

LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

PRELIMINARY DATA

FM-IF RADIO SYSTEM

- HIGH LIMITING SENSITIVITY
- HIGH AMR
- HIGH RECOVERED AUDIO
- GOOD CAPTURE RATIO
- LOW DISTORTION
- MUTING CAPABILITY

The TDA 1200 is a silicon monolithic integrated circuit in a 16-lead dual in-line plastic package. It provides a complete subsystem for amplification of FM signals.

The functions incorporated are:

- FM amplification and detection
- interchannel controlled muting
- AFC and delayed AGC for FM tuner
- switching of stereo decoder
- driving of a field strength meter

The TDA 1200 can be used for FM-IF amplifier application in HI-FI, car-radios and communication receivers.

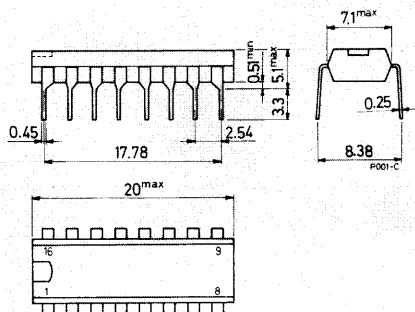
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V_s	Supply voltage	16 V
I_o	Output current (from pin 15)	2 mA
P_{tot}	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 70^\circ\text{C}$	500 mW
T_{stg}	Storage temperature	-55 to 150 $^\circ\text{C}$
T_{op}	Operating temperature	-25 to 70 $^\circ\text{C}$

ORDERING NUMBER: TDA 1200

MECHANICAL DATA

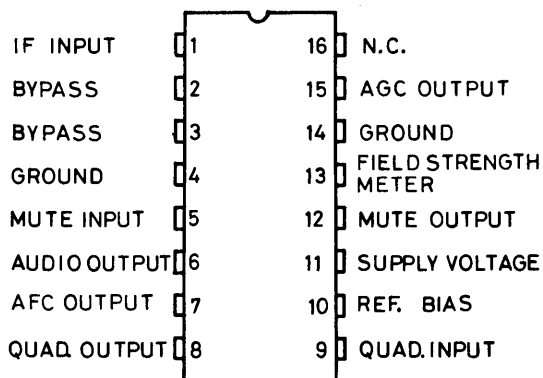
Dimensions in mm



TDA 1200

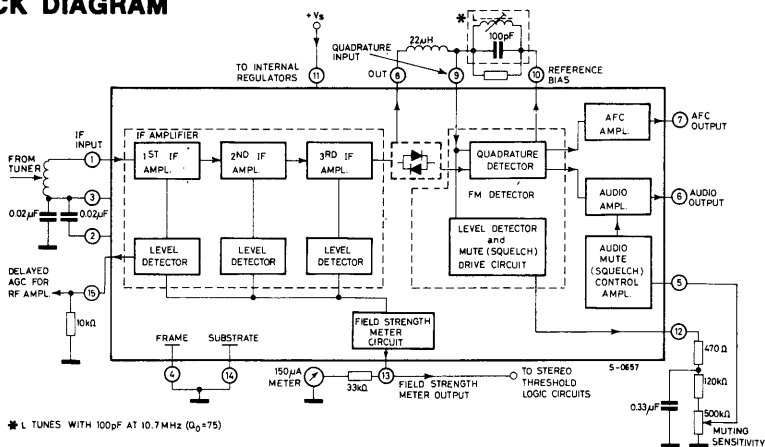
CONNECTION DIAGRAM

(top view)



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BLOCK DIAGRAM

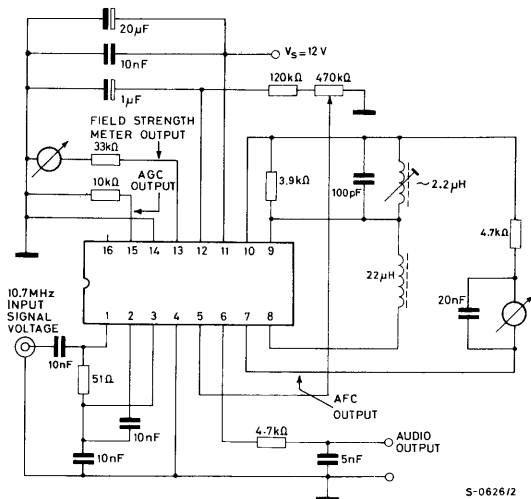


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SUBSTRATE

TDA 1200

TEST CIRCUIT



THERMAL DATA

$R_{th \text{ j-amb}}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	Typ.	160 °C/W
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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Refer to the test circuit; $V_s = 12 \text{ V}$, $T_{amb} = 25^\circ \text{C}$)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
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STATIC (DC) CHARACTERISTICS

I_s	Supply current		23		mA
V_1	Voltage at the IF amplifier input		1.9		V
V_2, V_3	Voltage at the input bypassing		1.9		V
V_6	Voltage at the audio output		5.6		V
V_{10}	Reference bias voltage		5.6		V

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

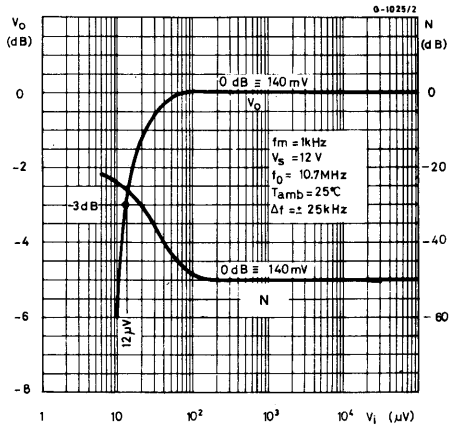
Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
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DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

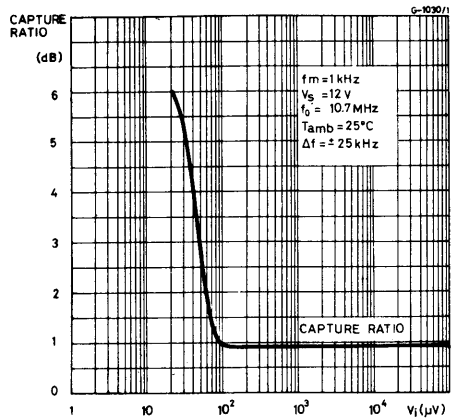
$V_{i(\text{threshold})}$	Input limiting voltage (-3 dB) at pin 1	$f_0 = 10.7 \text{ MHz}$ $f_m = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $\Delta f = \pm 25 \text{ kHz}$	12		μV
V_o	Recovered audio voltage (pin 6)	$V_i \geq 50 \mu\text{V}$ $f_0 = 10.7 \text{ MHz}$ $f_m = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $\Delta f = \pm 25 \text{ kHz}$	140		mV
d	Distortion	$V_i \geq 1 \text{ mV}$ $f_0 = 10.7 \text{ MHz}$ $f_m = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $\Delta f = \pm 75 \text{ kHz}$	0.5		%
$\frac{S+N}{N}$	Signal and noise to noise ratio		60		dB
AMR	Amplitude modulation rejection	$V_i \geq 1 \text{ mV}$ $f_0 = 10.7 \text{ MHz}$ $f_m = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $\Delta f = \pm 25 \text{ kHz}$ $m = 0.3$	40		dB
V_i	Input voltage for delayed AGC action (pin 1)		10		mV
$\frac{\Delta V_{15}}{\Delta V_i}$	AGC control slope	$V_i \geq 10 \text{ mV}$ $f_0 = 10.7 \text{ MHz}$	40		dB
$\frac{\Delta I_7}{\delta f}$	AFC control slope		1		$\frac{\mu\text{A}}{\text{kHz}}$
$\frac{\Delta V_{13}}{\Delta V_i}$	Field strength meter output slope		42		dB
V_{13}	Field strength meter output sensitivity	$V_i = 1 \text{ mV}$ $f_0 = 10.7 \text{ MHz}$	1.7		V

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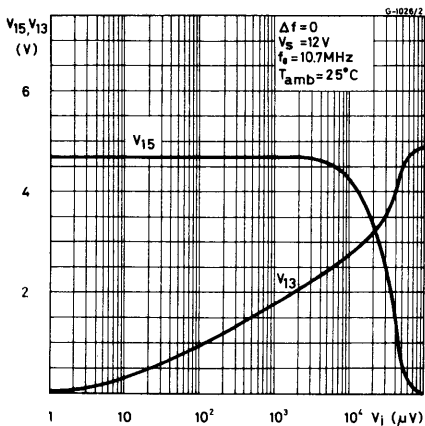
Typical relative recovered audio and noise output versus input voltage



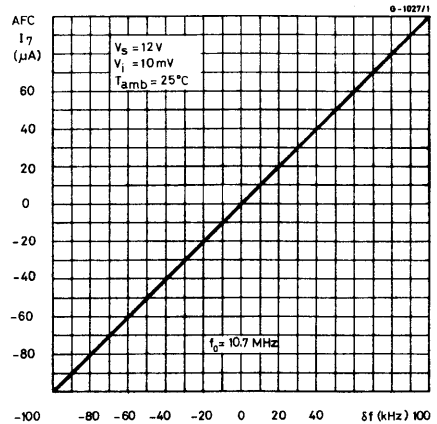
Typical capture ratio versus input voltage



Typical AGC (V_{15}) and field strength meter output (V_{13}) versus input signal

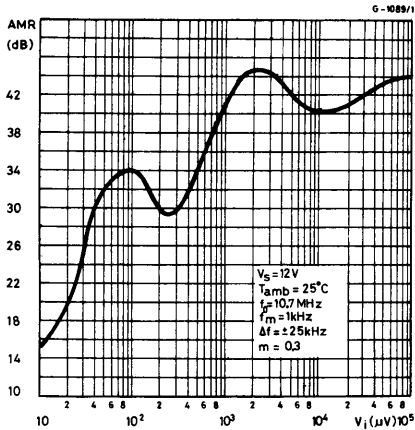


Typical AFC output current versus change-in tuning frequency

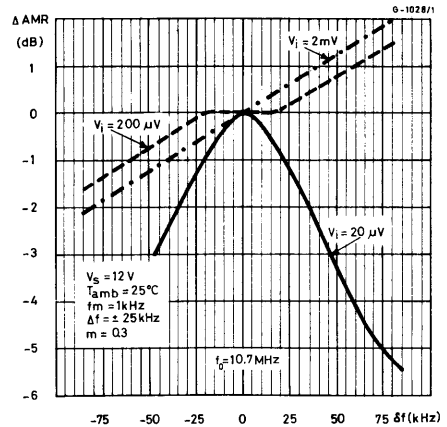


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Typical amplitude modulation rejection versus input signal

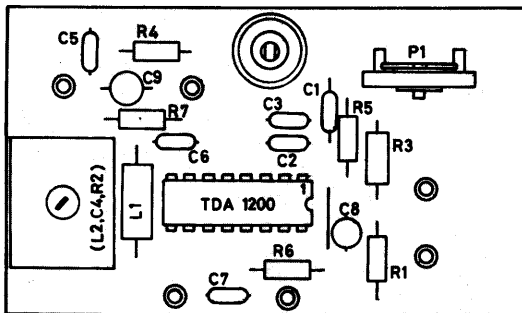


Typical AMR (relative to the value of $f_0 = 10.7 \text{ MHz}$) versus change-in tuning frequency



APPLICATIONS

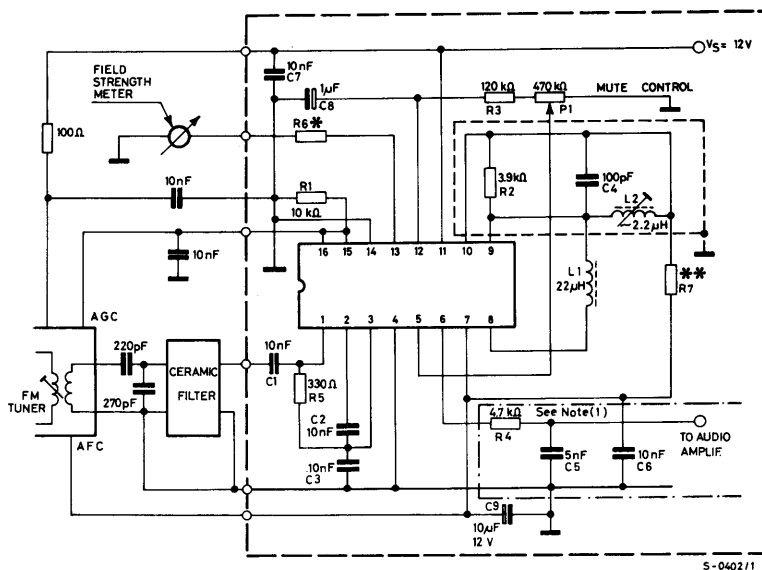
PC board and component layout of the circuit on next page (1:1 scale).



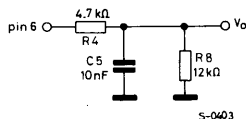
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TDA 1200

Typical application circuit



NOTES: (1) When V_s is less than 12 V, a resistor $R_8 = 12\text{ k}\Omega$ must be connected between audio output and ground, and the integrator capacitor C_5 must be changed to 10 nF, as follows:



- * Dependent on field strength meter sensitivity.
- ** Dependent on the tuner's AFC circuit.

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