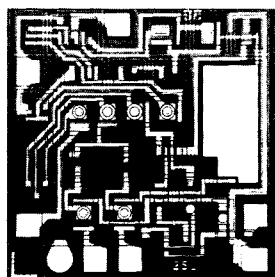


FEATURES

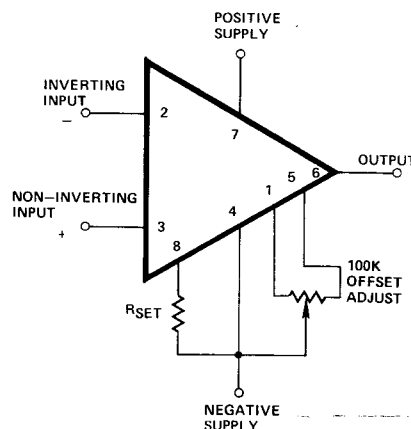
The SG1250 series of operational amplifiers have been designed to offer exceptional performance under conditions of extremely low internal power consumption. Since the quiescent current is determined by a single external resistor, operation over a wide range of currents and voltages is possible.

- Adjustable power consumption to less than 20 microwatts
- Supply voltages from ± 1 to ± 18 volts
- Less than 15 nA bias currents
- Complete short-circuit protection
- Internally compensated

Input bias current requirements are both very low and essentially constant over temperature thru the use of specialized PNP input transistors. Additional advantages of this design include the use of internal frequency compensation, offset nulling, and pin configuration of the SG741 class of amplifiers.



CONNECTION DIAGRAM



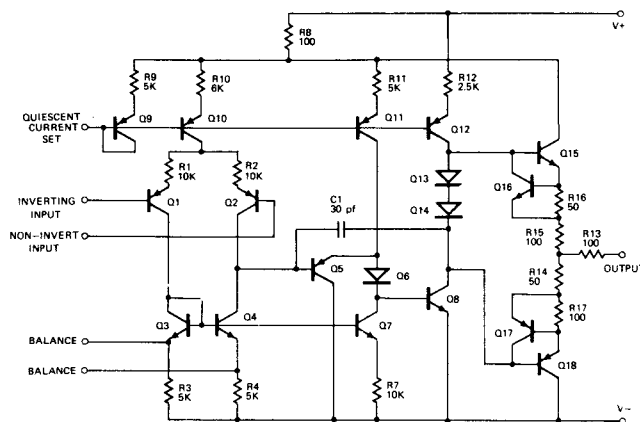
NOTE: RSET is required to establish the internal operating currents. Its value may be determined from the table given on Page 2.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage	± 18 Volts
Differential Input Voltage	
(Note 1)	± 15 Volts
Common-mode Range (Note 1)	± 15 Volts
Output Short Circuit	
Duration (Note 2)	Indefinite
Power Dissipation (Pkg. Limitation)	
T-Package	680 mW
Derate above 25°C	5.4 mW/°C
M-Package	400 mW
Derate above 25°C	4.0 mW/°C
Operating Temperature Range	
T-Package	-55°C to +125°C
M-Package	0°C to +70°C
Storage Temperature Range	
T-Package	-65°C to +150°C
M-Package	-55°C to +125°C

NOTE 1: Not to exceed either supply voltage.
 NOTE 2: Short circuit may be to ground or either supply.

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

NOTE: R_{SET} is 1.1 M Ω for $V_S = \pm 3$ V and 7.5 M Ω for $V_S = \pm 15$ V. Unless otherwise specified, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$.
 Operating Temperature Range is -55°C to $+125^\circ\text{C}$ for the SG1250 and 0°C to $+70^\circ\text{C}$ for the SG2250 and SG3250.

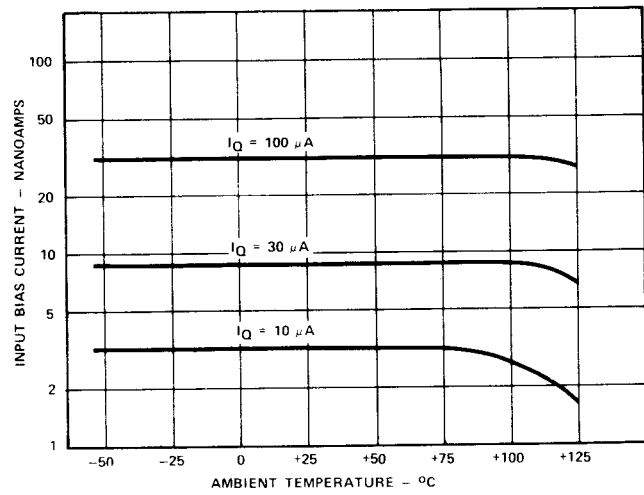
Parameter	Conditions	SG1250/2250		SG3250		Units		
		Min	Typ	Max	Min		Typ	Max
Input Offset Voltage	± 3 V < V_S < ± 15 V, $R_S \leq 10$ K Ω . Same, over temperature range	-	1	3	-	1	6	mV
		-	1	4	-	1	7.5	mV
Input Bias Current	± 3 V < V_S < ± 15 V Same, over temperature range	-	8	15	-	10	30	nA
		-	10	15	-	15	50	nA
Input Offset Current	± 3 V < V_S < ± 15 V Same, over temperature range	-	0	5	-	0	10	nA
		-	0	8	-	0	15	nA
Input Resistance	± 3 V < V_S < ± 15 V	3	10	-	3	10	-	M Ω
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$V_S = \pm 3$ V, $R_L = 10$ K Ω Same, over temperature range	40	80	-	40	80	-	V/mV
		25	-	-	25	-	-	V/mV
	$V_S = \pm 15$ V, $R_L = 10$ K Ω Same, over temperature range	100	200	-	75	200	-	V/mV
		50	-	-	50	-	-	V/mV
Output Voltage Swing	$V_S = \pm 3$ V, $R_L = 10$ K Ω Same, over temperature range	± 1.5	± 2	-	± 1.5	± 2	-	Volts
		± 1.0	± 2	-	± 1.0	± 2	-	Volts
	$V_S = \pm 15$ V, $R_L = 10$ K Ω Same, over temperature range	± 11	± 13	-	± 11	± 13	-	Volts
		± 10	± 13	-	± 10	± 13	-	Volts
Output Short Circuit Current	± 3 V < V_S < ± 15 V	-	± 10	-	-	± 10	-	mA
Common-mode Rejection Ratio	± 3 V < V_S < ± 15 V, $R_S \leq 10$ K Ω	70	80	-	70	80	-	dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_S = \pm 3$ V, $R_S \leq 10$ K Ω $V_S = \pm 15$ V, $R_S \leq 10$ K Ω	-	50	200	-	50	200	$\mu\text{V}/\text{V}$
		-	30	150	-	30	150	$\mu\text{V}/\text{V}$
Power Consumption	$V_S = \pm 3$ V, $R_L = 0$ $V_S = \pm 15$ V, $R_L = 0$	-	180	240	-	180	240	μW
		-	0.9	1.2	-	0.9	1.2	mW
Offset Voltage Adjustment Range	± 3 V < V_S < ± 15 V	-	± 12	-	-	± 12	-	mV
Ave. T.C. of Offset Voltage	$V_S = \pm 15$ V, $R_S \leq 10$ K Ω Over Temperature Range	-	4	-	-	6	-	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Ave. T.C. of Offset Current	$V_S = \pm 15$ V, $R_S \leq 10$ K Ω Over Temperature Range	-	2	-	-	1	-	PA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Equiv. Input Noise Voltage	$V_S = \pm 15$ V, $f = 10$ Hz, $R_S = 0$	-	35	-	-	35	-	nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Equiv. Input Noise Current	$V_S = \pm 15$ V, $f = 10$ Hz, $R_S = 0$	-	0.5	-	-	0.5	-	pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Rise Time	$V_S = \pm 15$ V, $R_L = 10$ K, $C_L = 100$ pF	-	2	-	-	2	-	μSec
Over Shoot	$V_S = \pm 15$ V, $R_L = 10$ K, $C_L = 100$ pF	-	10	-	-	10	-	%
Slew Rate	$V_S = \pm 15$ V, $R_L = 10$ K, $C_L = 100$ pF	-	0.2	-	-	0.2	-	V/ μSec

QUIESCENT CURRENT SETTING RESISTOR (Pin 8 to Pin 4)

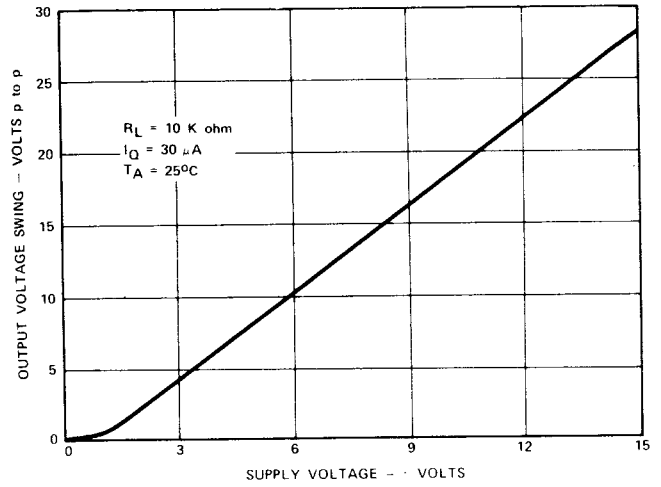
V_S \ I_Q	10 μA	30 μA	100 μA	300 μA
± 1.5 V	1.5 M Ω	470 K Ω	150 K Ω	---
± 3 V	3.3 M Ω	1.1 M Ω	330 K Ω	100 K Ω
± 6 V	7.5 M Ω	2.7 M Ω	750 K Ω	220 K Ω

V_S \ I_Q	10 μA	30 μA	100 μA	300 μA
± 9 V	13 M Ω	4.0 M Ω	1.3 M Ω	350 K Ω
± 12 V	18 M Ω	5.6 M Ω	1.5 M Ω	510 K Ω
± 15 V	22 M Ω	7.5 M Ω	2.2 M Ω	620 K Ω

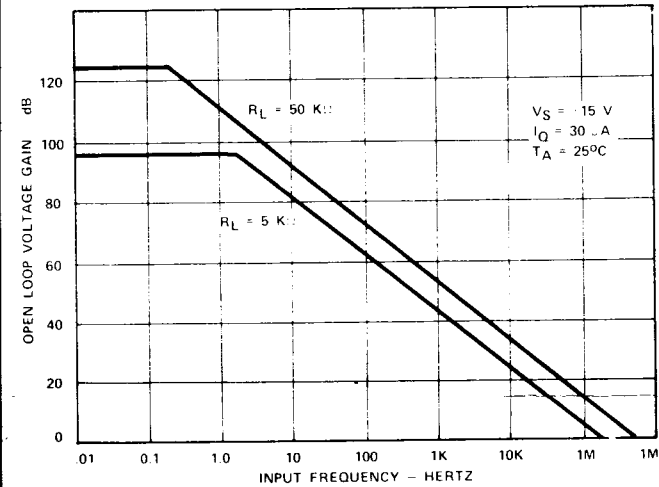
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



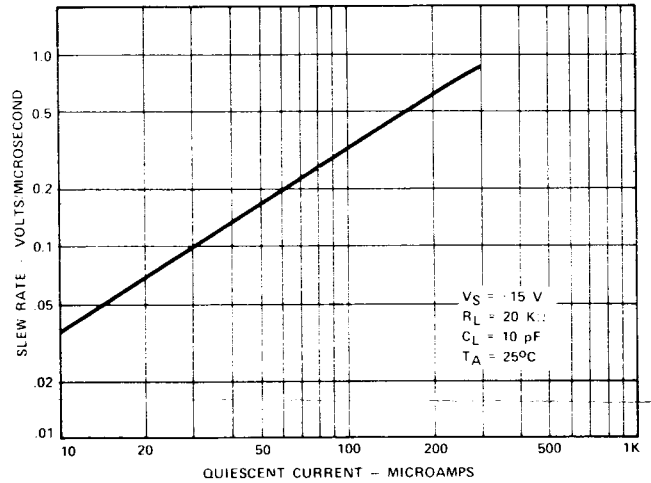
INPUT BIAS CURRENT VS TEMPERATURE



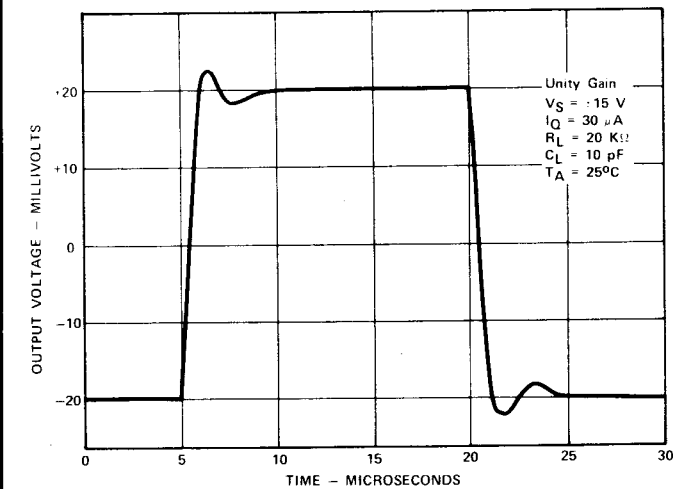
OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING VS SUPPLY VOLTAGE



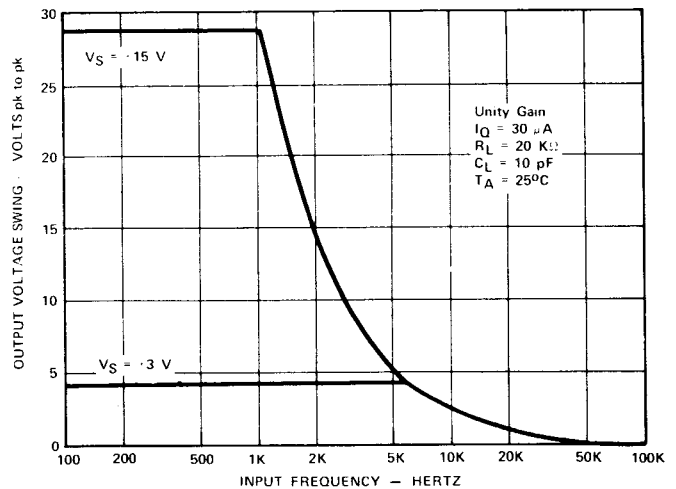
OPEN LOOP FREQUENCY RESPONSE



SLEW RATE VS QUIESCENT CURRENT

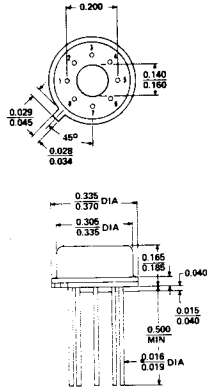


SMALL SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE

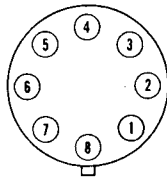


OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING VS FREQUENCY

**T-PACKAGE
TO-99**

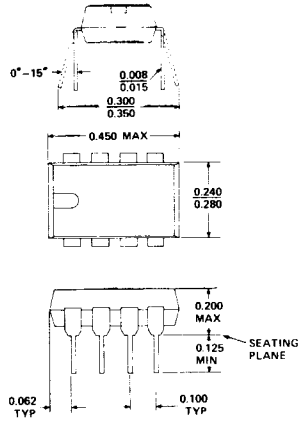


TOP VIEW

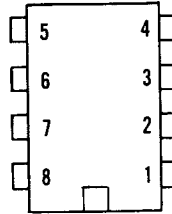


**T-PACKAGE
TO-99**

**M-PACKAGE
8-PIN MINIDIP**



TOP VIEW



**M-PACKAGE
8-PIN MINIDIP**