

BiMOS Operational Amplifiers

With MOS/FET Input, Composite Bipolar/MOS Output



(E Suffix)
8-LEAD
(MINI-DIP)

H-1517



(E Suffix)
14-LEAD DIP

H-1817



(T Suffix)
8-LEAD
TO-5 H-1528



(S Suffix)
8-LEAD
TO-5
(DIL-CAN)

H-1787

Single Amplifier: CA080, CA081

Dual Amplifier: CA082, CA083

Quad Amplifier: CA084

Features:

- Very low input bias and offset currents
- Input impedance typically $1.5 \times 10^{12} \Omega$
- Low input offset voltage
- Wide common-mode input voltage range
- Low power consumption
- Fast slew rate
- Unity-gain bandwidth = 5 MHz (typ.)
- Wide output voltage swing

- Low distortion
- Continuous short circuit protection
- Direct replacement for industry type TL080 series in most applications

Applications:

- Inverters
- High-Q notch filters
- IC preamplifiers
- Unity Gain Absolute Value Amplifiers
- Sample and hold amplifiers
- Active filters

The RCA-CA080, CA081, CA082, CA083, and CA084 BiMOS operational amplifiers combine the advantages of MOS and bipolar transistors on the same monolithic chip. The gate-protected MOS/FET (PMOS) input transistors provide high input impedance and a wide common-mode input voltage range. The bipolar and MOS output transistors allow a wide output voltage swing and provide a high output current capability.

Package Selection Chart

Type No.	Package Type & Suffix			
	8L TO-5	DIL-CAN	Mini-DIP	14L DIP
CA080	T	S	E	
CA080A	T	S	E	
CA080B			E	
CA080C	T	S		
CA081	T	S	E	
CA081A	T	S	E	
CA081B			E	
CA081C	T	S		
CA082	T	S	E	
CA082A	T	S	E	
CA082B			E	
CA082C	T	S		
CA083			E	
CA083A			E	
CA083B			E	
CA084			E	
CA084A			E	
CA084B			E	

The CA080 is externally phase-compensated, and the CA081, CA082, CA083, and CA084 are internally phase-compensated. All types except the CA082 have provisions for external offset nulling.

The CA080, CA081, CA082, CA083, and CA084 are available in chip form (H Suffix).

Operating Temperature Ranges:

-55 to +125°C

0 to +70°C

CA080T, CA080S

CA080CT, CA080CS

CA080AT, CA080AS

CA080BE

CA081T, CA081S

CA081CT, CA081CS

CA081AT, CA081AS

CA081BE

CA082T, CA082S

CA082CT, CA082CS

CA082AT, CA082AS

CA082BE

CA083BE, CA083AE

CA083BE

CA084, CA084AE

CA084BE

CA080 ...

CA080, CA081, CA082, CA083, CA084 Series

MAXIMUM RATINGS, Absolute Maximum Values:

DC SUPPLY VOLTAGE V_{\pm}$	.....	\pm 18 \text{ V}$
DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE	.....	$\pm 16 \text{ V}$
INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE	.....	$\pm 15 \text{ V}$
INPUT CURRENT	.....	1 mA
OUTPUT SHORT-CIRCUIT DURATION	.....	UNLIMITED*
POWER DISSIPATION, P_D :		

At $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$:

E Suffix	.....	625 mW
T Suffix	.....	680 mW

Derating Factors:

Mini-DIP	.....	Derate linearly at $6.67 \text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$ above 56°C
14-Lead DIP	.....	Derate linearly at $6.67 \text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$ above 56°C
TO-5	.....	Derate linearly at $6.67 \text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$ above 56°C

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE RANGE:

CT, CS, E, Suffixes	.....	0 to $+70^\circ\text{C}$
T, S, Suffixes	.....	-55 to $+125^\circ\text{C}$

STORAGE TEMPERATURE RANGE, ALL TYPES

-65 to $+150^\circ\text{C}$

LEAD TEMPERATURE (DURING SOLDERING):

At distance $1/16 \pm 1/32$ (1.59 \pm 0.79 mm) from case for 10 seconds max. +265°C

* The output may be shorted to ground or either supply if the maximum temperature and dissipation ratings are observed.

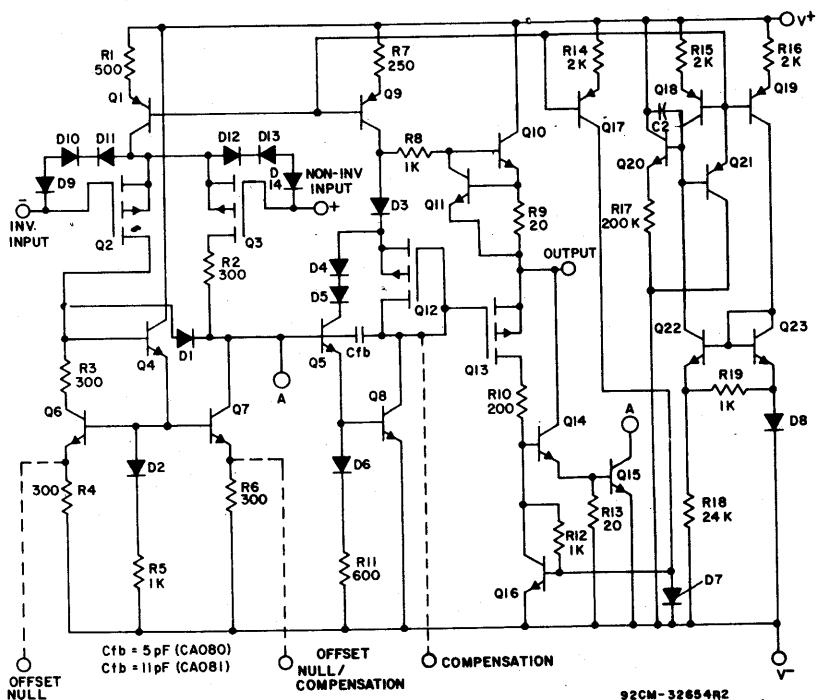


Fig. 1 - Schematic diagram of the CA080, CA081, CA082, CA083, and CA084.

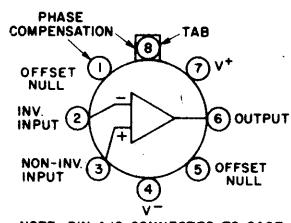
Texas Instruments-to-RCA Package Suffix Cross Reference Chart

Texas Instruments

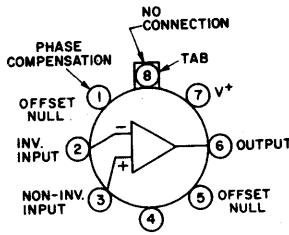
Suffix	Description
ACJG	Ceramic DIL
ACL	TO-5
ACN	Plastic DIL
ACP	Plastic DIL
CJG	Ceramic DIL
CL	TO-5
CN	Plastic DIL
CP	Plastic DIL
IJJG	Ceramic DIL
IL	TO-5
IP	Plastic DIL
MJG	Ceramic DIL
ML	TO-5
AML	TO-5
BCP	Plastic DIL

RCA

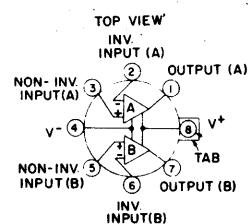
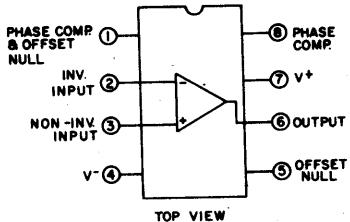
Suffix	Description
AS	DILCAN TO-5
AT	TO-5
AE	Plastic DIL
AE	Plastic DIL
CS	DILCAN TO-5
CT	TO-5
E	Plastic DIL
E	Plastic DIL
S	DILCAN TO-5
T	TO-5
E	DILCAN TO-5
S	DILCAN TO-5
T	TO-5
AT	TO-5
BE	Plastic DIL



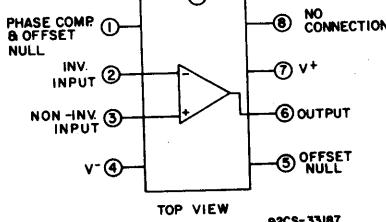
92CS-23998

CA080
T, S Suffixes

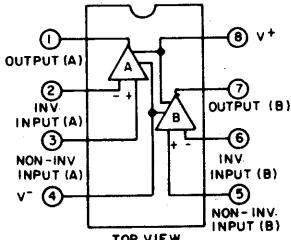
92CS-33186

CA081
T, S Suffixes

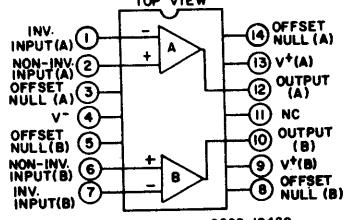
92CS-23999

CA080
E Suffix

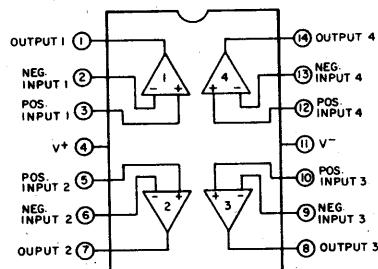
92CS-33187

CA082
T, S Suffixes

92CS-25015



92CS-19429

CA083
E Suffix

92CS-24204RI

Fig. 2 - Terminal assignments.

CA084
E Suffix

CA080, CA081, CA082, CA083, CA084 Series
**TYPICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS at
 $V \pm = 15 V, T_A = 25^\circ C$**

CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNITS
Slew Rate at Unity Gain, SR	$V_I = 10 V, R_L = 2 k\Omega, C_L = 100 pF, A_{VD} = 1$	13	$V/\mu s$
Rise Time, t_r	$V_I = 10 V, R_L = 2 k\Omega, C_L = 100 pF, A_{VD} = 1$	0.1	μs
Overshoot Factor	$C_L = 100 pF, A_{VD} = 1$	10	%
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage, e_n	$R_S = 100 \Omega, f = 1 kHz$	40	nV/\sqrt{Hz}

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $T_A = 25^\circ C$ and $T_A = -55$ to $+125^\circ C$
for types supplied in TO-5 style packages (T, S Suffixes). $V^+ = \pm 15 V$**

This does not include CA080C, CA081C, or CA082C. These types are supplied in TO-5 packages, but they are specified over the range of 0 to $70^\circ C$, and their limits are the same as those for the CA080, CA081, CA082, and CA083 in plastic packages over the range 0 to $70^\circ C$.

CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITIONS		LIMITS						UNITS	
			CA080T, S CA081T, S CA082T, S			CA080AT, S CA081AT, S CA082AT, S				
	-55 to +125°C		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
	+25°C									
Input Offset Voltage, V_{IO}	$R_S = 50 \Omega$	X	—	3	6	—	2	3	mV	
		X	—	—	9	—	—	5		
Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage, αV_{IO}	$R_S = 50 \Omega$	X	—	10	—	—	10	—	$\mu V/C$	
Input Offset Current, I_{IO}		X	—	5	20	—	5	20	pA	
		X	—	—	4	—	—	2	nA	
Input Current		X	—	15	40	—	15	40	pA	
		X	—	—	10	—	—	5	nA	
Common-Mode Input Voltage Range, V_{ICR}		X	± 12	—	—	± 12	—	—	V	
Maximum Output Voltage Swing, V_{OP-P}	$R_L = 10 k\Omega$	X	24	27	—	24	27	—	V	
	$R_L > 10 k\Omega$	X	24	—	—	24	—	—		
	$R_L > 2 k\Omega$	X	20	24	—	20	24	—		
Large-Signal Differential Voltage Gain, A_{VD}	$R_L > 2 k\Omega$	X	50	200	—	50	200	—	V/mV	
	$V_O = \pm 10V$	X	25	—	—	25	—	—		
Unity-Gain Bandwidth		X	—	5	—	—	5	—	MHz	
Input Resistance, R_I		X	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	—	TΩ	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio, CMRR	$R_S \leq 10 k\Omega$	X	80	86	—	80	86	—	dB	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio, PSRR ($\Delta V^+ / \Delta V^-$)	$R_S \leq 10 k\Omega$	X	80	86	—	80	86	—	dB	
Supply Current, I^+ (per amp., CA082, CA083)	No load, No Signal	X	—	1.4	2.8	—	1.4	2.8	mA	
Channel Separation, V_{O1}/V_{O2} (between amps., CA082, CA083)	$AVD = 100$	X	—	120	—	—	120	—	dB	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_A = 0$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$
for types supplied in plastic dual-in-line packages (E Suffix). $V^+ = \pm 15\text{ V}$

CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS						UNITS	
		CA080BE			CA080AE				
		CA081BE			CA081AE				
		CA082BE			CA082AE				
		CA083BE			CA083AE				
Input Offset Voltage, V_{IO}	$R_S = 50\Omega$	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	mV	
		X	—	2	3	—	3	6	
Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage, αV_{IO}	$R_S = 50\Omega$	X	—	10	—	—	10	—	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
		X	—	5	10	—	5	20	
Input Offset Current, I_{IO}		X	—	0.4	—	—	0.6	nA	nA
		X	—	0.7	—	—	1	40	
Input Current		X	—	15	30	—	15	40	pA
		X	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Common-Mode Input Voltage Range, V_{ICR}		X	± 12	—	—	± 12	—	—	V
		X	24	27	—	24	27	—	
Maximum Output Voltage Swing, VOP-P	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	X	24	—	—	24	—	—	V
		X	20	24	—	20	24	—	
Large-Signal Differential Voltage Gain, AVD $V_O = \pm 10\text{V}$	$R_L > 2\text{ k}\Omega$	X	50	200	—	50	200	—	V/mV
		X	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Unity-Gain Bandwidth		X	—	5	—	—	5	—	MHz
Input Resistance, R_I		X	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	—	$\text{T}\Omega$
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio, CMRR	$R_S < 10\text{ k}\Omega$	X	80	86	—	80	86	—	dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio, PSRR ($\Delta V^+ / \pm \Delta V_{IO}$)	$R_S < 10\text{ k}\Omega$	X	80	86	—	80	86	—	dB
Supply Current, I^+ (per amp., CA082, CA083, CA084)	No load, No Signal	X	—	1.4	2.8	—	1.4	2.8	mA
Channel Separation, V_{O1}/V_{O2} (between amps., CA082, CA083)	$AVD = 100$	X	—	120	—	—	120	—	dB

CA080, CA081, CA082, CA083, CA084 Series

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_A = 0$ to 70°C for types supplied in plastic dual-in-line packages (E Suffix). $V^+ = \pm 15\text{ V}$

The limits for the CA080C, CA081C, and CA082C in TO-5 packages are the same as those for the types in this chart.

CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS			UNITS	
		CA080E, T				
		CA081E, T				
		CA082E, T				
		CA083E				
		CA084E				
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input Offset Voltage, V_{IO}	$R_S = 50\Omega$	X	—	5	15	mV
		X	—	—	20	
Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage, αV_{IO}	$R_S = 50\Omega$	X	—	10	—	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Offset Current, I_{IO}		X	—	5	30	pA
		X	—	—	1	nA
Input Current		X	—	15	50	pA
		X	—	—	2	nA
Common-Mode Input Voltage Range, V_{ICR}		X	—	± 10	—	V
Maximum Output Voltage Swing, V_{OP-P}	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	X	24	27	—	V
	$R_L \geq 10\text{ k}\Omega$	X	24	—	—	
	$R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$	X	20	24	—	
Large-Signal Differential Voltage Gain, AVD	$R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_O = \pm 10\text{ V}$	X	25	200	—	V/mV
		X	—	—	—	
Unity-Gain Bandwidth		X	—	5	—	MHz
Input Resistance, R_I		X	—	1.5	—	T Ω
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio, CMRR	$R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$	X	70	76	—	dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio, PSRR ($(\Delta V^+ / \pm \Delta V_{IO})$)	$R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$	X	70	76	—	dB
Supply Current, I^+ (per amp., CA082, CA083)	No load, No Signal	X	—	1.4	2.8	mA
Channel Separation, V_{O1}/V_{O2} (between amps., CA082, CA083)	$AVD = 100$	X	—	120	—	dB

CA080, CA081, CA082, CA083, CA084 Series

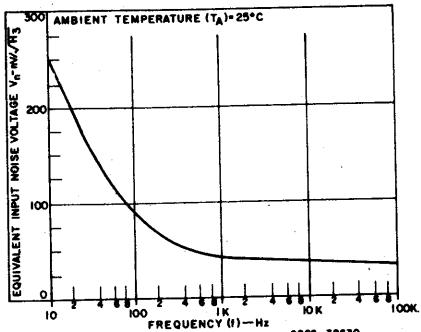


Fig. 3 - Noise voltage as a function of frequency.

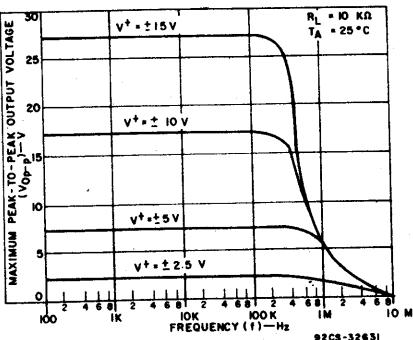


Fig. 4 - Output voltage as a function of frequency.

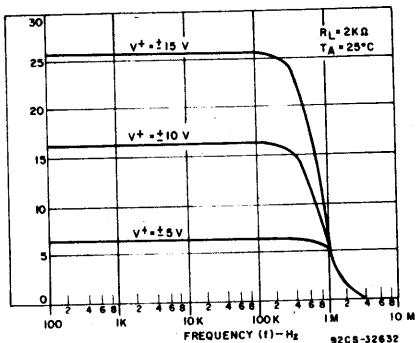


Fig. 5 - Output voltage as a function of frequency.

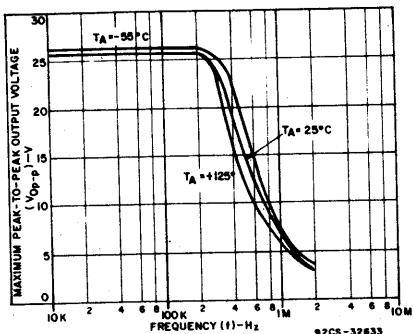


Fig. 6 - Output voltage as a function of frequency.

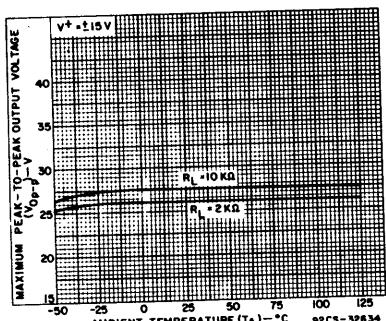


Fig. 7 - Output voltage as a function of ambient temperature.

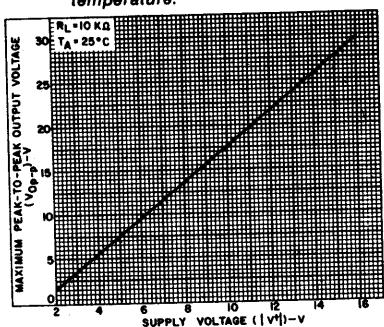


Fig. 9 - Output voltage as a function of supply voltage.

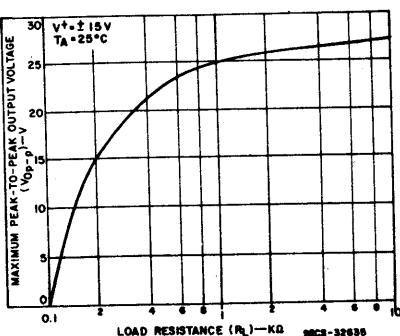


Fig. 8 - Output voltage as a function of load resistance.

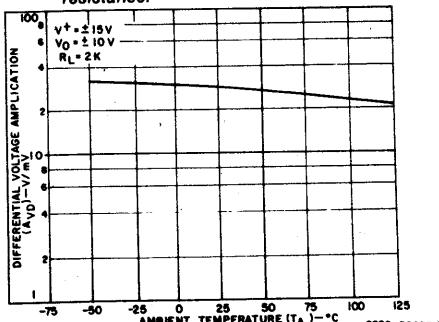


Fig. 10 - Differential voltage amplification as a function of ambient temperature.

CA080, CA081, CA082, CA083, CA084 Series

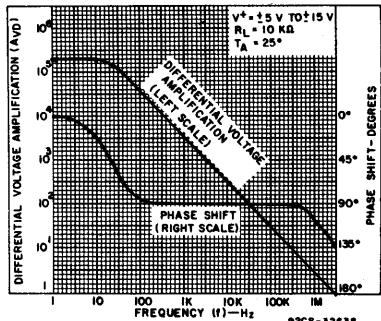


Fig. 11 - Differential voltage amplification as a function of frequency.

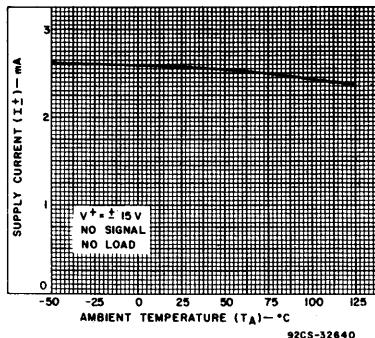


Fig. 13 - Supply current as a function of ambient temperature.

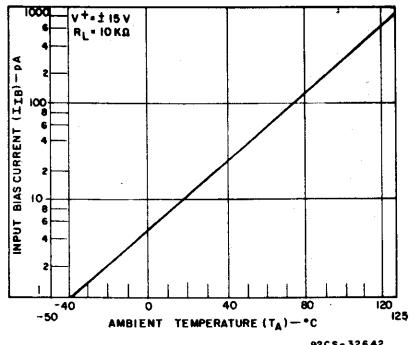


Fig. 15 - Input bias current as a function of ambient temperature.

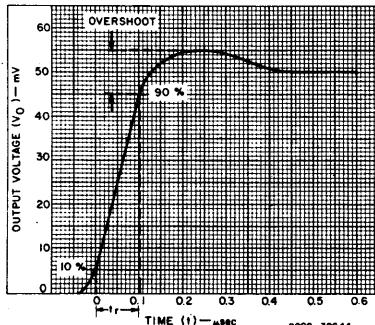


Fig. 17 - Output voltage as a function of elapsed time.

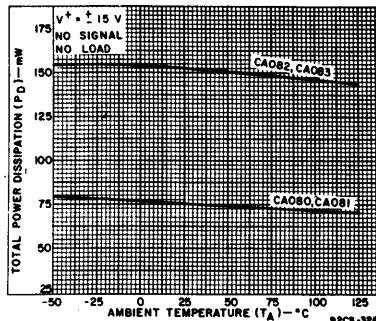


Fig. 12 - Total power dissipation as a function of ambient temperature.

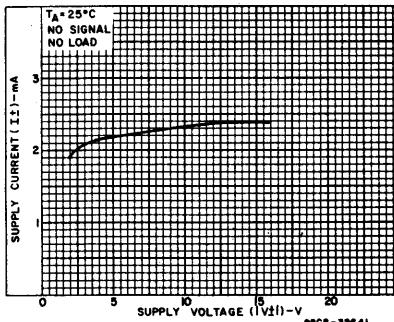


Fig. 14 - Supply current as a function of supply voltage.

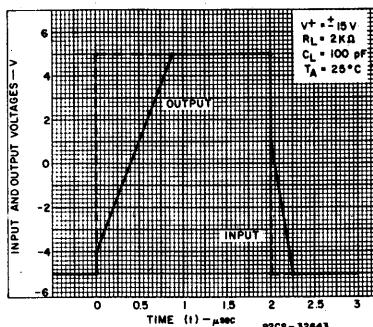


Fig. 16 - Voltage follower large-signal pulse response.

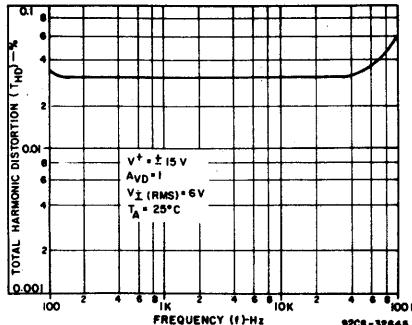


Fig. 18 - Total harmonic distortion as a function of frequency.

CA080, CA081, CA082, CA083, CA084 Series

