5 \sim 16\text{V}, I_o=100\text{mA}$			$\pm 50$	%
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_o/T_a$	1	$V_1=13.2\text{V}, I_o=100\text{mA}, T_{opr}=-30 \sim +80^\circ\text{C}$			$\pm 0.01$	%
Minimum Input/Output Voltage Difference	$V_{DIF(\text{min.})}$	1	Input/Output Voltage Difference with Input Voltage 8.0V, $I_o=100\text{mA}$		0.3	0.6	V
Ripple Rejection Ratio	RR	2	$V_1=13.2\text{V}, I=100\text{mA}, f=100\text{Hz}, e_{in}=1\text{V}_{pp}$	50			dB
Maximum Output Current	$I_{o(\text{max.})}$	1	$V_1=13.2\text{V}$	240		600	mA
Output Short Current	$I_{os}$	1	$V_1=13.2\text{V}$	50		160	mA
Rise Time	$t_r$	1	$C_r=10\mu\text{F} \pm 10\%$	0.5	1	2	s

Note) After the load short, return with  $I_o=230\text{mA}$  or over.

Test Circuit 1  $(V_o, I_{Bias}, \Delta V_1, \Delta V_2, \Delta V_o/T_a, )$   
 $(V_{DIF(\text{min.})}, I_{o(\text{max.})}, I_{os}, t_r)$

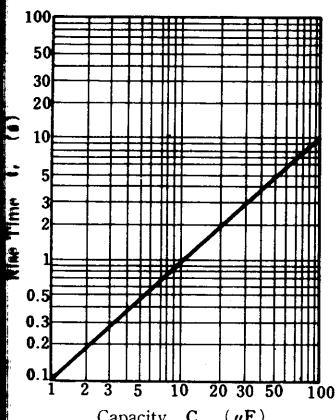
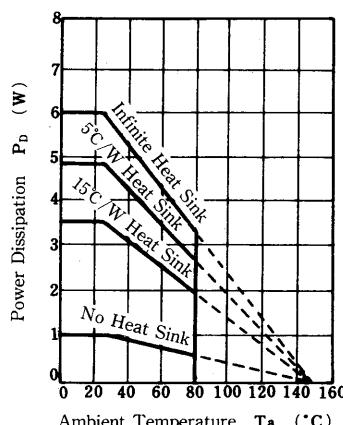
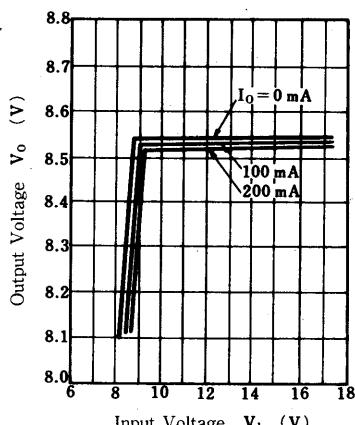
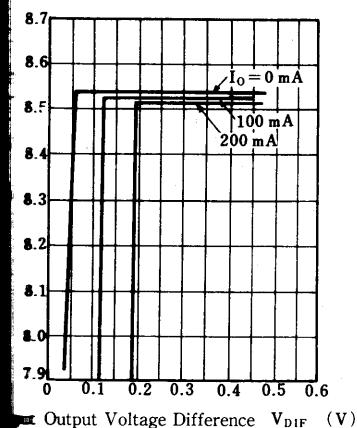
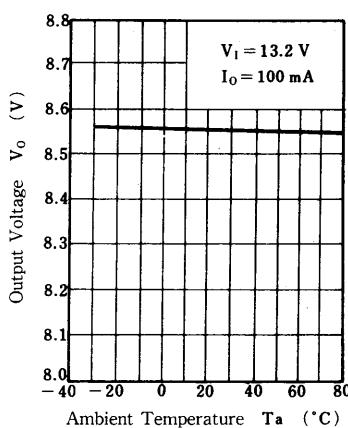
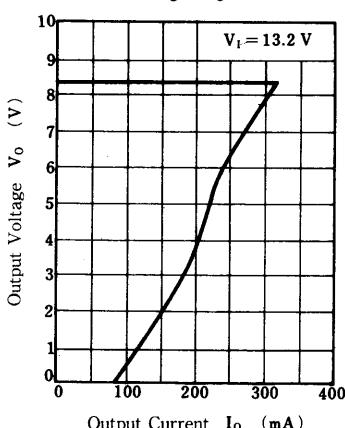


Test Circuit 2 (RR)

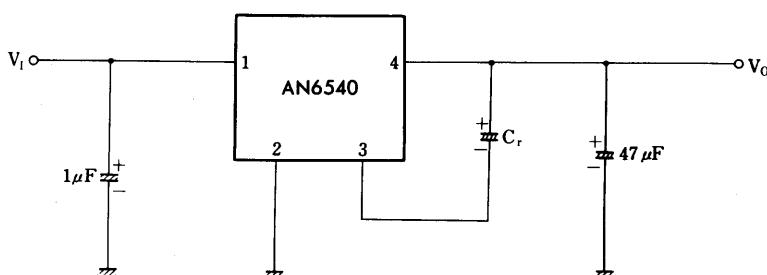


Note) Use a capacitor  $47\mu\text{F}$  for checking the oscillation which reduces little in capacity even at a low temperature. For example, use the tantalum capacitor.

Note)  $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$

$t_r - C_r$  $P_D - T_a$  $V_0 - V_I$  $V_0 - V_{DIF}$  $V_0 - T_a$  $V_0 - I_o$ 

## ■ Basic Regulator Circuit



Note) Use a capacitor  $47\mu F$  for checking the oscillation which reduces little in capacity even at a low temperature. For example, use the tantalum capacitor.