

Operational Amplifiers

LH0005/LH0005A* operational amplifier general description

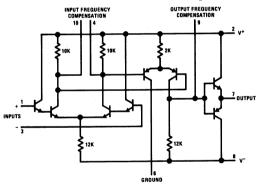
The LH0005/LH0005A is a hybrid integrated circuit operational amplifier employing thick film resistors and discrete silicon semiconductors in its design. The select matching of the input pairs of transistors results in low input bias currents and a very low input offset current, both of which exhibit excellent temperature tracking. In addition, the device features:

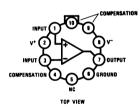
- Very high output current capability: ±50 mA into a 100 ohm load
- Low standby power dissipation: typically 60 mW at ±12V
- High input resistance: typically 2M at 25°C

- Full operating range: -55°C to +125°C
- Good high frequency response: unity gain at 30 MHz

With no external roll-off network, the amplifier is stable with a feedback ratio of 10 or greater. By adding a 200 pF capacitor between pins 9 and 10, and a 200 ohm resistor in series with a 75 pF capacitor from pin 4 to ground, the amplifier is stable to unity gain. The unity gain loop phase margin with the above compensation is typically 70 degrees. With a gain of 10 and no compensation the loop phase margin is typically 50 degrees.

schematic and connection diagrams

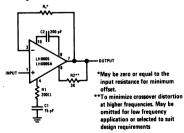




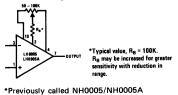
Order Number LH0005H or LH0005AH See Package 14

typical applications

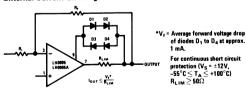
Voltage Follower



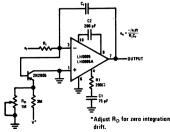
Offset Balancing Circuit



External Current Limiting



Integrator with Bias Current Compensation



absolute maximum ratings

Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds)

Supply Voltage ±20V
Power Dissipation (see Curve) 400 mW
Differential Input Voltage ±15V
Input Voltage Equal to supply voltages
Peak Load Current ±100 mA
Storage Temperature Range -65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range -55°C to +125°C

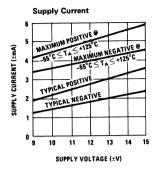
electrical characteristics (Note 1)

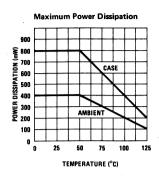
		LH0005			LH0005A			
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Offset Voltage 25°C -55°C, 125°C	$R_{\rm S} \le 20 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_{\rm S} \le 20 \text{ k}\Omega$		5	10 10		1	3 4	mV mV
Input Offset Current 25°C to 125°C –55°C			10 25	20 75		2 10	5 25	nA nA
Input Bias Current 25°C to 125°C –55°C			15 100	50 250		8 60	25 125	nA nA
Large Signal Voltage Gain -55°C to 25°C 125°C	R _L = 10K, R2 = 3K, V _{OUT} = ±5V	2 1.5	4		4	5.5 5		V/mV V/mV
Output Voltage Swing -55°C to 125°C 25°C to 125°C -55°C	$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L = 100\Omega$ $R_L = 100\Omega$	-10 -5 -4		+6 +5 +4	-10 -5 -4		+6 +5 +4	V V V
Input Resistance 25°C		1	2		1	2		мΩ
Common Mode Rejection Ratio 25°C	V_{IN} = ±4V, RS \leq 20 k Ω	55	60		60	66		dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio 25°C		55	60		60	66		dB
Supply Current (+) -55°C to 125°C	·		3	5		3	5	mA
Supply Current (–) –55°C to 125°C			2	4		2	4	mA
Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage -55°C to 125°C	$R_S \leq 20 \text{ k}\Omega$		20			10		uV/°C
Output Resistance 25°C			70	,		70		Ω

300°C

Note 1: These specifications apply for pin 6 grounded, $V_S=\pm 12V$, with Resistor $R_1=200\Omega$ in series with Capacitor $C_1=75$ pF from pin 4 to ground, and $C_2=200$ pF between pins 9 and 10 unless otherwise specified.

guaranteed performance characteristics

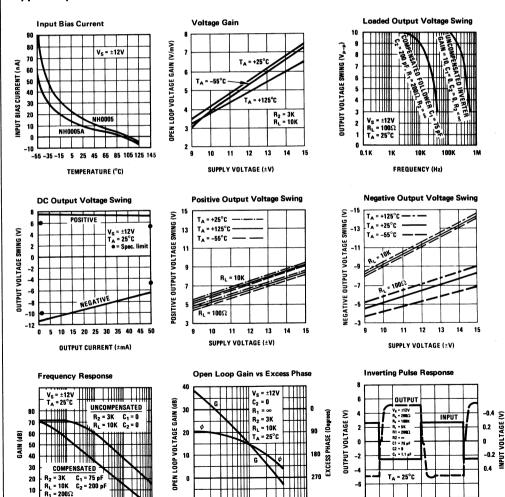




1 2 3 4 5

TIME (µsec)

typical performance characteristics



10

FREQUENCY (MHz)

100

-10

10M

1M

1K 10K

100K

FREQUENCY (Hz)



Operational Amplifiers

LH0005C* operational amplifier

general description

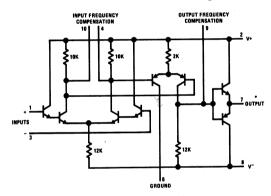
The LH0005C is a hybrid integrated circuit operational amplifier employing thick film resistors and discrete silicon semiconductors in its design. The select matching of the input pairs of transistors results in low input bias currents and a very low input offset current both of which exhibit excellent temperature tracking. In addition, the device features:

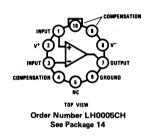
- Very high output current capability: ±40 mA into a 100 ohm load
- Low standby power dissipation: typically 60 mW at ±12V
- High input resistance: typically 2M at 25°C

- Operating range: 0° to 70°C
- Good high frequency response: unity gain at 30 MHz

With no external roll-off network, the amplifier is stable with a feedback ratio of 10 or greater. By adding a 200 pF capacitor between pins 9 and 10, and a 200 ohm resistor in series with a 75 pF capacitor from pin 4 to ground, the amplifier is stable to unity gain. The unity gain loop phase margin with the above compensation is typically 70 degrees. With a gain of 10 and no compensation the loop phase margin is typically 50 degrees.

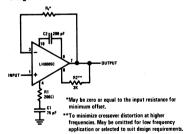
schematic and connection diagrams



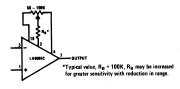


typical applications

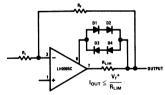
Voltage Follower



Offset Balancing Circuit

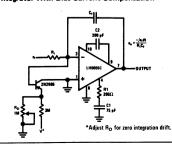


External Current Limiting



For continuous short circuit protection ($V_S = \pm 12V$, $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$, $R_{LIM} \ge 50\Omega$)
* $V_A = average forward voltage drop of diodes D1 to D4 at approximately 1 mA.$

Integrator With Bias Current Compensation



*Previously called NH0005C

absolute maximum ratings

Supply Voltage Power Dissipation (see Curve) Differential Input Voltage Input Voltage

Peak Load Current Storage Temperature Range Operating Temperature Range

±20V 400 mW ±15V Equal to supply voltages ±100 mA -55°C to +125°C 0°C to 85°C

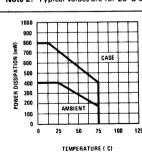
300°C Lead Temperature (soldering, 10 sec)

electrical characteristics

	:				
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
			(Note 2)		
Input Offset Voltage	$R_S \leq 20 \ k\Omega$		3	10	- mV
Input Offset Current			5	25	nA
Input Bias Current			20	100	nA
Large Signal Voltage Gain	R _L = 10K, R2 = 3K, V _{OUT} = ±5V	2	5		V/mV
Output Voltage Swing	$R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_{L} = 100\Omega$	-10 -4	±6	+6 +4	v v
Input Resistance	T _A = 25°C	0.5	2		ΩМ
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{IN} = \pm 4V, R_S \le 20 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	50	60		dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	T _A = 25°C	50	60		dB
Supply Current (+)			3	5	mA
Supply Current (-)			2	4	mA

Note 1: These specifications apply for pin 6 grounded, $V_S = \pm 12V$, with Resistor R1 = 200Ω in series with Capacitor C1 = 75 pF from pin 4 to ground, and C2 = 200 pF between pins 9 and 10, over the temperature range of 0°C to +85°C unless otherwise specified.

Note 2: Typical values are for 25°C only.



Maximum Power Dissipation